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In Memoriam.

DOWAN—In ever-loving memory of Captain Sidney Edward Cowan, R.F.C., M.C. (two bars), aged 19, and Captain Philip Chalmers Cowan, R.F.C., aged 22, of Marlborough College and Trinity College, Dublin, killed in air combats over the German lines, in France, on 16th November, 1916, and 8th November, 1917, youngest and second sons of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Cowan, Castlemount, Castleknock, Dublin. "Per ardua ad astra."

GRIFFIN—In loving memory of Private John Griffin, Sixth Battalion Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, killed in action on the 8th November, 1918, in France, son of James and the late Eleanor Griffin, 5 St. George's Villas, Inchicore, Dublin. Never forgotten.

MAHOOD—In loving memory of our dear son, Bertie, R.I.H., called Home November 8th, 1917.
I left it all with Jesus long ago,
All my sins I brought Him and my woe.
When by faith, I saw Him on the tree,
Heard His still small whisper, "'Tis for thee."
From my heart the burden
Rolled away—happy day.
R. W. and L. Mahood.

BIRTHS.

Da Fasáil—Deineád Postmain a 31, 1922, do Bhonn Dia mac ag Páraic Ua Fasáin 7 ag a mnaoi, Ceann na Rinne, D'Iaé Cliaé, as 89 Sráid Dágorn Íocrap. Micéal Niall Maine a ainm.

FAGAN—October 31, 1922, at 89 Lower Baggot st., to Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Fagan, of Ringsend, Co. Dublin, a son (Micheal Niall Marie)

SHANKS—October 25, 1922, at 41 Kenilworth Park, Dublin, to Mr. and Mrs. Shanks, a son.

MARRIAGES.

ACHESON and DOZEY—October 30, 1922, Captain Ivan St. G. Acheson, youngest son of George R. Acheson, J.P., Rushill, Co. Rascommon, to Lois Hazel Dozey, Mafeking rd., Quetta, India. (By cable.)

KAVANAGH and MacINERNEY—November 1, 1922, at the Church of the Visitation, Fairview, by Rev. J. Nolan, C.C., George M., younger son of the late J. P. Kavanagh and Mrs. Kavanagh, 117 Philipsburgh av., Fairview, to Evelyn, younger daughter of the late T. J. MacInernay and Mrs. MacInernay, 6 Charlemont rd., Clontarf.

PAISLEY and SULLENS—November 2, 1922, at Harold's Cross Parish Church, by the Rev. Canon T. A. Jennings, M.A., Henry William Benjamin, only son of the late Samuel Henry Paisley, of Kinmagar rd., to Constance May, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sullens, Pinchingfield, Essex.

SMITH and AUSTIN—October 9, 1922, at Chapelizod Church, by Rev. Keith Dunlop, M.A., William Robert, eldest surviving son of late Charles G. Smith, Prince of Wales' tce., Ballsbridge, and Mrs. Smith, Ashfield rd., to Kathleen (K.) Austin, youngest daughter of the late William Austin, of Kinmagar.

STONE and JOHNSON—November 1, 1922, at St. Barnabas' Church, by the Rev. D. H. Hall, Charles J., youngest son of Elizabeth and the late Robert Stone, Rock House, Enniscorthy, to Rebecca, widow of the late G. A. Johnson, 2 Lower Buckingham st., Dublin. Australian papers please copy.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

ASHTON—November 7, 1922, at St. Vincent's Hospital, result of an accident, Joseph Patrick, sixth son of the late Thomas and Mary Ashton, 11 Vergemount, Clonskeagh. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral arrangements later.

CAMPION—November 7, 1922, at Woodville, St. Lawrence rd., Clontarf, Henry Stephen Campion, M.B., Captain, R.A.M.C., youngest son of the late John Alfred Campion. Funeral private.

CARSON—November 7, 1922, at the Adelaide Hospital, Dublin, Rev. Hugh Carson, Presbyterian Minister, Kingscourt, Co. Cavan.

CUTHBERT—November 6, 1922, at Craigeach, Pitlochry, Captain Henry Pierce Cuthbert, R.A.M.C. (retired).

JOYCE—November 7, 1922, at his residence, 20 Lower Baggot st., Garrett M. Joyce, F.R.C.S.I. Deeply regretted. Funeral private. No flowers.

MARKEY—November 6, 1922, at her parents' residence, Bodenstown, Stamullen, Kathleen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Markey, R.I.P. Funeral from Stamullen Church to-day (Wednesday) at 2 p.m.

McARDLE—November 7, 1922, at 53 Sheriff Circular rd., Dublin, Patrick McArdle, at an advanced age. R.I.P. Funeral (private) to-morrow (Thursday) morning, after 9 o'clock Mass, from Church of the Holy Family, Aughrim st.

Mck.—November 7, 1922, at his parents' residence, after a tedious illness, Charles William, eldest son of Philip and Mrs. McKay, 55 Fairview Strand, Dublin. Funeral private. Canadian papers please copy.

MURPHY—November 3, 1922, Denis Murphy, Auctioneer, Gorey (George W. Warren and Co.), deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. The interment took place on Sunday at Ardamine Cemetery. Requiem Office and High Mass were celebrated at St. Michael's Church, Gorey, on Monday.

O'MALLEY—November 7, 1922, Edward J. O'Malley, J.P., at his residence, 17 Pembroke Park, of heart failure. Funeral private.

O'REILLY—November 6, 1922, at his residence, 419 N.C. rd., Alex. Henry, beloved husband of Annie O'Reilly, and youngest son of the late Philip Sterling O'Reilly, and grandson of the late Edward Sterling O'Reilly, K.C., Mullagh, Cavan. Deeply regretted by his wife and family. "Jesus is coming again." Funeral (private) to St. George's Burial Ground, 12 o'clock, to-morrow (Thursday).

TERNAN—November 5, 1922, at a Private Nursing Home, Dublin, John Francis Ternan, late of Green Hills, Drogheda. R.I.P. Funeral private.

IN MEMORIAM.

ELLIS—Fourth Anniversary—In loving memory of my dear father, William Ellis, died 8th November, 1918; also my dear mother, Ellen Ellis, died 10th December, 1921, at their residence, 10 Graham's Court, off Temple st. "Thy will be done."

A day of remembrance, sad to recall,
The loss of my dear father, my best friend of all.
Unknown to the world he stands by my side
And whispers "Dear child, death cannot divide."
Inserted by their loving daughter, Mary.

SWAYNE—In ever-loving memory of my dear husband, Frank Robert Swayne, who died November 8, 1917.

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PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1922. VOL. LXIV. NO. 20,462.

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DESNA	" 30	Liverpool
ARLANZA	Jan. 5	Southampton
AVON	" 19	Southampton
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KINGSTOWN.
HOTEL CARLISLE.
Magnificently situated over East Pier, commanding beautiful views of Dublin Bay, Howth, Ireland's Eye, and Lambay Island. Most Comfortable. Adjacent to Golf Links. Lounge, in which dances are held; also Billiard and Writing Rooms recently added. One minute from Station. Mail Steamers and Baths. Free Garage. Apply Proprietress. 'Phone 119 Kingstown.

MARINE HOTEL, SUTTON.
15 minutes from Dublin.
Delightfully situated in private grounds, facing South, and commanding extensive views of mountain and marine scenery. Appointed on the most improved lines for comfort and convenience. Tennis, Golf, Croquet, and Bowling Greens. Portmarnock, Sutton, and Dollymount Links adjacent to Hotel. Terms on application.

BRAY HEAD HOTEL, BRAY, CO. WICKLOW.
Beautifully situated with unrivalled sea and coast views; sunny aspect. Home comforts. Excellent Cuisine.
Golf. Tennis. Boating.
TARIFF ON APPLICATION.

KINGSTOWN.
PIER HOTEL.
Beautifully situated, facing Pier.
Phone—Kingstown, 113

BLACKPOOL IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL.
IN OWN GROUNDS, FACING THE SEA.
300 ROOMS, TURKISH, RUSSIAN, and SALT WATER PLUNGE BATHS. GARAGE. 'Phone 291. Telegrams—"Imperial." Tariff apply Manager.

LLANDUDNO.
MARINE HOTEL.
CENTRE OF PROMENADE.
Under Entirely New Management.
EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE.
FULLY LICENSED.
EN PENSION, 4½ guineas per week.
Tariff on application to MANAGER.

LLANDUDNO—"ORMSCLIFFE." Prom. First-class, comfortable Hotel. Sea front. Accom. 250. Dance and entertainment each evg. Mod.

LLANDUDNO—CRAIGSIDE HYDRO. An ideal Resort. 2 dining rooms, 5 lounges, 100 bedrooms, electric lift to all floors, ballroom, 2 covered tennis courts, garage for 40 cars. Motor 'bus meets train.
R. E. MUNRO, Manager.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

AT Rae's, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin's most comfortable and best circumstanced house. 'Phone 4600.

AT Dublin—Fower's Hotel, Kildare st., fully licensed; central; moderate. Telephone, 408. 31 T

A COMFORTABLE Private Home, Kingstown, has vacancy for two gentlemen, greatly reduced terms; bed, breakfast, late dinner, £2 2/- weekly.—Z 900, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 6 D

GREYSTONES—Open for Winter, Sea-patrick Private Hotel, on six acres; near rail, golf. 'Phone 43. 20 T

GENTLEMEN can have comfortable Apartments, with full or partial board.—Iona Hotel, Upper Gardiner street. Moderate. 5 D

MAYFAIR Hotel, 30 Lower Baggot street. Is centrally comfortable. Moderate. 'Phone 3677.

SELSKAR Private Hotel, 34 North Frederick street (Rutland square).—First class cooking and attendance. 2 D

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SITUATIONS VACANT.
ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements. (21/4/23.)
IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 5036, 5037.
BRANCH OFFICES—
BELFAST—108 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787
CORK—13 Marlborough street. 'Phone 455
LONDON—69 Fleet street, E.C. 4. Central 4355
MANCHESTER—22 Victoria street. City 5084
GLASGOW—54 Gordon street. Central 64.

"VI-SPRING" MATTRESS.
THE MOST COMFORTABLE MATTRESS MADE.
PIM BROTHERS, LTD., EXCHEQUER STREET.

BEVERLY SMYTH & SONS.
REMOVALS & STORAGE.
MOTOR VANS.
MOTOR LORRIES.
30 SOUTH ANNE ST., DUBLIN.
Telephone—Dublin, 2077. Telegrams—Beverly, Dublin.

CUIRASS
ANTI-CORROSIVE PAINT
FOR CORRUGATED ROOFS.
PLATE, SHEET, and ORNAMENTAL GLASS.
HOYTE & SON, LTD.,
Glass and Paint Merchants,
11 MARLBOROUGH STREET.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to the REGISTRAR, St. Patrick Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND, Purse containing small sum of money; owner can have same on giving description.—C 1358, this office.

FOUND, Grey Kitten, Darley road. Apply 3 Sanitary Gardens, Darley road.

LOST, on October 30th, Branch of three Keys, with leather label, "O'Connor Mount Hrnld," etc. Please bring to 74 Northumberland road, Dublin. 4 D

LOST, on Tuesday, Silver Cross with coin keys. Any information thankfully received at P. O'Connor and Son, Queen street, or Richview Farm, Clonskeagh. 6 C

LOST, wife hand Gold Bracelet. Anyone having it at Allen's, 50 William street, will receive £2.

PURSE, containing four or five keys, lost in or near Grafton st. or from Westmoreland st. to James's st., 5/- reward.—C 1377, this office.

STRAYED from Lands at Glasnevin, 4 Bullocks, 14 years, two entrance cut on right bit. Information thankfully received at 57 Hugh Lassery, 41 North Circular road, Dublin. 5 D

STOLEN, or Strayed from Drumcondra, on Friday, 20th October, two Black Polly Bullocks, scissors cut on right plate; information thankfully received, 143 Drumcondra road. If found in anyone's possession after this notice will be prosecuted. 6 E

SITUATIONS VACANT.

RATHMINES URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
PUBLIC LIBRARIES COMMITTEE.
APPOINTMENT OF AN ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN.
Applications are invited for the position of Assistant Librarian (Lady).
Applicants must possess special qualifications for taking charge, under the supervision of the Librarian, of a Juvenile Department of library, mainly for children under 14 years of age, embracing Reading Room, Lending and Reference Libraries, with occasional Story Hours and Lectures, and be prepared to assist in the technical work of the Library.
Salary, £120 per annum.
Applications, endorsed "Assistant Librarian," stating age and qualifications in full, and enclos

MORRIS Car Agents

The Sole Agency for the 11.9 Morris-Cowley Car at £225, complete, is held by Messrs. G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., of HATCH ST., DUBLIN. Ask a Morris car owner about the Service AFTER purchase.

6A GET THE 1923 MORRIS CAR PROGRAMME.

MOTOR MATTERS; BICYCLES, ETC.

MOTOR CARS.

CALCOTT 2/3 SEATERS, 10.5 h.p. dynamo lighting and starting, all-weather body and dickey £325

WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

AT Woods', Westland Row, Demonstration B.S.A. Car, clearing at £300. T

CHOOSE A CHEVROLET AT £235. ex Holyhead. and you will choose the best value for money in the motor world. Ask anyone who owns a "Chev." what he thinks about it. Distributors for South of Ireland, LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY, LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

BARGAINS. SOME DEMONSTRATION AND SHOP-SOILED LIGHT CARS FOR SALE. KEATING & LUNDY, 206 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET. X

SINGER CARS. REDUCED PRICES.

	Gns.
10/30 H.P. STANDARD MODEL 2 SEATER, Dynamo Lighting and Double Dickey ...	230
10/20 H.P. STANDARD MODEL 4 SEATER, Dynamo Lighting	230
10/20 H.P. STANDARD MODEL 2 SEATER, Dynamo Lighting and Starter	245
10/20 H.P. STANDARD MODEL 4 SEATER, Dynamo Lighting and Starter	245
10/20 H.P. DE LUXE 2 SEATER, All-Weather, K.L. and S.	280
10/20 H.P. DE LUXE 4 SEATER, All-Weather, K.L. and S.	280
15 H.P. DE LUXE 5 SEATER, 6 Cylinder, All-Weather	520

All Cars Delivered Free to Holyhead or Liverpool. "Out of Income terms arranged."

Sole Agents:— CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. T

8 H.P. ROVER CAR. PRICE ..... £180 (Ex Works.)

THE ROVER CO. LTD., LORD EDWARD ST.

OVERLAND CARS.

STANDARD 5-SEATER.....	£258 0 0
MODEL DE LUXE 5-SEATER....	£365 0 0
MODEL DE LUXE 2/3-SEATER..	£350 0 0
STANDARD VAN	£240 0 0

R. CALLOW AND SONS, 44 WESTLAND ROW, DUBLIN. 1 X

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE. Comprehensive Policy, including BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING, and THEFT. Ask for quotations from FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD., 50 Anglesea street, LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. X

AJAX "PARAGON" TYRES. Just for Fords, 30 x 3½, £2 15/-. W. SALE DEPOT, 7 Eden quay, Dublin. X

AUCTION of Motors every Friday, 2.15 p.m., at the Nassau Motor Co. Showrooms, 25 Nassau st. Cars always on view. T

FORD Touring Car, 1919, owner driven, completely overhauled, electric front, brass side lights; fits 4 complete electric Michelins now on rear, Dunlops front, new hood; lying out 12 months; price £95.—Walsh, Grattan quay, Waterford. 6 C

FOR Sale, Ford 5 Seater Touring Car, electric light and starter, 5 new Dunlop cord tyres and spare wheel, set of shock absorbers, aluminium running boards, guaranteed mechanically perfect; any trial given; a bargain, £120 or nearest offer. Seen at Carolan's, Motor Agents, Dunshaughlin. 4 D

FOR Sale, 6 Cylinder Rewick, 1918; spare tools, complete, new condition; little used.—O'Driscoll, Solicitor, Bandon. 5 D

FOR Sale, cheap, Marlborough 2 Seater Sedan, overhauled and painted, electric light, Sankey wheels. Seen at Crawford's, 29/30 Dawson street, Dublin. 5 F

FORD Touring sacrifice; must be Sold—Alley Furnishing Co., Mary street.

MOTOR Cars, Secondhand, for Sale, Rover, Wolseley, Maxwell. Rear 24 Fitzwilliam place. 3 C

ROYAL Blue Scripps Booth 3 seater, 1916, for Sale; splendid condition; owner buying new car; £150; seen by appointment, Dublin.—O 1587, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

LEADING Mechanic Wanted; must be experienced in heavy and light cars, including steam.—O 1091, this office. 5 E

MAN Wanted to Drive English made car, knowledge Ma Ford, and do repairs, etc., for Midland town. Reply, stating lowest wage, copies reference, to Mechanic, C 1371, this office. 7 D

DOMESTICS (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1).

EXPERIENCED Cook General Wanted; house perfourmaid kept; two in family; small dairy; £50, £55; good references.—Hon. Mrs. Radcliff, Wilmount, Kells, Meath. 3 C

EXPERIENCED Cook General R.C. required, for middle November; good cooking well recommended; state age, wages; send copies.—O 1342, this office.

WANTED, really Good Cook; kitchenmaid kept; small dairy; quiet country place, Midlands; £50. Address "Z 1128, Cook," this office. 4 D

WANTED, Cook General or cook, age 25 to 35; another maid kept.—Mrs. Elias, 26 Hendon lane, Finchley, London, N. 5 D

WANTED, Cook General and House Parlourmaid; country. Copies of discharges, Mrs. Seymour, Belmont, King's Co. 6 C

WANTED immediately, for Howth, first class young Cook; only one who has lived in gentlemen's families and well recommended need apply; good wages and conditions; no dairy; help given. Address "Z 1185, Cook," this office. 6 E

WANTED at once, Cook General, for quiet country place; small dairy, fowl, and washing; one other maid kept. Apply, with references, stating wages to Mrs. J. Harrisonburn, Mullingar. 6 E

WANTED at once, Good Cook; young; suburbs; send copies, age, wage.—O 1056, this office. 6 D

WANTED, Good Cook General, for Fitzwilliam place; must be well recommended; wages £25.—O 1233, this office.

WANTED immediately, Cook General; young; good reference essential; second maid kept; small family. Apply any time on Wednesday and on Thursday, before two, Mrs. Blood, 49 Leeson Park, Dublin.

WANTED, good Plain Cook; reliable, young.—Interview, 11-1, Carrickbrennan, Monkstown. 4 D

GENERALS WANTED.

A T Quinn's Agency, Ranelagh.—A few very good places for young Generals; good pages. 7 D

A GENERAL Maid Wanted for family three, Palmerston Park vicinity; good references essential; £25, £30.—Mrs. G. 25, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

A GOOD young General for two in family; good references. Apply 28 Brighton road, between 4 and 7 o'clock or Thursday.

EXPERIENCED General required; good plain cook, all duties; good wages to suitable maid. Apply 120 Chelmsford New road, Rolton, Lancashire. 6 D

GENERAL Servant, middle-aged woman or widow, Protestant, Wanted, to Housekeep for aged widow of land steward, living in safe lodge, quiet, country place; wages £18 per annum.—O 1084, this office. 5 D

GENERAL Wanted; good home, and good charwoman kept; Jewish family.—Elman, 29 Northfield road, Stamford Hill, London, N. 16. 6 E

Ladies!

Competitions FOR Cash Prizes SEND IN AT ONCE Cookery Recipes AND Home Hints. SEE TO-DAY'S Weekly Irish Times PRICE TWOPENCE. ON SALE TO-DAY.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

OVERLAND CARS. From £258. OVERLAND REPAIRS. OVERLAND SPARE PARTS. Head Agents and Distributors: W. B. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson st., Dublin. T

SAXON 2 Seater, electric lighting, spare wheel; mechanically perfect, £85; Ford Taxi, superior order; £110.—Fitzgerald, 198 Stephen's Green. 7 C

WOLSELEY V. 10, 14, 15 and 20 h.p. Models from £255 upwards, at Grafton Motor Co., 43 Grafton street, Dublin. T

1921 Chevrolet Five Seater, perfect order, electric lighting and starter; £150, or nearest offer. Seen Lincoln Motor Co., Lincoln place 4 D

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A 1"—COME and see the largest stock and the best value in Ireland—Sunbeam, Lewis, New Imperial, P. and M., Harley Davidson, Diamond, Leo Francis, Sparkbrook, etc. Numerous Secondhand Machines at give away prices.—Wayte Bros., Lemon street. T

TRIUMPH MOTOR CYCLES. New Prices: Belt and Chain Model, £90; All Chain Drive Model, £105.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

AT Woods' Westland Row—B.S.A. Single Cylinder, £107, Extra, £135. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage.

COUNTERSHAFT Triumph, splendid condition, 45 guineas.—O 1365, this office.

MOTOR Cycle Bargains—A.J.S., Harley Davidson, Sunbeam, Triumph, Connaught, Zenith, James, Douglas, Enfield, B.S.A., Lewis, and Levere, from £20; trials and particulars.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 5 D

MOTOR Cycles—Will sacrifice, public room Christmas stock.—174 North Strand, Dublin. 6 E

SUNBEAM Combination—£1 reward offered for information leading to the recovery of R.I.80351; Engine No. 146/9448; Frame No. 10574. Information treated with strictest confidence.—O 1341, this office.

VELOCETTES—Only two left, £58 to clear.—Harold Motors, Molesworth place. 2 B

2½ h.p. Douglas, perfect order, £38, or nearest offer.—Conlan's Garage, Lower Fitzwilliam street. 3 C

21 ALLDAYS, speed model, quick start, kick starter, big shield, £40.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk. 6 E

4 TRIUMPH and coachbuilt Sidecar, perfect mechanical order, 50 guineas.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk. 6 E

1923 SUNBEAM 3½ Semi-Sports, unscratched, lavishly equipped, ridden few miles only; cost £140; what offers? Address "Z 1154, Motor Cycle," this office. 4 D

1922 3½ h.p. Purgitor Motor Bike, fast, for Sale, or Exchange for Douglas.—O 1037, this office. 6 C

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

ARCHER—4 and 6 Ton Petrol and Steam Lorries for Hire, day or tonnage; lowest rates.—Thomas Archer, Ltd., of Dublin Saw Mills and Engineering Works, New Wapping st., Dublin. ('Phone 1902.) T

FORD Van for immediate Sale, perfect running order, new tyres and spare wheel; suitable provisioning, etc.; seen by appointment; bargain, £45.—O 1142, this office. 7 F

FOR Hire, 30 Cwt. Lorry, with driver and helper; moderate charges; special terms for contracts. 'Phone, Dublin, 3467. 7 F

TON Truck, in good order; any trial; £70.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 7 F

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

SECONDHAND Maxwell Motor Parts for Sale at half cost price; just dismantled four cars, 1914-1918, and can supply anything required; all parts in good order.—J. Ryan, Motor Agent, Lasseborough, Longford. 1 C

BODIES.

SUNBEAM Body, open 1912, will be Sold cheap.—17 Denzille lane. 3 C

WANTED.

WANTED, Ford Landaulette Body; condition immaterial; particulars.—O 1054, this office. 6 D

BICYCLES.

"A 1" CYCLES at Reduced Prices—Sunbeam, B.S.A., Sparkbrooke, Centaur, Swift, Triumph, Rudge; pairs and general overhauls under personal supervision of the proprietors.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street. Phone, 5010.

GIRL'S 21 inch Bike, £2 17/6; Hand Machine, 19/6; both good order.—O 1372, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

MOTOR Engineer; 22 years' experience, 12 years works foreman, desires post; garage, fleet launches, steam, etc., or repairs as owner's home. Address "Z 1162, Engineer," this office. 4 D

£10 Offered to anyone securing constant employment for ex-soldier as Motor Driver; can do all repairs, heavy or light cars; very good character; can be well recommended.—O 1115, this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

GENERAL Servant Wanted, small family; must be good cook; South suburbs; replies to state age and salary expected.—O 1359, this office.

PROTESTANT General Wanted for Kildare; must be no scrubbing or washing; nurse housemaid kept. O 1270, this office.

SUPERIOR General, for Nass; must be fond of children; good wages.—General, "Observer," Nass. 4 D

WANTED, strong General Servant; must be smart. Apply 33 Dufferin avenue, between 6 and 8 p.m.

WANTED, smart young General; house parlourmaid kept. Apply, after 2 o'clock, 5 Harrington street. 5 C

WANTED immediately for Kingstown, two in family, a good General; wages £16 to £18.—C 1056, this office. 5 D

WANTED, smart, clean General Servant; comfortable home; Dublin suburbs.—O 1145, this office. 6 E

WANTED, strong General for small family; comfortable home. Call 24 Main st., Blackrock.

WANTED, experienced General; good cook, no washing. Apply after 5 p.m., Nicholson, Rosemills, Glasnevin (terminus).

YOUNG General, 18 or 19. Wanted; experience not necessary; small family.—R O 98, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 7 D

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, November 8th; house-maid kept; £30 and laundry. Apply, copies, to Fleming, Barrasboro, Coverdridge, Kilkenny. 3 C

HOUSEMAID Wanted, for light housework and to look after little girl of 7. Apply, between 6 and 7 o'clock, to Vandara, Cowper road, Rathmines. 4 D

HOUSE and Parlourmaid, accustomed to country; four indoor servants kept. Apply, sending copies and stating age, Mrs. Beardmore Hattin, Lynn Lodge, Mullingar. 6 E

SUPERIOR girl required, House Parlourmaid, partly trained maid kept if intelligent, to wait; comfortable, quiet, guest house, city.—O 1358, this office. 7 D

WANTED, experienced Single Housemaid; £30 and uniform; quiet country place, Midlands. Address "Z 1159, Housemaid," this office. 4 D

WANTED experienced young Parlourmaid, some housework; household kept; £30 and laundry; apply by letter, enclosing discharges, Ringwood, 30 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.

WANTED, Under Housemaid; slight experience or to train; Protestant. Address "Z 1190, Maid," this office. 7 D

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXCELLENT Cook seeks re-engagement; long number of years in distinguished city house; first reference; limited or permanent engagement.—C 1375, this office.

GOOD Cook disengaged; dainty cuisine, outdoor; excellent papers; highly recommended.—O 1064, this office.

GOOD Cook disengaged; satisfactory papers; suburbs preferred; highly recommended.—O 1281, this office. 7 D

LADY recommends superior Cook; understands scones, pastries; excellent discharges.—O 1313, this office. 7 D

YOUNG Cook desires situation; good papers; city, suburbs; recommended.—O 1078, this office. 6 E

YOUNG Cook General; good plain cook, small washing; good papers; suburbs; recommended.—C., Dolland, Clonsilla, Co. Dublin.

YOUNG Cook General and House Parlourmaid with situation together; two in family; good wages; suburbs preferred.—740, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; suburbs preferred; good references; small family.—O 1295, this office.

GENERAL, or Housemaid, disengaged; city; good references.—O 1088, this office.

GOOD General disengaged; good cook; well recommended.—104 Hollyfield Buildings, Upper Rathmines.

RESPECTABLE young girl desires situation as General; highly recommended.—C 1275, this office.

SUPERIOR young General disengaged; Rathgar preferred; good references.—2 Eagle Cottages, Terenure.

SUPERIOR young General seeks situation; fond of children; good wages and outings.—R O 30, Irish Times Branch Office, 5 D

TWO superior Generals, good plain cooks, suit table, 57 Lower Leeson street. 7 D

YOUNG General; small family, city; good references. —C 1290, this office.

YOUNG General; small family, city; good references. —C 1291, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; doctor's house, city; experienced; highest references.—C 1287, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; good references; suburbs; small family.—R O 98, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 7 D

YOUNG General; small family; city; good papers.—C 1326, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

HOUSE Parlourmaid or Housemaid; excellent papers; city preferred; highly recommended by last employer.—O 1277, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid disengaged; North England preferred, Chester, or near.—O 1265, this office.

HOUSEMAID or House Parlourmaid disengaged; long papers; city, country.—C 1330, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid wishes situation; satisfactory references; highly recommended.—C 1318, this office.

LADY wishes to recommend a respectable girl as House or Housemaid; no experience; wages £14. Mrs. Douglas, Post Office, Leopardstown, Co. Dublin.

PROTESTANT young House Parlourmaid disengaged; city or suburbs.—C 1329, this office.

SUPERIOR Parlour or House Parlourmaid disengaged. Box 663, Keach's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

YOUNG Housemaid desires situation; two in family; private family; recommended.—O 1284, this office. 7 F

NURSES DISENGAGED.

LADY Nurse disengaged, thoroughly experienced, reliable; needlewoman, first lessons; middle age; highly recommended.—R.C.—C 1039, this office.

LADY Nurse, thoroughly experienced, take baby from month; Protestant; good testimonials.—A 600, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

YOUNG Nurse, take baby from two months; has papers; city, suburbs; highly recommended.—O 1327, this office. 7 D

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 49 FLEET STREET, Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Five and Three Stone Gipsy Rings, Keepers and Cluster Rings, set with Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, and Pearls, etc., of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour. T

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Elastic Hosiery for Ladies and Gents, best quality, at revised prices; special department for ladies.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Hockey Sticks, best quality, at lowest prices; all guaranteed for 1 year.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Footballs, size 5, guaranteed hand sewn, from 10/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Football Boots, Hotspur, Cert. All Black, etc., from 11/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Jawella Footballs 3/-, Hurlings 6d., Balls 1/-.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's.—Indoor Games, Table Tennis, Ring Boards, Halma, Badminton, Quoits, Bowls, Darts, etc.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Indoor Games, Table Tennis, Ring Boards, Halma, Quoits, Bowls, Darts, etc.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Boxing Gloves, best quality, at 15/6 per pair; Headballs, 1/-; Football Jerseys, 5/-; Knicks, 2/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Boxing, Golf, Football, and all Sports equipment.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Waterproof Sheeting, special quality, 5/3, 4/-, 4/9 per yard.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—School Satchels, canvas from 3/6, leather from 5/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

BABY Carriages—Over 50 to select from, all new prices; our own make—many Carriages to half price. Our well known 18½ guinea "Sunbeam" Carriage now 9½ guineas (cash). Cots and Cradles. Holding also reduced to nearly half. If you cannot call and inspect write for our illustrated catalogue.—Arthur Jones & Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. T

CHEAPEST Crockery—Cup, Saucer, Tea Spoon, every piece; Dinner Plates, Jugs, Mugs, Basins, Teapots; marvellous makers, business ex-Army, Navy mess; Mixed Lots, 42/6; Crate, 85/; 10/2 ex factory; free to rail Newport, with part cargo (goods); Marlow 666 Articles, 67/6; makes 80 prints; brings 750 pieces; 1,000, £5—Hall, 27 Mary's lane, Dublin. Also pieces; "How to sell Irish free."—Regent Pottery, Princes street, Star Bank, Euston, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Pair Fashionable Boxes, showcloths.—C 1097, this office. 3 C

FOR Sale, pair Cecil Zeiss Field Glasses in case, cost £15, accept £8, or nearest.—C 1138, this office. 6 C

FILING Cabinets, Mahogany Roman, and many Minor Office Requisites.—Hall, 27 Mary's lane.

FIREPROOF Safe, 24 inches, for Sale.—P. J. Byrne Investment, Parliament street.

GODAY for Cocoanut Matting, child fancy handles, 6d. yard.—39 Oscar road, Kingstown. 5 D

ARTICLES CONTINUED.

GOOD Wooden Crates for Sale; cheap to buyer of quantity.—O 1264, this office.

MANGLING and Washing Machines—Large stock, best makes.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 91-93 Amiens street, Dublin. T

MICROSCOPE, by Swift, for Sale, four objectives, three eye-pieces, accessories condenser, polariscope. Seen Pollock and Co., Grafton street. 7 F

OLD Waterford Bevelled Crystal Mirror, perfect condition.—O 1356, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

QUANTITY clean, modern Novels and Papers for Sale; mornings.—Meanee, Terenure. 7 E

CONTINUED ON PAGE 10.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer—29.60. Wind and Weather—Westerly wind, fresh breeze; fine and clear.

Foreign Arrivals—Captaine Augustin, of Havre (1,739 tons), bound from St. Nazaire to Glasgow, light, put in for bunker coal, and proceeded to Glasgow; Trio, of Rotterdam (573 tons), from Rotterdam, with a general cargo, consigned to order, discharged at Shelter Sheds, North Wall Extension, and proceeded to Belfast with part cargo.

Coastwise Arrivals—Silver Gallion, South Stack, from Holyhead, with goods; Brussels, from Preston, with goods; 66five, from Heysham, with goods; Tiger, from Glasgow, with goods; Lady Carlow, from Cork, with goods; Lady Killiney, from Liverpool, with goods; Carndoff, from Belfast, with wheat; Point of Ayr, from Point of Aire, with coals; Hartford, from Ayr, with coals; Sarah Brough, from Garston, with coals; Amy Summerfield, from Preston, with coals; Glenmullen, from Partington, with coals; Rosstrevor, from Holyhead, light.

Foreign Departures—Wiedan, of Hamburg (534 tons), for Newport, with part cargo (coals).

Coastwise Departures—Slieve Gallion, South Stack, for Holyhead, with goods; Saltees, for Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, with goods; Lady Emerald, for London, with goods; Lady Carlow, for Cork, with goods; Lady Killiney, Lady Meath, for Liverpool, with goods; Olive, for Heysham, with goods; Suffolk Coast, for Liverpool, with Cement; Rosstrevor, for Holyhead, with live stock; Ruby, for Llandulas, light; Dunorwic, Hollyhead, for Garston, light; Alfaa, for Dinmor, light; St. Mungo, Mary Summerfield, for Birkenhead, light; Silverfield, for Ormeshead, light.

LLOYD'S MAIL NEWS.

ALMANZORA, for Southampton, left Madeira 6th.

ANDANIA, for London, left Quebec 5th.

BONNY VALE, left Accra 4th.

BOTARARA for Australia, left Hull 6th.

BRYNFORD, for London, left Montreal 5th.

CITY OF EDINBURGH from London 4th; GUILDFORD CASTLE from London, 5th; WALMER CASTLE from Southampton 6th; all for Natal, arrived Table Bay.

CITY OF DURHAM for Hull, left San Francisco 4th.

COROCADO, from Avonmouth, arrived Kingston, Jamaica, 6th.

CAWDOR CASTLE, for London, left Constantinople 30.

CASSANDRA, from Clyde, left Quebec 4th.

ORIENT, from Bombay for London, left Port Said 6th.

DROGHEDA, from Antwerp, left MYCOLOGI, from London; both arrived Bairs 5th.

DUNDEE, from Durban, and KOLANNA, from Port Natal; both arrived Mersey 7th.

DEFENDER, from Liverpool, arrived Calcutta 4th.

DUNDUDE CASTLE, Port Louis, Mauritius, for London, arrived Table Bay 7th.

GOVERNOR, from Galveston, left Mersey 7th.

GLAMORGANSHIRE, for Clyde, left Cristobal 5th.

HERSALIA, Rangoon for Southampton, called Aden 6.

HIGHLAND FIELD, La Plata for London, arrived Balds 6th.

HIGHLAND WARRIOR, from Buenos Ayres, arrived Mersey 6th.

HIRSCHFEL, from Liverpool, arrived Rio Janairo 5th.

HARLOND, from Liverpool, left for Las Palmas, 6th.

HOLBROOK, from London, arrived Montreal 5th.

HOL BROOK, from London, arrived Montreal 5th.

LOBOS, London for Valparaiso, called Antofagasta 6th.

LA PAZ, from London, arrived Valparaiso 4th.

MERSONIER, from Boston, arrived Clyde 6th.

MANIPUR, for London, left Port Said 6th.

MESABA, from London, arrived New York 6th.

MATATTUA, from United Kingdom, arr. Melbourne 6th.

MOOLTAN, from Liverpool, left for Las Palmas 6th.

NANKIN, from London, arrived Yokohama 4th.

NARVA, for London, left Buenos Ayres 6th.

NOORDAM, New York for Rotterdam, called Plymouth 7th.

NARDANA, for U.K., left Port Pirie 3rd.

KEURALIA, London for Beira, arrived Port Said 7th.

ORSOVA, Brisbane for London, left Naples 6th.

ORMONDE, Brisbane for London, left Adelaide 7th.

ORVIETO, London for Brisbane, arr. Adelaide 7th.

PRUTH, London for Bombay, arrived Marseilles 4th.

PLASSY, London for Yokohama, arrived Port Said 7th.

ROSWORTH, for Clyde, left Montreal 5th.

TRISTESSA, London for Karachi 4th.

UMZUMBI for Middlesbro, left Norfolk 5th.

VYRNWY, for London, left New York 4th.

WALMER CASTLE, Southampton for Port Natal, left Table Bay 7th.

WELLESMERE from Liverpool; SATURNIA from Clyde; HOLBROOK from London; all three arrived Quebec 5th.

KEELANDIA, Buenos Ayres for Amsterdam, called Southampton 6th.

Cunard Line.

ANDANIA, left Quebec 9 a.m. Sunday for London, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

AQUITANIA, from Southampton and Cherbourg for New York, 696 miles west Bishops, noon, Monday.

LACONIA, left Liverpool at 3 p.m. on Tuesday for New York, via Queenstown.

MAURETANIA left New York at 10 a.m. on Tuesday for Southampton, via Cherbourg.

TO-DAY'S SERVICES.

St. Mary's Parish Church.—Morning Prayer today at 11.30 o'clock. Preacher, Rev. J. O. Gage Dougherty, M.A.

Baggotrath Church—Morning Prayer, etc., at 11.30 o'clock. Rev. Canon Mervyn.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin (a Branch of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.), 58 Molesworth street. Services—Sunday, 11.30 a.m., 7 p.m.; Sunday School, 11.30 a.m.; Wednesday (Testimony Meeting), 8 p.m. The Christian Science Reading Room, same address, is open to the public daily from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Second Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin, Rathmines Park, a branch Church of the Mother Church. The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.—Services, at which all are welcome—Sunday, 11.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 11.30 a.m. Wednesday (Testimony Meeting), 8 p.m. Reading Room open daily, 95 Grafton street, free to the public from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays, 2 to 5 p.m.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXCELLENT Cook seeks re-engagement; long number of years in distinguished city house; first reference; limited or permanent engagement.—C 1375, this office.

GOOD Cook disengaged; dainty cuisine, outdoor; excellent papers; highly recommended.—O 1064, this office.

GOOD Cook disengaged; satisfactory papers; suburbs preferred; highly recommended.—O 1281, this office. 7 D

LADY recommends superior Cook; understands scones, pastries; excellent discharges.—O 1313, this office. 7 D

YOUNG Cook desires situation; good papers; city, suburbs; recommended.—O 1078, this office. 6 E

YOUNG Cook General; good plain cook, small washing; good papers; suburbs; recommended.—C., Dolland, Clonsilla, Co. Dublin.

YOUNG Cook General and House Parlourmaid with situation together; two in family; good wages; suburbs preferred.—740, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; suburbs preferred; good references; small family.—O 1295, this office.

GENERAL, or Housemaid, disengaged; city; good references.—O 1088, this office.

GOOD General disengaged; good cook; well recommended.—104 Hollyfield Buildings, Upper Rathmines.

RESPECTABLE young girl desires situation as General; highly recommended.—C 1275, this office.

SUPERIOR young General disengaged; Rathgar preferred; good references.—2 Eagle Cottages, Terenure.

SUPERIOR young General seeks situation; fond of children; good wages and outings.—R O 30, Irish Times Branch Office, 5 D

TWO superior Generals, good plain cooks, suit table, 57 Lower Leeson street. 7 D

YOUNG General; small family, city; good references. —C 1290, this office.

YOUNG General; small family, city; good references. —C 1291, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; doctor's house, city; experienced; highest references.—C 1287, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; good references; suburbs; small family.—R O 98, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 7 D

YOUNG General; small family; city; good papers.—C 1326, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

HOUSE Parlourmaid or Housemaid; excellent papers; city preferred; highly recommended by last employer.—O 1277, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid disengaged; North England preferred, Chester, or near.—O 1265, this office.

HOUSEMAID or House Parlourmaid disengaged; long papers; city, country.—C 1330, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid wishes situation; satisfactory references; highly recommended.—C 1318, this office.

LADY wishes to recommend a respectable girl as House or Housemaid; no experience; wages £14. Mrs. Douglas, Post Office, Leopardstown, Co. Dublin.

PROTESTANT young House Parlourmaid disengaged; city or suburbs.—C 1329, this office.

SUPERIOR Parlour or House Parlourmaid disengaged. Box 663, Keach's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

YOUNG Housemaid desires situation; two in family; private family; recommended.—O 1284, this office. 7 F

NURSES DISENGAGED.

LADY Nurse disengaged, thoroughly experienced, reliable; needlewoman, first lessons; middle age; highly recommended.—R.C.—C 1039, this office.

LADY Nurse, thoroughly experienced, take baby from month; Protestant; good testimonials.—A 600, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

YOUNG Nurse, take baby from two months; has papers; city, suburbs; highly recommended.—O 1327, this office. 7 D

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 49 FLEET STREET, Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Five and Three Stone Gipsy Rings, Keepers and Cluster Rings, set with Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, and Pearls, etc., of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour. T

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Elastic Hosiery for Ladies and Gents, best quality, at revised prices; special department for ladies.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Hockey Sticks, best quality, at lowest prices; all guaranteed for 1 year.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Footballs, size 5, guaranteed hand sewn, from 10/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Football Boots, Hotspur, Cert, All Black, etc., from 11/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Jawella Footballs 3/-, Hurlings 6d., Balls 1/-.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's.—Indoor Games, Table Tennis, Ring Boards, Halma, Badminton, Quoits, Bowls, Darts, etc.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Indoor Games, Table Tennis, Ring Boards, Halma, Quoits, Bowls, Darts, etc.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Boxing Gloves, best quality, at 15/6 per pair; Headballs, 1/-; Football Jerseys, 5/-; Knicks, 2/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Boxing, Golf, Football, and all Sports equipment.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—Waterproof Sheeting, special quality, 5/3, 4/-, 4/9 per yard.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

AT Crotty's, Ltd.—School Satchels, canvas from 3/6, leather from 5/6.—52 Grafton st., Dublin. 8 51

BABY Carriages—Over 50 to select from, all new prices; our own make—many Carriages to half price. Our well known 18½ guinea "Sunbeam" Carriage now 9½ guineas (cash). Cots and Cradles. Holding also reduced to nearly half. If you cannot call and inspect write for our illustrated catalogue.—Arthur Jones & Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. T

CHEAPEST Crockery—Cup, Saucer, Tea Spoon, every piece; Dinner Plates, Jugs, Mugs, Basins, Teapots; marvellous makers, business ex-Army, Navy mess; Mixed Lots, 42/6; Crate, 85/; 10/2 ex factory; free to rail Newport, with part cargo (goods); Marlow 666 Articles, 67/6; makes 80 prints; brings 750 pieces; 1,000, £5.—Hall, 27 Mary's lane, Dublin. Also "How to sell Irish free."—Regent Pottery, Princes street, Star Bank, Euston, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Pair Fashionable Boxes, showcloths.—C 1097, this office. 3 C

FOR Sale, pair Cecil Zeiss Field Glasses in case, cost £15, accept £8, or nearest.—C 1138, this office. 6 C

FILING Cabinets, Mahogany Roman, and many Minor Office Requisites.—Hall, 27 Mary's lane.

FIREPROOF Safe, 24 inches, for Sale.—P. J. Byrne Investment, Parliament street.

GODAY for Cocoanut Matting, child fancy handles, 6d. yard.—39 Oscar road, Kingstown. 5 D

ARTICLES CONTINUED.

GOOD Wooden Crates for Sale; cheap to buyer of quantity.—O 1264, this office.

MANGLING and Washing Machines—Large stock, best makes.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 91-93 Amiens street, Dublin. T

MICROSCOPE, by Swift, for Sale, four objectives, three eye-pieces, accessories condenser, polariscope. Seen Pollock and Co., Grafton street. 7 F

OLD Waterford Bevelled Crystal Mirror, perfect condition.—O 1356, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

QUANTITY clean, modern Novels and Papers for Sale; mornings.—Meanee, Terenure. 7 E

CONTINUED ON PAGE 10.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer—29.60. Wind and Weather—Westerly wind, fresh breeze; fine and clear.

Foreign Arrivals—Captaine Augustin, of Havre (1,739 tons), bound from St. Nazaire to Glasgow, light, put in for bunker coal, and proceeded to Glasgow; Trio, of Rotterdam (573 tons), from Rotterdam, with a general cargo, consigned to order, discharged at Shelter Sheds, North Wall Extension, and proceeded to Belfast with part cargo.

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Foreign Departure—Wiedan, of Hamburg (534 t

OR A
NTER
'S
SALE
VN QUILTS,
GOODS,
EEDING
SPECIAL OFFERS
IN BLANKETS
Pairs All Wool Blankets, Single Bed Size. Pair 14/9
Pairs All Wool Blankets, Medium Bed Size. Pair 16/9
Pairs All Wool Blankets, Double Bed Size. Pair 25/6
Wool Blankets, Extra Large Bed e, Selling at, Pair, 35/6 40/- and 50/-
Worth Double.
SPECIAL VALUE—1,450 Pairs Irish de Blankets, Medium Bed Size, at, r 27/6
Extra Value.

s Good Quality Flannelettes, designs and widths. Marked heap for Christmas clarities. Per 1/2.
th, 75 dozen, Job lot, slightly nk's border, 23" x 42". Usual 2/6. Clearing at 1/6½.
vy absorbent Turkish towels, pink or White 24" x 46". Usual 2/4. SALE PRICE, each, 1/6½.
t of 50 Dozen Remstitch Slips, facture. Value 3/3. Offering at, 1/10½
Slips.
, each ... 1/2, 1/6 and 1/8
CES, each, 0/11½, 1/3½, and 1/5½
Pillow Slips.
each ... 1/9, 2/3, 2/6 & 2/11
ES, each, 1/6½, 1/11½, 2/2½ & 2/7½
Frilled and Embroidered Slips, don, each, 2/3
eets, Single Bed Size, Plain and quality ...
e pair, 10/6, 13/6 and 14/6
CES, 8/11, 11/- and 12/11
n Sheets, Extra Quality. Single
e, Pair, 16/6, 18/6 and 21/-
CES " 15/11, 16/6 and 18/6
eets, Double Bed Size—
es. Pair, 16/-, 18/-, and 21/-
CES, " 14/6, 16/- and 18/6
ty, Double Bed Size—
es, Pair, 23/-, 25/- and 27/6
CES, " 19/6, 21/- and 25/6.
RA—3 to 5.30 Daily.
LTD.
DUBLIN
CLERY'S, DUBLIN."

me
AST OFFICE RAID.
IT OF THE ROBBERS.
ed men yesterday evening raided ffice of the *Daily Mail* in Belfast, ng up," the staff at the point of seized £12 10s. and then made off. manager pursued the robbers and catching one man, but it was he had none of the stolen money in on. He was handed over to the

THE LEGAL DIARY.

ES—Wednesday, November 8, 1922
T OF APPEAL IN SOUTHERN IRE-Court. Trial Motions—Bianco de la Pinta v. Neagle; Humphreys v. Intellectuary Appeal—Motion v. Morton, mensi.
RT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRE-Dublin). Lord Chief Justice of Ire-ief Justice's Chambers, at 35 Fitzwilliam the Chief Clerk, at 10.30 o'clock—M'Donald, a minor); Norman, a minor.
URT.—Action—O'Rourke v. Nagle. Wed-November. Action—Burke v. M'Hugh 8th November. Action—Hunson v. he Dep. Kells Chambers, 11 o'clock—Smith, Dundalk, deed.; M'Donough, deed.; Murphy, J. Malone, deed., Bellew, Bellew the Assistant Chief Clerk. ock—R. Chandler, deed., Chandler v.
TICE POWELL'S COURT.—In Court. ooney v. Armstrong. Action—Burke v. Cannon. Tuesday—O'Brien v. Quinn Wednesday, 15th November—Dillon v. Cyrus. fore the Chief Clerk—Sheridan v. Rowe's Court. Public Monday v. Mahony v. O'Brien. Before Dr. Webb, at Bridge. Election queries.
OFFICE—At 10 Upper Merrion street, 11 o'clock—A person of unsound mind, 11 o'clock—Dwyer, deed., W. S. Barrett, Merrion street. Exacts Taxations—Collen Sheridan, deed.; Master Macnamara, 11 o'clock—Friends and Friends; Hughes Harbour Commrs., Johnston and Roe; Harbour Commrs., Johnston and Roe; Reynolds, deed.; Reynolds, deed.; Johnston, deed.; Carruthers and
ORTS—At 23 Upper Merrion street. Mr. Lumber, 11 o'clock—Irene F. E. Swanzy, Lumber, do. 2.30 o'clock—A. the schedule.
NCH DIVISION.—At King's Inns, Henrietta's Bench 1. At 11 o'clock—Exparte Motions. Civil Side—Exparte Petitions—Robinson v. Scutch; Rathkovitch v. Michael and another; Swanson v. Simmons; Before the Chief Registrar, at 11 o'clock—Irene debts, J. D. Early; do, sc. and Kiernan, do.; grove debts, E. F. and Hodgson; rulings on do. do., Horan Grant, grove debts, Gilfrap and Lambert; Ker, do., do. Each, 10 o'clock.
JURY.—Before Mr. Justice Pim, in Hall, King's Inns, at 11 o'clock—City Henry and a counterclaim (breach A very large attendance of City Common Jurors is requested, during the Lectures (at small schedule. Before the Lecturer (at small schedule. Before in the Rotunda, at 11.30 o'clock—Lady Fitzgerald (land), Dublin, deceased; W. Andrews, K.C., a rulings and settle schedule. Before Hon. and K.C.—Chancery Holidays and 28, discharge rulings. 3 o'clock—Lady Dame, P. 6596 (land and Flood's rent), Before Mr. Wilson, at 11.30 o'clock—Reilly, C.D.B. 10,080, discharge rulings, Sullivan, at 11 o'clock—Daunt's estate, Mr. R. B. Guthrie's held at last, dis-At 12 o'clock—J. J. R. Gubbins, ch's estate—John H. Wisterdi, Before Mr. Frank, at 11.30 o'clock—H. o'clock—Kilkenny Corporation. DUE RECORDER.—At 11 o'clock—Maggie Treacy, a minor; Michael Redmond, minors; Margaret Moore, a minor; Mary Moore, minors; William Barter, a minor; Margaret Foran, a minor; Costello, minors; Farrell, minors; Deale or; Hoskins, minors; McGovern, minors; a minor; Nolan, minors; Deale, minors; Brett, minors; Bridget Whelan, v. Dowd; Mills v. Hilton; Potter v. Applications for Compensation for Acci-J. Allen appli., Corpn. of Dublin, same appli., Alfred E. Kilroe appli., same Barror appli. same respts.; James ne respts.; Lily Brady appli., Corpn. Co. Col. Rathmines U.D.C. respts.; same spts.; Mary Cassidy appli., Corpn. of Co. Col. respts.; John Dean appli., Miss Dean appli., Corpn. of Dublin, Rathmines U.D.C. respts.; Anne ourne, appli., Dublin, Dublin Co. Col., and Pembroke U.D.C. respts.; Walter J. rpn. of Dublin, Dublin Co. Col respts.; ish, Dublin Co. Col., Corpn. of Dublin Motorists Society, Ltd., appts., Corpn. in Co. Col., Pembroke U.D.C. respts.; and T. H. Spence appits., Dublin Co. Dublin, Rathmines U.D.C., Pembroke Kevin J. Kenny appts., Corpn. of Co. Col. respts.; Daniel Miller and Corpn. of Dublin, Dublin Co. Col., Rathspts.; M.G.W. Rly Co. appts., Dublin ing her premises for betting purposes. It was stated that the police found two copies of a sporting paper and a book containing the names of horses in the back parlour of the defendant's shop.

School Children need VIROL in Winter

In these days of cold gusty winds and driving rain you have every need to take care of yourself. Stop that Cough IN TIME by taking THE
Dublin Cough Mixture
A safe and effectual remedy for Colds, Coughs, from whatever cause arising.
Bottles, 1/3, 2/-, 3/-
Sole Proprietors:
Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson
12 Grafton St. and all Branches, DUBLIN

INSURANCE OFFICE.
(Founded 1710.)
THE OLDEST INSURANCE OFFICE IN THE WORLD
FIRE, ACCIDENT, BURGLARY, &c.
Dublin Branch—9 COLLEGE GREEN
STUART C. SMITH, Branch Manager.

THE KING of Corn Cures is "Wellseene"
which justly bears the reputation of being the most Rapid and Painless Remover of Hard or Soft Corns e.d Warts. Safest and best. Price 1/3 post free 1/8.
WELLS, Chemist,
20 UPPER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN

Dixon & Hempenstall's Spectacles
Sight Testing Rooms
Open Daily 9 to 6 o'c.
Manufacturing Opticians
SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

"IRISH TIMES" IN LONDON
The "Irish Times" can be obtained at the Bookstall on the departure platforms at Euston Station on the evening of the day of publication, or on the following morning at the London Office, 59 Fleet Street.

BETTING PROSECUTION.

Mary Josephine Murphy, 36 Little Strand street, was fined £5 by Mr. Collins, K.C., in the Southern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, for having her premises for betting purposes. It was stated that the police found two copies of a sporting paper and a book containing the names of horses in the back parlour of the defendant's shop.

NEW WORK FOR BELFAST.

BATTLESHIP TO BE BROKEN UP.

EMPLOYMENT FOR 100 MEN.

It was announced yesterday at the meeting of the Belfast Harbour Commissioners that the battleship Hindustan (16,000 tons) was on its way to Belfast to be broken up.

The work will give employment to over 100 men.

A deputation from the engineering and shipbuilding trades had interviewed the Harbour Commissioners about getting this sort of work for Belfast, and the Commissioners sent their general manager and harbour master to interview Messrs. T. W. Ward, Ltd., at Sheffield on the subject.

Their report was to the effect that they discussed the matter very fully with the directors of Messrs. Ward, and explained the facilities that the Harbour Board would offer, as well as the concessions that they were willing to make to induce them to come to Belfast.

A NEW EFFORT.

There were about 120 of these battleships, and all ports were trying to get the work. They explained the potentialities of Belfast not only for a single ship, but for a number of others, in the hope of making the effort the beginning of a new industry, which would be good for the harbour, quite apart from the question of providing employment for those who were out of work. One of the chief difficulties raised by Messrs. Ward was that where they were at present located they were in the vicinity of some great iron works or foundry where they could easily dispose of the broken-up material. In the case of Belfast they could not have that ready facility, and, therefore, they wanted something to compensate them for the heavy freight they would have to incur.

After a meeting of the directors of Messrs. Ward, it was announced that they had decided to order the Hindustan, which was lying at Haulbowline, Queenstown, to Belfast. The ship had been ordered to proceed to Birkenhead, but that order was cancelled.

This is the warship in which the Prince of Wales made his tour to India

Members of the Harbour Board expressed the hope that Labour would co-operate to make the venture a success.

PROTECTION WANTED.

RATEPAYERS AND POLICE.

"An impertinent letter" was the comment made by Mr. J. M. Devitt (chairman) at a meeting of Kingstown Urban Council last night, when a communication from Messrs. C. Jones and Sons, decorators and contractors, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, was read.

Messrs. Jones complained that great destruction was being done to property in the township, and owners were not being given that protection by the police to which the payment of the police tax entitled them. The letter referred particularly to the properties known as Monkstown House and grounds.

It was pointed out that the valuations on these properties were increased during the last year. Owing to the wanton destruction to their (Messrs. Jones's) property, the loss they were suffering was so great that they would not be able to pay any rates next year. Their tenants complained that they would be compelled to leave the township.

The hope was expressed that, "as the duty of protecting the property out of which the rates were paid was not being performed by the D.M.P.," the Council would take the view that they owed a duty to the ratepayers to take adequate steps to protect all property in the township, either by the formation of a local police force or by their obtaining the control and direction of the existing force and compelling them to discharge the duties for which they were paid by the ratepayers.

On the motion of Councillor Bentley, seconded by Councillor Cook, the letter was referred to the Chief Commissioner, Dublin Metropolitan Police, for his observations.

BISHOP AND GOVERNMENT.

EVIDENCE OF ABILITY TO PUNISH CRIME NEEDED.

Addressing the Diocesan Synod of Waterford and Lismore at Waterford yesterday, the Right Rev. Dr. Millar, Bishop of the Diocese, said that they thanked God, with deep sincerity, that He had preserved them through a year of the greatest difficulty. If ever sound and true Christianity was required it was now. At the present time there was a world-wide attempt to destroy belief in Christ, and this was manifest in every country in the world. Our own country was no exception. It was seen around them in the burning and destruction of houses, in the refusal to pay just and lawful debts, and in the gross public interference with the rights of private property. Their duty was to render support to the Government under which they lived. The Government had undertaken a task of enormous difficulty. It was only by Divine aid that they would ultimately succeed.

Emphasising the self-sacrifice and patience shown by the clergy and people, his lordship continued—Charges of undue optimism are being somewhat recklessly flung about. Render to Christ what you owe Him, render also to the Government under which you live what you owe them, and it will be your privilege and duty to be optimistic. Dreadful and unspeakable crimes have been committed in this land, and the public have not yet had sufficient evidence that these awful deeds have been adequately punished. Brave men will face physical violence, the destruction of their property, but such deeds as we are now speaking of chill the hearts of the strongest, and wreak, and fill them with an overmastering desire to get away from a country where, in their opinion, civilisation is losing its hold. An immediate and pressing duty rests upon the Government—namely, to give unmistakable evidence of the power to put down crime. We have no doubt whatever as to their willingness. We ask for evidence that they have the power, and this ought to be possible with the present strong and united public opinion behind them.

SIX MEN ON A ROOF.

DUBLIN PUBLICAN FINED.

Maurice Lambe, publican, 44 North King street, was charged before Mr. Cooper, K.C., in the Northern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, with a breach of the Licensing Act on the 24th September last.

Mr. J. W. Davis prosecuted on behalf of the police, and Mr. J. O'Connor (instructed by Mr. O'Brien) appeared for the defendant.

Evidence was given for the prosecution that at 11.50 o'clock on the Sunday morning in question the defendant went into his premises followed by six other men. A sergeant of the Dublin Metropolitan Police knocked for twenty minutes and was unable to gain admission. Subsequently the defendant stated that the bell was out of order. He denied that any men had been admitted. When the house was searched no trace of liquor or of the men was found, but on an adjoining roof some men were seen. The defendant denied that the men had been in his house. One of the men, who was crouching on the roof stated to the sergeant that he came in by the door and got on to the roof through a window. Another said that he was sick and had looked for a drink, and a third that he lived next door and came every Sunday for a game of cards.

Mr. O'Connor said that these men insisted on entering the premises for some purpose other than obtaining drink, and the publican was a victim of the extraordinary state of affairs that existed at present.

The defendant was fined 20s. on two counts—for opening his premises during prohibited hours and for failing to admit the sergeant.

The men found on the premises, said the magistrate, would be fined 10s. each.

A CAFE ROBBED.

Before Mr. Cooper, K.C., in the Northern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, Andrew Hunter, Great Charles street, and Joseph Heary, Ormond Market, were charged with robbing by force and violence, the sum of £5 from the Café, 19 Lower Ormond quay, the property of Mrs. Abie Murphy, on the 16th October last.

Miss Murphy described the raid, which, she said, took place between 9 and 10 o'clock at night. Three men took part in it, and witness was ordered to go to the back of the shop. She identified Heary as the first man who entered the shop, and Hunter as the man who took the money out of the till.

Cross-examined by Mr. E. H. Burne, solicitor, who appeared for the prisoners, the witness said that she had attended four identification parades in connection with the case, and it was at the last of these, at the Bridewell, on Tuesday, that she identified the two prisoners.

The hearing of the charge was adjourned until this morning.

BRIGHT'S PURE CONFECTIONERY MADE IN Dublin. Sugar Boilings in all varieties. Wafer Drops, Ltd., Townsend street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

YESTERDAY'S CASES IN THE COURTS.

A MANAGER'S SALARY.

IMPORTANT TIPPERARY CASE.

In the Court of Appeal for Southern Ireland yesterday, before the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Ronan, and Lord Justice O'Connor, the new trial motion in the case of Mrs. Mary Murphy against Michael O'Brien, hardware merchant, Tipperary, was heard. The action was brought by the plaintiff, who is a merchant in Tipperary, to recover £464 8s. 3d., whereof £351 was for money had and received by the defendant for the use of the plaintiff, being sums drawn out by the defendant from the banking account of the plaintiff, and applied by him to his own use without the authority of the plaintiff. The trial of the action in February last, before Mr. Justice Pim and a jury, occupied three days, and ended in a verdict for the defendant. The plaintiff seeks a new trial, or, in the alternative, that the verdict be set aside, and that, in lieu thereof, judgment be entered for the plaintiff, on the ground that the verdict was against the evidence and the weight of evidence; that a member of the jury refused to obey the judge's instructions and insulted his lordship; that the judge should have then discharged the jury on the plaintiff's application; that the judge misdirected the jury.

Mr. Healy, K.C., and Mr. Tobias (instructed by Mr. R. N. Potterton) appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C.; Mr. Swayne, K.C., and Mr. Kenny (instructed by Mr. William Frewen) appeared for the defendant.

It appeared in the course of the trial that the defendant had entered into the service of the plaintiff's husband a number of years ago as shop assistant at a commencing salary of £40 a year. After the death of Mr. Murphy the plaintiff lived near Dublin, and continued the defendant as her manager of the business in Tipperary. His salary was £60, rising to £80 a year, and he lived in the house. The defendant not only increased the wages of the assistants, but his own without telling the plaintiff that he was doing it. He married and brought his wife into the house. No regular account books were kept, and the plaintiff found in the course of a couple of years that the business, which had been a prosperous one in her husband's lifetime, was indebted to the bank. She had, according to her evidence, to sell some securities in order to discharge the debt. In one of the few visits which the plaintiff paid to the house in Tipperary she suggested to O'Brien that he should have an audit, but he did not have one. When the defendant left the plaintiff's service, having been dismissed, he went into business for himself in opposition to her.

THE CHARGES.

Mr. Healy in his argument, suggested that the defendant had been guilty of fraud, although he had no sympathy with the plaintiff from the business point of view.

Lord Justice O'Connor—A number of charges of a very gross character were made against the defendant.

Mr. Healy—And they are not withdrawn.

Lord Justice O'Connor—They are persisted in, and I think the charges are wholly false.

Lord Justice Ronan said that, with regard to the latter that had been referred to, he thought that he was acting honestly in what he did.

Mr. Tobias—This man had no authority to increase his own salary.

Lord Justice Ronan—This man thought that when every other man in the place got an increase of salary, in common justice he assumed that he was entitled to increase his own, and you have to convince me that there was anything fraudulent in his doing so.

Mr. Carrigan, replying for the defendant, argued that the defendant had implied authority to increase his own salary. Everything that Mr. Healy could impute to the defendant was said by him, and the defendant's witnesses were described as a gang of conspirators. Mr. Carrigan showed by the evidence given at the trial that under the defendant's management the business had increased, and that the good book debts amounted to nearly £3,000, while the liability was only £925, and the stock was worth £1,713, when the defendant left the plaintiff's employment. She drew £20 a month out of the business from 1914 to 1921. The defendant had general authority to do what he did.

Lord Justice Ronan—A general authority to spend money for the business does not extend to the varying of his contract with his employer. I am of opinion that the stock only what was right; but the foolish thing was that he did not tell her that he was doing it.

THE JUDGMENT.

The Lord Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said that the original claim had been reduced to £398 13s. 6d. Sixteen questions were left to the jury, all of which were answered in favour of the defendant. The verdict of the jury, in his opinion, instead of being perverse—save as regarded the increases of salary—was the only verdict which they could find, and the Judge at the trial agreed in that opinion. The plaintiff, after her husband's death in 1914, gave the defendant the general management of her business, including the paying of wages and the increase of wages, if necessary, to servants. So far as that part of the management was concerned he did what was right, but when it came to a question of his own remuneration a different principle had to be applied. He was under a contract with his employer that his salary was to be £60, rising to £80, a year, and without any intimation to her he raised his own salary to £150. There was no authority for such a proposition. There was no evidence upon which the jury could find that there was an agreement by the plaintiff to pay the defendant an increased salary over £80. As the defendant had received £712, while all he was entitled to was £536 13s. 4d., he, consequently, had been overpaid to the extent of £175 6s. 8d. That amount the plaintiff was entitled to recover. The result would be that the judgment of the Court below would be set aside, and judgment would be given for the plaintiff for £175 6s. 8d., with costs, and for the defendant, with costs, on the other issues found by the jury. The allegations of embezzlement and fraud made against the defendant had failed in proof, and, in the opinion of the Court, had no foundation in fact. With regard to this appeal, the Court held that each party should bear their own costs.

A LOST WILL.

SOLICITOR'S COPY PROVED.

At Nisi Prius yesterday, Mr. Justice Pim, sitting without a jury, heard the probate suit of Boles v. Boles, in which Charlotte J. Boles and William R. Boles, of 5 Fenghouilen terrace, Ranelagh, as plaintiffs, sought probate of the last will of Elizabeth Boles, who died in the Grangegorman Mental Hospital. The defendant was Arthur Boles, of 84 Hollybank road, Drumcondra. The first-named plaintiff claimed to be the residuary legatee and the second plaintiff the last surviving executor of the last will, dated January 28th, 1907, of Elizabeth Boles, whose death took place on May 31st, 1921.

The defendant pleaded that the testatrix did not know and approve of the contents of the will, that she was not of sound mind, memory and understanding at the time of its execution, and that she revoked the will, or destroyed it with the intention of revoking it, and that at the time of her death it was not a valid or subsisting will.

The testatrix, it appeared, left assets valued at about £2,000. Her estate had been taken charge of by the Lord Chancellor in lunacy. She had been confined in various institutions at different periods and finally died in Grangegorman Mental Hospital. She was of a penurious disposition and always very anxious about her monetary affairs. She made her will in the office of the late Mr. Alfred Henry, solicitor, whose clerk, Mr Darragh, proved that he took the lady's instructions and drafted her will. When he read it over she expressed herself as perfectly satisfied with its contents. At that time, in Mr. Darragh's opinion, the testatrix was perfectly capable of making her will. After he had drawn up the will Mr. Henry came into the room, and he also read it over to her. She again said that she was satisfied. Mr. Henry had a copy of the will made, and the original was lodged in the Registry Office of the Registrar in Lunacy, where it had since been lost.

Mr. Lardner, K.C., for the plaintiffs, said that the parties had arrived at a consent, by which the various matters were settled in an amicable manner, satisfactory to all the parties concerned. He asked the judge to admit the will to probate.

Mr. Justice Pim said that he was perfectly satisfied that at the time the will was made the testatrix had one of her lucid intervals, and that she knew what she was doing. He found that the will had been lost in the Lunacy Office, and that the copy produced from Mr. Henry's safe was a true copy. He decreed probate, and directed that the consent which had been entered into should be lodged in court.

Mr. Lardner, K.C., and Mr. J. M. Fitzgerald (instructed by Mr. Henry E. Thompson) appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Serjeant Hanna and Mr. Russell (instructed by Mr. R. H. Morris) for the defendant.

NEW DISTRICT COURTS.

TWO MORE OPENED YESTERDAY.

Sessions Courts for the districts of Raheny and Swords were formally opened yesterday by the new District Justices for Dublin County, Messrs. G. P. Cussen, LL.D., and J. V. Fahy. The renewal of publicans' licences was the only business for the sittings.

Altogether Sessions Courts have been opened for five districts in the County Dublin since Monday. The Courts will sit monthly in future.

ACTION AGAINST MR. A. O'BRIEN.

LATE GENERAL COLLINS PLAINTIFF.

In the Chancery Division yesterday, in the case of Michael Collins v. Art O'Brien, of 3 Adam street, Adelphi, London,

Mr. John O'Byrne (instructed by Mr. James O'Connor) applied for an order continuing the proceedings in the name of the personal representative of the deceased plaintiff, the late General Michael Collins, and for liberty to add President Cosgrave as plaintiff. Counsel moved on the affidavit of Mr. James O'Connor, solicitor, who stated that the action was brought by the late Michael Collins, who was, at the date of the issue of the writ, Minister of Finance of Dail Eireann, for an account of what sum was due by the defendant to the plaintiff as Minister of Finance, for the payment of the amount found due on the taking of the account, and for other relief. The writ was issued on the 19th August, 1922, and was served on the defendant, personally, on the same day. Michael Collins died, intestate, on the 22nd August, 1922, and on the 26th September, 1922, letters of administration of his personal estate were granted to his brother, John Collins. Mr. Cosgrave, President of Dail Eireann, is the present Minister of Finance, and he (Mr. O'Connor) was advised that it was necessary that he should be added as a plaintiff with the personal representative of the deceased plaintiff, and he had consented to be added as plaintiff.

The Master of the Rolls made the order sought.

WINDING-UP ORDER.

BANK'S PETITION AGAINST MOTOR COMPANY.

In the Chancery Division, before the Master of the Rolls, in the matter of Thompson's Motor Car Company, Ltd., in which a winding-up petition had been lodged,

Mr. E. Fitzgerald (instructed by Messrs. Orpen and Sweeny) applied on behalf of the petitioners, the Royal Bank of Ireland, for an order for the winding-up of the company by the Court, under the provisions of the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908. In the petition it was stated that Thompson's Motor Car Company, Ltd., was incorporated as a company under the Companies Acts in September, 1904, for the purpose of making, equipping, and selling motor cars and other vehicles and businesses accessory thereto. The nominal capital of the company was £50,000, divided into 50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each. The amount paid up was over £20,833. Shortly after the incorporation the company commenced to carry on business, and had since continued to do so.

In or about the 13th February last the company, which was at that time indebted to the bank on an overdrawn account, and wished to further overdraw, issued to the petitioners a debenture, which covenanted for payment on demand to petitioners the balance found due on their account with the bank. The debenture was duly registered, and the petitioners were the registered owners of it. On 15th September the petitioners served notice in writing on the company, demanding payment for the £26,470 on foot of the debenture; and the company had neglected to pay such sum. There now remained owing to the petitioners, in respect of capital and interest, the sum of £26,800 9s. 9d., together with further interest. There were also liabilities in foot of current account, and other bills discounted by the bank for the company, or accepted by the company and held by the bank, to the amount of £7,185.

It was further stated that the company was indebted to several other persons, and was unable to pay its creditors; and several actions brought by creditors of the company were now pending. So far as the petitioners were able to make out, the assets of the company on the 30th September last amounted to £46,300, and the liabilities of the company upon that date amounted to the sum of £72,642.

The Master of the Rolls made an order for the winding-up of the company, all the creditors represented to be at liberty to attend all future proceedings in connection with the matter.

Mr. Dickie, K.C., Mr. Marnan, and Mr. Phelps appeared for other creditors.

OWNERSHIP OF LANDS.

BROTHERS' CLAIMS.

In the Chancery Division, before the Master of the Rolls, yesterday, in the case of Michael Long v. Martin Long, brothers, an application was made on behalf of the plaintiff for an order committing the defendant for contempt, in disobeying the judgment of the Court made in this matter on the 27th July last, by trespassing on the plaintiff's lands at Kathkennon, Holycross, County Tipperary, and by continuing to hinder the letting of the lands, or in the alternative, giving the plaintiff liberty to issue a writ or writs of attachment against the defendant for his contempt.

In an affidavit the plaintiff stated that the lands were his absolute property, and the defendant had no interest whatever in them. The defendant seized possession of them about a year and a half ago, took up residence on the lands with his wife in the house, which was not occupied at the time, and the plaintiff had not been able to set the meadowing and aftergrass as he had before done. On 10th May, 1921, an interlocutory injunction against the defendant was granted, restraining him, pending the trial of the action, from trespassing on the lands, for a wilful disobedience of which he was committed to Limerick Jail, where he was detained for about three months. On his release, he came back to the lands and remained in possession with his wife.

In an affidavit by the defendant's solicitor it was stated that the defendant did not appear at the hearing of the application to the vacation judge for committal, and that he was released from prison in March last by the Court, the plaintiff being directed to pay to the defendant's costs of and incidental to his release. It was further stated that the lands were the property of the father of the parties, who died about 27 years ago; and the defendant claimed to be entitled to an interest in the lands and to other assets of his father. He denied trespassing on the lands since the date of the order. He had been a member of the national forces of the Irish Free State since September last; and he stated that he did not reside on the lands at all, and had no connection or dealings with them prior to or since that date.

The Master of the Rolls made no rule on the motion, and suggested that the defendant would be well advised not to interfere with the plaintiff's ownership or user of these lands.

Mr. Devitt (instructed by Mr. L. J. Ryan) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Connolly (instructed by Mr. J. J. Ryan) for the defendant.

AGENTS AND REPAIRS.

THE QUESTION OF PROFIT.

The hearing was resumed yesterday before the Northern High Court of Appeal of the appeal arising out of an action in which Mrs. Sherrard, of Liverpool, the plaintiff, asked the Court to reverse a judgment of Mr. Justice Wilson dismissing an action against Barron and Co., house agents, Belfast, the defendants, seeking that an account should be taken out between the parties.

The case had reference to repairs carried out in connection with certain property in Tyne street, Keegan street, and Staunton street, Belfast, in which Mrs. Sherrard had a life interest, and for which Messrs. Barron were agents from 1908 to 1919.

The Attorney-General (Right Hon. R. Best, K.C., M.P.), with whom were Mr. S. L. Brown, K.C.; Mr. J. M'Gonigal, K.C., and Mr. G. Ellison (instructed by Messrs. D. M'Gonigal and Sons), replying for the defendants and respondents, said that the case alleged against defendants at the first was clearly and undoubtedly one of fraud, and the plaintiff came into court making that charge. Now he (the Attorney-General) was in a great difficulty. He did not know whether they were still charged with fraud, or if they were still charged with making a secret profit wrongfully. Correspondence was read at length, and counsel submitted that if there was any substance in the point that defendants did not specifically draw attention to a change in the matter of carrying out repairs up to a certain point, a letter written in 1911, and subsequent letters, clearly indicated that the defendants made it clear that the old system was done away with, and that the defendants were themselves doing the repairs. He contended there was now no case put forward on behalf of plaintiff that there was fraud, nor that there were secret profits, but it was solely on account of excessive charges. He emphatically stated there were no secret profits.

Mr. Brown, K.C., who followed for the respondents, remarked that were it not for the fact that serious charges were put upon the files of the court against a well-known firm that action would be very fairly described as a frivolous one. The real substance of the matter, urged counsel, was that plaintiff found her income from this troublesome property was going down while the cost of repairs was going up. Counsel described as a startling proposition the contention of learned counsel on the other side that in regard to profits on repairs as apart from commission on rents there must be an expressed contract between principal and agent, although there existed such a contract to a stipulated amount.

Mr. Whitaker, K.C., replied to the arguments.

Their lordships reserved decision.

A sentence of six months' imprisonment was passed in the Belfast Police Court yesterday on an old man, who had been convicted for the [illegible] time of stealing hens.

MISSED THE 'BUS.

CAPITAL LEVY TOO LATE.

COMMERCIAL MAN'S VIEW.

Mr. Hickens, Chairman of Messrs. Cammell Laird and Co., Ltd., in an interview, says that the capital levy might have been a good thing at one time, but it has now missed the 'bus; it is too late. At the present time it is not a practical proposal.

"I was in favour of a capital levy at the end of the war. I fear that the discussion has now become largely academic. In my opinion the opportunity has slipped by. I believe that if a capital levy had been imposed immediately the war ended, its effects would have been very beneficial. Everybody would have been by now pointing it out as a measure of wise statesmanship. Those who object to a capital levy should suggest a practical alternative in order to solve the problem of reducing the overwhelming burden of our indebtedness.

"A capital levy is obviously an emergency measure. The greatest danger that I see in it is that a Labour Government might attempt to repeat it, with disastrous results. It could only be done with safety once and for all, and, as I have said, the time for that was immediately after the war."

MR. CLYNES FAVOURS A LEVY.

Mr. J. R. Clynes has issued a manifesto of his own in favour of a capital levy, in which he declares that a levy would not harm business, but would improve it.

"Commercial men and small or medium business men," he proceeds, "would not be touched by a levy. They are now heavily burdened by taxation and rates, which a levy on capital would reduce. It is monstrous that millions of men who went to the war should come back to find that they have to provide interest for the money which many were able to loan in huge amounts while other men were away fighting.

"The interest on money which was loaned, whether by rich or poor, must be paid until the loans are repaid. Loans can be repaid only by requiring persons of large means to give to the country a little help. They called upon others to give their lives. Labour does not make a proposal and run away from it.

"It is a real remedy," he concludes, "for a desperate ailment."

"MADAM BUTTERFLY."

A CARL ROSA SUCCESS.

Opera long since came into its own in Dublin, and it was not surprising to find the Gaiety Theatre full last night, for the performance of "Madam Butterfly." With the growth of public support, or, perhaps, because of it, the quality of the performances has gradually improved, and little fault could be found last night—unless it be with the dress circle audience, many of whom came in late to the first and succeeding acts, and not a few of whom conversed during the performance, "fashions" which left London years ago.

Puccini's "Madam Butterfly" is a sad, almost sordid story, which has no spectacular effects. Its fascination is to be found in that it is in every sense melodious—themes, treatment, and instrumentation. With a Butterfly fully equal to the music, a supporting caste of pronounced ability, and an efficient orchestra, which, it should be noted, seldom overwhelmed the singers—a notable departure for Dublin—last night's performance was wholly satisfactory.

Miss Ethel Austen, as Butterfly, received an ovation from the crowded house. Her voice is extraordinarily smooth and resonant; every note rang true, and her enunciation was really good. She has none of the faults of opera singers, neither unduly prolonging "effective" notes, nor hurrying over the many difficult passages with which this work abounds. Her acting was never over-done, and she unfolded the story with a full appreciation of the Japanese setting. She should be praised, too, for her skilful deportment—Miss Austen is much taller than an ideal Butterfly, but one very soon ceased to notice it.

Miss Elsbeth Wakefield played Suzuki with admirable sympathy and restraint. She has a voice of singular sweetness.

Mr. Gwynne Davies, as Pinkerton, was an admirable support. His vocal powers were never at fault, but he did not seem quite happy, sometimes, in the acting. Mr. Hubert Dunkerley did Sharpless very well from every point of view. Mr. Trevor Evans, as Prince Yamadori, showed such ability in the small part that one wants to hear him in something of wider scope.

All the small parts were capably filled; the "small" character, "Trouble," won the "house."

Dublin's taste for opera has become so refined that it may be inclined to grumble at the announced repertory, which includes only those works which have become so exceedingly familiar.

To-night—"Tales of Hoffmann."

ABBEY PLAYS.

"THE ROUND TABLE" AND "SOVEREIGN LOVE."

"The Round Table," Mr. Lennox Robinson's comic tragedy, as it is described, was successfully produced at the Abbey Theatre last night, and was received with every token of appreciation by a fairly large attendance. Miss Eileen Crowe, on whom so much of the success of the presentation depended, made the most of her opportunities as Daisy Dronsan, and was an extremely good study of a somewhat heavy part. Indeed, the artistes individually did remarkably well in making the play interesting and entertaining. They included Misses Helena Moloney, Eileen O'Kelly, May Craig, Christine Hayden, Hilda Baily, Dorothy Lynd, Beatrice Elvery, Marie Sweeney, and Messrs. Barry Fitzgerald, W. Wright, H. J. Carolan, Michael J. Dolan, Tony Quinn, Peter Nolan, Gabrial J. Fallon, and P. J. McDonnell.

"Sovereign Love," a comedy in one act, by T. C. Murray followed. The cast was composed of Misses Dorothy Lynd, May Craig, Helena Moloney, and Messrs. Eric Gorman, P. J. Carolan, Peter Nolan, Tony Quinn, Barry Fitzgerald, and Michael J. Dolan.

The orchestra, under the direction of Dr. J. F. Larchet, contributed a well-selected programme of music during the evening.

ORPHAN EMIGRANTS.

23 IRISH CHILDREN SAIL FOR AUSTRALIA.

In August last an appeal was made in *The Times* on behalf of the children of an Irish orphanage, which had been destroyed by fire under instructions of the rebels. As a result of that appeal, an offer was made to house and educate the children at a well-known Australian institution, founded and supported by private munificence, the Burnside Homes, Parramatta, near Sydney.

The offer, which was made through Mr. Andrew Reid, a director of the Burnside Homes, at present in this country, and which included the free passage of the children to Australia, was accepted, and to-day twenty-three of these Irish orphans, accompanied by a matron, will leave for Australia by the steamship Euripides. The necessary arrangements for their transit have been made by the Migration and Settlement Office, Australia House, London.

RECENT IRISH WILLS.

Mr. Francis Fitzmaurice, of Dunmanway, Co. Cork, solicitor, who died in April, left personal estate in England and Ireland of

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 7.45: THE ROYAL
CARL ROSA OPERA CO.
TALES OF HOFFMANN.
Gladys Verena, Josie Fearon, Elsbeth Wakefield, Dorothy Jones, Cyprian Gibbs, Trevor Evans, William J. Aspden, Henry Hardy. Conductor—John Cope.
To-morrow (Thursday)—SAMSON AND DELILAH.
Friday—TANNHAUSER.
Saturday Matinee—CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA, followed by PAGLIACCI.
Saturday Evening—MARITANA.
Monday—MIGNON.
Tuesday—IL TROVATORE.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY..... 8.45
GLADYS JOHN
WRIGHT AND HARTLEY.
JOE ARCHER. MONICA DALY.
BERT NEILSON. GASTON MOREL.
DELINO, SARAH REES & BARITONE.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS AT 8.15. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
"THE ROUND TABLE," by Lennox Robinson.
"SOVEREIGN LOVE," by T. C. Murray.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 2368.
And at CLERY'S, Lr. O'Connell street.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.45
The Beautiful Romantic Irish Play,
"WILLY REILLY."
AND HIS DEAR COLLEEN BAWN.
Adapted from Carleton's famous novel by Gardiner Coyne and J. W. Whitbread.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Tel. 3016.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
WILL ROGERS in
"HONEST HUTCH."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
CONTINUOUS, 3-10.30.
TO-DAY,
NORMA TALMADGE
IN HER GREATEST MASTERPIECE,
"SMILIN' THROUGH."
A Drama of Love ever young, Despair ever near, and Youth everlasting.
SHOWING DAILY at 3, 5, 7, and 9 p.m.
DOORS OPEN AT 2.30 p.m. DAILY.
Special Musical Programme, under the Direction of Erwin Goldwater.

RESTAURANT.
OPEN 12.30 to 9.30.
ORCHESTRAL MUSIC, 1 to 2.30, 4.30 to 6.30, 7.30 to 9.
Solos by Erwin Goldwater at 5 p.m. Daily.

BALLROOM.
DANCING: WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, 8 to 11. Evening Dress.
Under the direction of T. LEGGETT BYRNE, Esq.
TICKETS AT METROPOLE.

MASTERPIECE.
LIONEL BARRYMORE in
"THE MASTER MIND."
Also NICK CARTER, in
"A CITY AT MIDNIGHT."
Coming—"MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE."

THE GRAFTON PICTURE HOUSE
GRAFTON STREET.
TO-DAY AND ALL THE WEEK,
JACKIE COOGAN in
"MY BOY."
Also, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday,
"A RAG DOLL ROMANCE."
Open 12 to 10.30. Prices—1/3 and 2/4.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DUBLIN CONVENTION
FOR THE DEEPENING OF THE SPIRITUAL LIFE (UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.),
Y.M.C.A. BUILDING, LOWER ABBEY STREET
(Late Metropolitan Christian Union Buildings).
THIS WEEK, NOVEMBER 6th TO 10th, 1922.
SPECIAL SPEAKERS:
Rev. W. Talbot Hindley, M.A. Rev. F. E. Marsh.
Rev. W. W. Martin, M.A. Mr. Harold St. John.
Chairman—H. STEPHENS RICHARDSON, Esq.
DAILY ENGAGEMENTS:
11.0 a.m.—Devotional Prayer Meeting. (Except Monday).
4.30 p.m.—Bible Reading, Rev. F. E. Marsh (Monday).
8. 0 p.m.—Convention Meeting.
ALL THE ABOVE MEETINGS ARE OPEN TO EVERYBODY (BOTH SEXES).
CARDS for DISTRIBUTING MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE SECRETARY.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
FOLLOWING WEEK, NOV. 13th-17th, 1922,
Special Visit to Dublin of
REV. A. DOUGLAS BROWN,
The man whose God-given message has stirred multitudes!
PLEASE BOOK THE DATES.

ANNUAL PUBLIC MEETING
OF THE
DUBLIN BOY SCOUTS' ASSOCIATION
(B-P.)
TAKES PLACE TO-DAY IN THE
ST. GEORGE'S HALL,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN,
At 7.30 p.m.
Speakers:—Mr. SERJEANT HANNA, K.C.; Sir S. W. MADDOCK.
Chairman—Right Hon. LORD HOLMPATRICK.
The programme includes Sketch by Sandford-Wolf Cubs, Gymnastic Display by St. Patrick's Troop, and a Display of Lantern Slides of Camp, etc.
ADMISSION FREE.

TO NURSES—IMPORTANT.
A MEETING OF FULLY-TRAINED NURSES will be held at the MANSION HOUSE (ROUND ROOM) TO-DAY (Wednesday), at 5 p.m. sharp.

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN.
An ELECTION will be held on Monday, 4th DECEMBER, 1922, for the Admission of Eight Pupils from 5 to 16 years of age.
Forms of Application, to be had at the Office, must be filled and lodged with the Secretary on or before 13th November. Voting Papers will be issued about 22nd November.
In the case of candidates, a portion of whose expenses is contributed, credit will be given for additional votes in proportion to the guaranteed annual payments.
Each 10/6 paid annually entitles the subscriber to one vote. A donation of £5 5/- confers a life vote.
All further information can be had from the Secretary, at the office 40 Molesworth street, Dublin.

THOMAS FREEMAN,
FADE STREET, DUBLIN.
WRITERS of Letters, etc., addressed to this Firm on Friday or Saturday last for which no acknowledgment has been received are requested to forward Duplicates as the Originals were probably destroyed in the Post Office Fire.

CITY OF DUBLIN STEAM PACKET COMPANY,
35 EDEN QUAY, DUBLIN,
7th November, 1922.
At the Half-Yearly Meeting of the Company, held this day, Mr. Edward Watson in the Chair,
The Report and Statement of Accounts were read, and the following resolutions were passed:—
1st.—"That the Report and Accounts now read be received and adopted.
2nd.—"That a Dividend at the rate of Five per cent. per annum (less Income Tax) be paid to the holders of the Five per cent Cumulative Preference Stock of the Company for the half-year ended 31st August last, and that the Warrants for same be transmitted by post on Wednesday, the 15th instant."
3rd.—"That a Dividend at the rate of six and a half per cent. per annum (less Income Tax) be paid to the Proprietors of the Ordinary Stock of the Company for the half-year ended 31st August last, and that the Warrants for same be transmitted by post on Wednesday, the 15th instant."
4th.—"That cordial thanks be given to Mr. Watson for his conduct in the Chair."

ADVERTISEMENTS.
The following is the order of advertisements in to-day IRISH TIMES:—
FIRST PAGE.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.
Education.
Shipping.
Hotels.
Horses.
Lost and Found.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.
Medical.
SECOND PAGE.
Cycles and Motor Cars.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.
FOURTH PAGE.
Amusements.
Legal Notices.
Public Notices.
LAST PAGE.
Auctions.
Houses and Lands.
Garden, etc.
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.
Furniture and Household.
Music, Pianos, etc.
Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Horses, etc.
Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Tuitions.
Schools.
Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Business Premises.
Houses to Let and Wanted.
Apartments.
Seaside and Country.
Miscellaneous.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
BERT ST. JUSTE
COOTE & CO. AND HIGGINS
THE MIRTHFUL LOVERS. AND ALL STAR CO.
WINTER GARDENS CAFE.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA, 1 to 2.30 and 4 to 6 p.m.

TIVOLI (6.40 and 9) THEATRE
Tel. 4125
FOY & FEY.
THE LABOUR CANDIDATE.
Edith Allen, Max Garland, A. J. Holt.
O'Meara and Mayson, Clark Sisters, and Jenkins.
BERT EARLE & PARTNER.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
LAST DAY OF
"CHARGE IT!"
Starring CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG.
At 4, 6.50, & 9 o'clock. Mermaid Comedy, etc., etc.
NEXT MONDAY—"THE CASEY MILLIONS."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
3-10.30. CONTINUOUS.
"THE EXPERIMENT,"
From the Novel by
ETHEL M. DELL.
LA SCALA ORCHESTRA.

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA
HAROLD LLOYD
IN HIS FIRST 5-REEL COMEDY.
"A SAILOR-MADE MAN."
THE PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
TO-DAY.
"THE PLEASURE SEEKERS,"
Starring ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN.
"THREE MUSKETEERS."
Episode 1.
Mack Sennett Comedy, Gazette, etc.
THURSDAY NEXT,
"THE LAMB,"
Starring DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS.

BLACKROCK TOWN HALL.
SONG RECITAL AT THE PIANO,
By Mr. A. W. DEALE, assisted by
Miss RHODA COGHILL & Mr. WESLEY GUARD.
To-morrow (THURSDAY), 9th NOV., 7.30 p.m.
Tickets, 4/- and 2/-, Hayes, Conyngham's, Blackrock.

DANCES THIS WEEK, 8 to 11 p.m.
METROPOLE TO-NIGHT and Saturday.
ADELAIDE CLUB TO-MORROW (Thursday).
T. LEGGETT BYRNE. 27 Adelaide road.

LEGAL NOTICES.
STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JOHN MOORE, late of "Iona," Sidney Parade avenue, Sidney Parade, Co. Dublin (Manager for Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son), Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claim or demand upon or against the estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 11th day of July, 1922, are hereby required, on or before the 15th day of December, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors named in the Will of the said Deceased, to whom Probate of the said Will was granted on the 14th day of September, 1922, out of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland; King's Bench Division (Probate), Bailiff Seisdeach na hEireann.
And Notice is hereby given that on the said 15th day of December, 1922, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 31st day of October, 1922.
STEWART and ORR, Solicitors for the said Executors, 7 Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
ELIZABETH MARY RYAN, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that Elizabeth Mary Ryan, late of 26 Cumbridge road, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Widow, by her Will dated the 30th day of June, 1921, bequeathed to:—
The Parish Priest for the time being of Rathgar Roman Catholic Church, for Masses £20 0 0
The Parish Priest for the time being of Beechwood avenue Roman Catholic Church for M £20 0 0
The Parish Priest for the time being of Rathmines Roman Catholic Church, for Masses £20 0 0
And the said testator appointed Henrietta Louisa Waters and Samuel Brown both of 26 Cambridge road, Rathmines, the said County of Dublin, and Samuel Kerr, Solicitor to be the Executors of her said Will.
The said Testator, Elizabeth Mary Ryan, died on the 18th day of March, 1922, and her said Will was proved by the said Samuel Brown and Samuel Kerr, two of the said Executors, and Probate thereof granted to them forth of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland Probate Division, the Principal Registry, on the 11th day of August, 1922.
Dated this 3rd day of November, 1922.
SAMUEL KERR, Solicitor for said Executors, 45 Dame street, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, and all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE, pursuant to the 30th and 31st Victoria, cap. 54, Section 19, that the Rev. James Hamilton, of 4 Palmerston Villas, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Clerk in Holy Orders, by his Will, bearing date the 12th day of February, 1918, proved by his Executors, Annie Long, of 4 Palmerston Villas, Rathmines, aforesaid, Widow; the Rev. Francis Mourier, of Mayne Rectory, Coole, Co. Westmeath, Clerk in Holy Orders, and James Perry Ringwood, of 5 Clare street, Dublin, Solicitor, on the 12th day of July, 1922, bequeathed the following charitable legacies, viz.:—
To the Representative Body of the Church of Ireland, to be placed by them to the credit of the Superannuation Fund of the Diocese of Armagh, free of legacy duty £200
To the Church of Ireland Branch of the Church Missionary Society, free of legacy duty £200
To the Church of Ireland Auxiliary of the London Society for Promoting Christianity among the Jews, free of legacy duty £500
To the Representative Body of the Church of Ireland, to be by them added to the Endowment Fund of the Parish of Upper Donaghmore, in the Diocese of Armagh, free of legacy duty £100
To the Dublin Branch of the Mission to the Lepers in the East, free of legacy duty £200
To the Hospital for Incurables at Donnybrook a Landau, in the hope that it may be of use in taking some of the inmates for a drive.
Dated this 6th day of November, 1922.
LONGFIELD, KELLY, and ARMSTRONG, Solicitors for the said Executors, 25 Clare street, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and all others whom it may concern.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
REV. JAMES HAMILTON, late of 4 Palmerston Villas, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Clerk in Holy Orders, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise who have any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said Rev. James Hamilton, deceased, who died on the 3rd day of February, 1922, are hereby required, on or before the 30th day of December, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors of the said Deceased, to whom Probate of the Will of the said Deceased has been granted in the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice, Southern Ireland, on the 12th day of July, 1922.
And Notice is hereby also given that after the said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Rev. James Hamilton, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 6th day of November, 1922.
LONGFIELD, KELLY, and ARMSTRONG, Solicitors for the said Executors, 25 Clare street, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF
RICHARD O'CONNELL SILLES, late of 29 Harrington street, Dublin, Esquire, Deceased.
Take Notice that after the expiration of eight days from the date hereof we shall apply to the proper officer of His Majesty's High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland for a Grant of Administration, with Will annexed, of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 2nd March, 1921, unless a Caveat has been duly entered within the time aforesaid.
Dated this 7th day of November, 1922.
J. and J. GALLOWAY, Solicitors for the intended Administrator, 14 South Frederick street, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ALFRED WORMSER HARRIS, late of 62 Gulford street, London, Esquire, J.P., Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said Alfred Wormser Harris, Deceased, who died on the 27th day of December, 1921, are hereby required on or before the 30th day of December, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors of said Deceased, to whom Probate of the Will of said Deceased has been granted in the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Ireland, on the 8th day of June, 1922, and in default thereof the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 7th day of November, 1922.
GILTRAP and LAMBERT, Solicitors for the said Executors, 36 South Frederick street, Dublin.

METROPOLITAN CHRISTIAN UNION BUILDINGS.
Any person having any account or claim outstanding against the Trustees of the above is required to furnish particulars of the same to the undersigned before the 25th instant, after which date the Trustees will proceed to pay over the funds pursuant to the Order of the Court.
Dated this 6th day of November, 1922.
G. H. TULLOCH, 41 Dame street, Dublin.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.
To-day ... Morning 0.57 | Evening 1.18
To-morrow ... 1.35 | " 2. 3

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.
To-day ... Rises ... 7.36 | Sets 4.42
To-morrow ... 7.38 | " 4.40
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.40 P.M.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
LADIES' WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
OVERT COATS, FLEECE COATS.
LEATHER AND LEATHERETTE MOTOR COATS.
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST.,
76 MID-ABBEY-STREET,
34 NASSAU STREET,
65 DAWSON STREET,
DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

EDMOND JOHNSON, LTD.
SOLID SILVER CUPS, BOWLS, TEA AND COFFEE SERVICES, AND TRAYS.
MANUFACTURED ON THE PREMISES.
94 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

PATRON—H.M. THE KING.
SIXTEENTH INTERNATIONAL
MOTOR EXHIBITION
WHITE CITY AND OLYMPIA,
LONDON, W.
NOV. 3-11 OPEN 10 TILL 9
ADMISSION TO-DAY and Sat., Nov. 11 2/6
OTHER DAYS 5/-

RUSKIN
wrote—"A composition for cheapness and not for excellence of workmanship is the most frequent and certain cause of the rapid decay and entire destruction of arts and manufactures."
Our prices are very moderate, but we have not sacrificed quality for cheapness in any department. Tweed Suits from £6 10/-. Serges from £8. Whipcords from £9 10/-. Dinner Jacket Suits 9 guineas.
READY-FOR-SERVICE SUITS from £5.
THOMPSONS, TAILORS,
8 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

"GARNET."
AT DUBLIN CENTRAL STORES.
ALL HOUSE FURNISHING, HARDWARE, MODERN KITCHEN COOKING UTENSILS.
ALL HOUSEHOLD BRUSHES.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL, LTD.
9 and 10 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1922.
TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
Dublin 5036 and 5037.
Belfast 1787.
London Central 4380.
BELFAST OFFICE: 108 Royal Avenue.
LONDON OFFICE: 50 Fleet Street.
PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION: 19/6 per quarter.

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WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—The barometer continues to rise in the east; yesterday's depression, and winds will be from a westerly point at first, with mainly fair weather. A new depression approaching from the Atlantic will soon cause a change to southerly winds and renewed rainy weather.

Ireland.—Wind S.W., backing towards S.E.; fresh or strong; cloudy; some rain later. Visibility moderate; moderate temperature.

S.W. Seaboard, Mouth of Channel, to S.W. Ireland.—Wind S.W. to S., moderate to strong; sea rather rough; dull, some rain; visibility good.

Irish Sea and St. George's Channel.—Wind W., moderate, backing later; sea moderate; showers; visibility good.

N.W. Seaboard, N. Ireland to Hebrides.—Do.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre—Carl Rosa Opera Co.—"Tales of Hoffmann," 7.45 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Willy Reilly," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Round Table" and "Sovereign Love," 8.15 p.m.
Empire Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Princess, Rathmines—Pictures, continuous.
Metropole Cinema—Continuous, 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Masterpiece—Pictures, continuous.
Grafton Picture House—Continuous, 12 to 10.30.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, continuous.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Grand Central Cinema—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
College Historical Society, 8 p.m.
New Licensing Court, Balbriggan, 11 a.m.
Nurses' Meeting, Mansion House, 8 p.m.
Dublin Guardians, 2 p.m.
North Dublin Rural Council, 12.30 p.m.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The battleship Hindustan is to be sent to Belfast to be broken up. It will give employment to 100 men for a considerable time.—(P. 6.)

Three men were taken from their homes and shot dead within the past two days in the Tobercurry district of County Sligo.—(P. 7.)

Reports from Foxford, County Mayo, state that a fierce encounter was in progress there between National troops and Republicans yesterday, and that the woollen mills had been attacked.—(P. 7.)

Armed men last night, at Liffey Junction, outside Dublin, detached an engine from a train and sent it full speed down the loop line. It ran into the London and North-Western Company's station at North Wall, wrecking a train which was lying there, and narrowly missing a wagon laden with explosives.—(P. 5.)

An address on the housing problem was given to the Architectural Association of Ireland in Dublin last night by Mr. T. F. Strahan, M.R.I.A.—(P. 6.)

The Northern Government's scheme for the training of teachers was inaugurated yesterday.—(P. 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

Speaking at Newcastle yesterday, Mr. Lloyd George referred to the difficulties that lay before the Government, and said that he wanted a bodyguard of National Liberals to help him in watching its policy. —(P. 6.)

ABROAD.

Four British soldiers have been stabbed in the streets of Constantinople. So great is the feeling of apprehension among Christians and anti-Kemalist Turks that many have taken refuge in the Consulates. The Allied High Commissioners have been authorised to proclaim martial law if necessary.—(P. 5.)

In an interview with our Correspondent in Constantinople, Rafet Pasha, the Angora Governor, explains why the State of Turkey has been divorced from the Church. While the Khalif has been deposed, the Khalifat remains. Moslem leaders all over the world have approved of Angora's action, he says.—(P. 5.)

Kemal's Threat.

Mustapha Kemal and his lieutenants have thrown the Mudania Convention to the winds. They began by the deposition of the Sultan, who, very courageously, refused point-blank to be deposed and applied to the Allies for protection. Then they sent a Note to the Allies which amounted to a notice to quit Constantinople, on the ground that the military occupation of the capital had become useless and, in the circumstances, impossible. Sir Charles Harington, who was supported strongly by the French and Italian High Commissioners, informed Rafet Pasha, Kemal's chief representative at Constantinople, that the "request" to evacuate the city could not be obeyed. His duty, he said, was to maintain order in Constantinople until it should be handed over formally by the Allies to the Turks, and he proposed to fulfil his instructions. As a result of this refusal to be bullied by the Turks, some serious rioting took place in the streets of the city. Turkish students demonstrated against the British and other Allied police, and several minor collisions occurred on the Galata Bridge. As soon as Mustapha Kemal saw that the Allies were in earnest, and, moreover, that they were at one, he changed his tactics. His next move was to order all import duties in Constantinople to be raised from 11 to 55 *per cent.*, and this deliberate defiance of Allied authority forced General Harington to threaten a military occupation of the Customs House.

Mustapha Kemal wants to get control of the Straits again before the British Government has had time to establish itself in office. He is trying, in the first place, to get rid of the Capitulations, and, having secured the withdrawal of the Allied troops, to assume full control over the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles. The wily Turk is doomed to disappointment. The Allies have promised that Constantinople shall be restored to the Turks; but there are 700,000 Christians in that city, and until the safety of these unfortunates is assured there can be no question of withdrawal. Furthermore, the freedom of the Straits is a cardinal point on which compromise is impossible. Apart altogether from Britain's special interest in the matter, the Balkan peoples must be considered, and the Allies never can consent to a Turco-Bolshevist control. Fortunately, the Allies are united in their refusal to submit to Kemal's arrogant demands. Circumstances have undergone a vast change within the past few weeks, and the advent of a new Government in England has removed many of the causes of friction among the Allies. Britain, France and Italy are speaking now with one voice, and Mustapha Kemal will be a very foolish man if he tries to repeat his Chanak manœuvre. We are inclined to believe that his antics during the past few days have been in the nature of a *ballon d'essai*. If we are correct, he ought to know now how the land lies.

The Angora Government has sacrificed much of the sympathy of the Moslem world by its high-handed deposition of the Sultan from the Kalifate, and its proclamation of Turkey as a virtual Republic has been received with astonishment throughout Islam. These matters, of course, are purely of domestic interest to Islam, and the Allies have no right to interfere; but, now that the Sultan has thrown himself and his high office on the protection of Britain, France and Italy, it is difficult to see how they will be able to avoid some kind of intervention. All three Powers have large numbers of Mohammedan subjects, who will look to them to save the Kalifate from harm. Since the Mudania Conference two new figures have appeared on the European stage. Mr. Bonar Law in Britain and Signor Mussolini in Italy have assumed the leadership of the State, and in each of them Mustapha Kemal will find a man who will stand no nonsense. Mr. Bonar Law has decided, very wisely, to leave the conduct of foreign affairs almost entirely in the hands of the Foreign Office; but, in view of the extremely dangerous situation which has arisen at Constantinople, his personal responsibility will be very great. He can be trusted to act with prudence and discretion, and the people need not fear that he will lead them into any wild adventure. The time may come, of course, when vigorous action will be essential; but even then, if the Allies act loyally together, neither Mustapha Kemal nor anybody else will be able to dismay them.

The Railway Strike.

The strike of the traffic staffs at Kingsbridge Terminus has lasted for three weeks and the end is not in sight. Indeed, the strike has extended to Naas, Newbridge and Sallins, and, perhaps, even further South. Two unions—the National Union of Railwaymen and the Transport Workers' Union—are supporting this strike, of which the net results up to the present are serious injuries to Irish industry and trade, the disemployment of some 1,800 men and a wage loss of nearly £20,000. In any country where Labour's intelligence was commensurate to the rights and privileges which it claims people would assume that the strikers must have had urgent cause for action. We search vainly for such a cause. The simple fact seems to be that the largest railway system in Ireland is throttled because an essential part of the staff demands total exemption from its share of the losses which the whole country has suffered during recent months. As everybody knows, the Great Southern Railway has been one of the chief victims of the campaign of destruction. Important services were thrown out of gear; business dwindled, and at last the company, which had "carried on" with fine courage, was forced to choose between a reduction of its traffic staff and a shortening of the week's work and wage. It pointed out that, while the number of hours for which wages were paid had decreased since last autumn by only 29 *per cent.*, the volume of traffic had decreased by 43 *per cent.* In these circumstances the company offered the men a five days' week. They refused to accept it and the strike began. In effect, the strikers make two claims. They claim the right to a full week's wages even when the work which alone justifies such wages does not exist. They claim also the right to usurp managerial functions by fixing the number of men whom the company shall employ. Both these claims are untenable. No business—railway or drapery store or provision shop—could be conducted under such conditions. Doctors and stockholders and traders have been penalised by the present disorders, and usually in far more than one-sixth of their weekly incomes. Labour need not hope to escape the common doom by the foolish device of dealing a blow at the country's general welfare. Every commodity will be dearer throughout the South of Ireland during the coming weeks if this impossible revolt against economic facts is not brought to a speedy end. The Labour leaders in the Provisional Parliament ought to realise that the strike is doing grave disservice to the real interests of the working classes, and ought to throw their influence on the side of patriotism and common-sense.

A Capital Levy.

The details of the proposed capital levy in Switzerland have been published. The Socialist Party is responsible for the scheme, but Swiss Socialism is a very pale shade of red. There is an obvious attempt to arrange the levy in such fashion that not only the working-man, but the *bourgeois* and professional classes may escape its predatory clutch. Thus furniture, up to the value of £2,000 is not taxable. On the other hand, live stock is not exempt to any extent—an omission that will rally the agricultural interests and small-holders solidly against the measure. Two thousand pounds probably would cover the personal effects of the average Swiss workman. In case he should have a little something in the bank, however, he gets exemption to the tune of £3,200, with an additional £1,200 for his wife and £400 *per* child. A man with a wife, and six children under age, therefore, can possess £2,000 worth of household effects and £6,800 in the bank or in investments without risk of levy. When that point is passed the percentage of his wealth which will be confiscated for the benefit of the State increases rapidly, beginning with ten *per cent.* of the first £2,000. A man with £306,000 will pay £86,600, or approximately 28 *per cent.* Of the next £500,000 37.50 *per cent.* will be lopped, and of the next £600,000 slightly over 50 *per cent.* If he has wealth over and above these sums, 60 *per cent.* of it will be confiscated for the advancement of the public weal. It is when we learn that all the assets of a corporation, except its share capital, are subject to the levy that we discover why Switzerland is denouncing the proposal as the direct and diabolical product of Moscow itself.

Oil and Wine.

Of two recent scenes from the Prohibition extravaganza one is laid in Washington, where the minions of drouth recently seized eighty-four cases of Scotch whiskey, forming a portion of the personal effects of the new Peruvian Minister. Diplomacy protested in no uncertain voice, and the State Department has decreed that the stocks of liquor belonging to accredited diplomats are inviolable. It is reported that the official calling hours of the *Corps Diplomatique* will be extended substantially. The other scene is laid on board the good ship Southern Cross, of the United States Shipping Board, which has reached New York from Rio five days late. The ship left Rio "dry," but the passengers made their own arrangements. They underestimated—if one is to believe Miss Nordvaille, of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union—their drinking abilities, and the ripe suggestion was advanced that the ship should put into the still vext, but still wet, Bermoothes. Normally such a request could not be granted by the captain of a ship; but it happened coincidently that the Southern Cross found herself at this juncture mysteriously short of fuel oil as well as of the oil of life. Bermuda was visited and, owing to the inhospitable attitude of the British, five days elapsed before the vessel, now well oiled, was able to proceed to New York. It is said that the United States Shipping Board, a soulless corporation, intends to investigate the whole affair. It is said also that the Bermuda Government contemplates an extension of its harbour facilities.

COLLEGE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

As befits its name, the College Historical Society, which opens its 153rd session in Trinity Dining Hall to-night, is an institution of great traditions and with an eventful past. Just how it came into being in 1770, or who were its actual founders, no one now can tell; for the first volume of its proceedings has been lost. The chances are, however, that it forms a connecting link with certain kindred societies which had existed in the University during the preceding generation. The earliest of these, of which any record still remains, was founded by the philosopher Berkeley, and was a small private society, formed for the discussion of philosophical subjects. Then in 1747, the cultivation of history and oratory. How long it survived is not known; but Burke took his degree four years later, and it is not unlikely that the society, of which Goldsmith was for a while a member, declined after its founder left College.

In 1753, Barry Yelverton, afterwards Lord Avonmore, started a debating society, called the College Historical Club, but of its proceedings no record remains. Probably it carried on until the birth of the present Historical Society in 1770.

* * * * * *

In the light of its later fame it is curious to learn that the College Historical Society was at the outset a most unpromising body. How poor was the standard of its debates may be gathered from the tone of the inaugural address for the year 1774. The auditor was Mr. Ball, and from his straight talk at the opening session that year the following is an extract:—"One gentleman arises and opens the debate by modestly informing the society that 'he has nothing to say, for that, indeed, he has not studied the question,' and sits down. Another arises to oppose the last, and to that purpose, with equal modesty, assures us that 'the arguments of his learned and respectable friend, who opened the debate, carry with them such weight and authority, 'twould be presumption on his part to attempt an answer, and—besides—indeed, being prevented by necessary avocations, he has not studied the question either, and he sits down. The President, after some minutes spent in the most awkward silence imaginable, is forced to rise and put the question to the vote . . . Well may Oxford, well may Cambridge, make their boast, and call us, as they do, their 'Silent Sister!' Shamefully indolent as we are, the reproaches of these might rouse us. Seats of a confined and donkish learning, shall they produce wits and poets and orators, while the only seminary for the education of gentlemen in Europe is barren of these fruits? Forbid it glory! Forbid it patriotism! Forbid it shame!"

* * * * * *

Whether the wholesome candour of Mr. Ball had any immediate effect upon the quality of the debates it is impossible to say, as a gap follows in the records of the society and extends down to the memorable year of 1782. Thereafter, for well over a decade, the Historical Society numbered amongst its members some of the most brilliant Irishmen of that eventful era, at least a few of whom were destined soon to add a fresh chapter to the troubled history of their country.

Foremost in the debates of the society then were Plunket, who won several medals for oratory and composition; Bushe, afterwards Chief Justice of Ireland, of whom Grattan at this period declared that he spoke with the voice of an angel; Peter Burrowes, deep and wise in the lore of the law books, an abstracted genius withal, who was found one breakfast-time standing with an egg in his hand and his watch boiling merrily in the saucepan; the brothers Emmet, three of them, and each a youth of surpassing gifts of intellect; also there was Wolfe Tone, who in his autobiography writes, referring to his career at Trinity:—"As it was, however, I obtained a Scholarship, three premiums, and three medals from the Historical Society—a most admirable institution—of which I had the honour to be Auditor, and also to close the session with a speech from the chair, the highest compliment which the Society was used to bestow. That was in 1785, when the College Historical, like the country itself, had reached its meridian splendour. A period of trial for both was shortly to begin.

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Through one cause or another, the Society lost several of its ablest members, including Temple Emmet, its bright particular star in oratory, whom death called away. So rapidly did it decline that in 1792 it was re-organised under a new name, the Junior Historical Society, and two years afterwards came into open conflict with the Board. The struggle which followed is familiar history, and need not be dwelt upon here. At any rate, its issue with the governors of an institution in which the relentless Lord Clare exerted authority might have been foreseen. The Historical Society was branded as a Jacobin club, its members were placed under the ban of the Lord Chancellor, and it finally broke down. But a new association of the students, under the same name, sprang up meanwhile. Its meetings for debate were permitted by the Board on the understanding that the members would not honour for discussion any question of modern politics or admit into their proceedings any allusion to such subjects. Things went on harmoniously enough for several years, and then, in 1815, the Society again got into trouble with the College authorities, and withdrew itself to the Black Lion Inn. One of its leading members at this time was Charles Wolfe, author of the famous poem on the burial of Sir John Moore. In 1818 he closed the winter session with a speech from the chair, for which he received a gold medal from the Society.

For over a quarter of a century thereafter the Historical Society flourished in banishment outside the walls of the College, numbering amongst its Auditors such men of historic note as Isaac Butt, Thomas MacNevin, and Thomas Davis. At length, in 1843, the Board permitted it to return to the College, and at the first meeting in its old headquarters William Connor Magee, afterwards Archbishop of York, delivered as Auditor an opening address of remarkable eloquence. In the long span that has since intervened harmony has prevailed between this venerable Society of so many proud and heart-stirring associations and the Governing Body of Trinity College.

T. O'H.

ARMISTICE DAY

TURKISH AGGRESSION.

BRITISH SOLDIERS ATTACKED IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

ALLIED CONTROL FLOUTED

CHRISTIANS TAKING REFUGE IN FOREIGN CONSULATES.

Four British soldiers were stabbed by exuberant Kemalist demonstrators in Constantinople on Monday night, and cries of "Down with the Allies" have been raised. Many Christians and anti-Kemalist Turks have taken refuge in the Allies' embassies, and altogether the situation is regarded as very menacing.

The seizure of the reins of government in Constantinople has already borne fruit. The Customs officials have been ordered to apply Angora's specific tariff, which is five times that which prevailed under the Sultan's rule. The measure was not effective yesterday, as the Customs House was closed, but there was a rush to lay in food supplies before the new tax becomes operative, and prices were immediately trebled. Yesterday morning it was next to impossible to purchase several necessaries. The value of the £ sterling touched a new high "record."

The Allied High Commissioners have protested against the order to apply the new tariff, which over-rides the Allies' control of Constantinople. They have received instructions from their Governments to proclaim martial law, if necessary.

A short-notice meeting of the Cabinet was held at 10 Downing street yesterday afternoon to discuss the new situation in Constantinople.

KEMAL TERRORISTS.

DOWN WITH THE ALLIES!

The following messages, dated Monday, have been received from Reuter's Correspondent in Constantinople.—The demonstrations in the Asiatic suburbs of Constantinople took a nasty turn yesterday, when the windows of the houses of Christians were smashed, and two British soldiers were stabbed. It became necessary to arrest two of the Turkish police. Two British soldiers were also wounded by stabbing at Galata by demonstrators, who in many parts shouted—" Down with Great Britain! Down with France! Down with the Allies!"

The Customs officials began the application this morning of the specific tariff collected in the Kemalist regions, which is five-fold the tariff introduced during the war. At the same time they enforced the Nationalist regulations regarding articles of luxury and alcoholic beverages, and merchants are now unable to clear their stocks.

The Kemalist seizure of the reins of Government has caused consternation among the non-Turkish elements, and Turks not favourably regarded by the Nationalists. Many are taking refuge in the Embassies, and are seeking means to escape from the country. Yesterday the Allied authorities embarked over 7,000 Greek refugees for conveyance to Salonica.

The pound sterling touched the highest point on record to-day, while it is reported that Kemalist agents are ordering the native Christian inhabitants in suburbs to pay a compulsory levy towards the upkeep of the Army.

BLUFF.

The general impression prevails that the Kemalists are trying to make the Allied position untenable in Constantinople, to reduce the occupation to a farce, and to squeeze us out before the Peace Conference meets, but a strong line by the Allied Generals' High Commissioners, should call this bluff.

A threatening situation has also arisen in the Chanak area, where, although the Turkish troops are keeping behind the lines, their Gendarmerie, who are really troops with a different label, have pushed forward practically against the British wires. They are actually stopping the British patrols from advancing beyond the three mile limit.

ANGORA'S BLUNDERS.

ALLIED CONTROL IGNORED.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Monday midnight.

Following the Allies' emphatic refusal of the Nationalist request to leave Constantinople, the local Government received orders to-day from Angora to apply a tariff of 55 per cent. in place of the old tariff of 11 per cent. on all imports. The measure was not effective to-day as the Customs House was closed, and no business doing.

A hastily-called meeting of the Allies' Trade Commission met the situation squarely, and declared that the Angora tariff could not be applied so long as the Allies remained in Constantinople. At a meeting of the High Commissioners to-night it is understood that a decision was taken to occupy the Customs House militarily if Rafet Pasha's Government insists upon the application of the increased tariff.

Meanwhile, Constantinople faces the immediate tripling of food costs as a result of the application of the tariff increase. All articles of prime necessity are going up in retail price. There is now nearly a panic on the produce markets. Last night and this morning it was next to impossible to purchase flour, cigars, tea, and coffee, retail. Bread leaped overnight to three times yesterday's cost. Prices in the cafés have already rapidly risen.

The feeling here, in Turkish circles as well as Allied, is that Angora has committed another serious blunder. It is impossible for the Allies to accept, for it would amount to a recognition of Angora's abrogation of the capitulations. However, it is not thought the Turks will press the point.

Turkish policy since the Mudania Conference can be characterised as a series of blunders. Angora's deposition of the Khalifat has caused criticism even among the Cabinet members. Two have resigned thus far—Abdul Azmi Effendi, Sheik of Islam, the Angora Minister for Religious Affairs, who refused to abide by the decision of Angora, and Vehbi Bey, Minister of Education, who also disagreed.

Rafet Pasha has ordered that no further demonstrations shall take place.

ALLIES' UNITED FRONT.

GENERALS INTERVIEW RAFET.

The Times Correspondent says:—I understand that the unbending attitude of the Allies towards the Turkish requests was further emphasised this (Monday) morning in an interview which the High Commissioners had with Hamid Bey and the Allied Generals with Rafet Pasha. It is believed that both Turkish leaders have been deeply impressed by the unanimity and firmness of the Allies, who, in effect, have made it clear that while they have no intention of interfering in the purely internal affairs of Turkey, they are absolutely resolved to maintain the duty of occupying and preserving order in Constantinople in accordance with their signatures.

The Press Association's Special Correspondent in Constantinople telegraphs the following account of the meeting of the Allied Generals with Rafet Pasha on Monday morning:—

The tone of the meeting was very different from that of the friendly mutual consideration which characterised the previous meetings.

General Harington began by pointing out that Rafet Pasha was apparently trying to usurp the authority of the Allied Generals. Rafet's Government had asked for the removal of the Allied troops and warships. Rafet himself had taken over control of all services of public order, as well as of all departments of public administration at Constantinople, dismissing officials, closing the Customs, etc. Apparently Rafet forgot that there was the Treaty of Mudros, which had not been superseded by the Convention of Mudania.

The Allied Generals had no power to divest themselves of their authority at Constantinople, even if they wished to do so. They were here by orders of their Governments. There could not be dual control. There could only be one control, and that must be the Allied administration.

Constantinople would eventually, probably within a few weeks, be handed over to the Nationalists, but in the meantime the Allies were responsible for the maintenance of public order and security. They were not going to give up that responsibility.

The Turkish police and gendarmerie at Constantinople had worked satisfactorily with the Allies during the past month, and General Harington hoped that it would be possible to continue on the same basis.

General Charpy (France) then addressed Rafet Pasha on the same lines, showing that he was in complete agreement with General Harington's attitude, while General Monbelli (Italy) followed, endorsing General Harington's declaration on behalf of Italy.

RAFET DENIES CONTROL.

Rafet Pasha, in reply, expressed ignorance of the Notes which the Angora representative had handed to the Allied High Commissioners. These Notes, he said, were diplomatic.

Rafet went on to declare that he was anxious to work in agreement with the Allies, but as could not accept control in any shape or form.

He complained that the British Commandant on the Asiatic shores of the Bosphorus had issued a proclamation prohibiting demonstrations. Rafet said that he hoped that the British officer would be reprimanded.

General Harington replied that this proclamation had received his entire approval, and he intended to stop the demonstrations, which were becoming noisy and threatening on this side of the Bosphorus also.

Rafet remarked that the demonstrations had now to cease. He added that he would refer to Angora for instructions, and he would again consult with the Allied Generals to-morrow.

The meeting, therefore, ended in a complete deadlock, but there is reason to believe that the Kemalists will climb down before the united attitude of the Allies.

CABINET MEETING.

A short notice meeting of Ministers was held at 10 Downing street yesterday afternoon, and is understood to have had reference to the Near Eastern situation. Mr. Bonar Law presided, and among those present were Viscount Cave, the Marquis of Salisbury, the Marquis Curzon, the Earl of Derby, the Duke of Devonshire, Sir Samuel Hoare, and Viscount Peel. Sir Maurice Hankey attended in his capacity as Secretary to the Cabinet.

MARTIAL LAW AUTHORISED.

(Tuesday).—In reply to their request for instructions, the Allied High Commissioners have been authorised to take whatever steps they consider necessary for the maintenance of order in Constantinople, even to the extent of proclaiming martial law.

LAUSANNE CONFERENCE.

The Government has informed the French Government through the British Ambassador in Paris that it suggests the postponement of the opening of the Lausanne Conference from November 13 to 27.

The French Government, while in favour of a brief delay, is expected to raise objections to a postponement until the 27th.

It is semi-officially pointed out in Paris that the Allies are determined not to delay the settlement of the question of peace in the Near East, but are equally determined not to permit the Turks to take measures contrary to previous agreements.

Yesterday morning's Paris newspapers dwell on the painful impression caused by the recent events in Constantinople. It is generally held that the Kemalist claims run absolutely counter to the terms of the Mudania agreement.

INTERVIEW WITH RAFET.

WHY CHURCH AND STATE WERE DIVORCED.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday.

Rafet Pasha, Governor of the Province of Constantinople, granted an exclusive interview to me to-day at the Cercle d'Orient, his General Headquarters. He told me that the divorcement of the Church and State was made with the full knowledge of the Moslem leaders in all parts of the world.

The startling decision of the Grand National Assembly to dethrone the Sultan and separate the dynasty of Osman from all temporal powers was not hastily made, but was reached after deliberations over a long period.

"What does the rest of the Moslem world think of your drastic action towards the Khalif, Excellency?" I asked, as Rafet Pasha drew me away from the crowds of officials and soldiers in his official quarters into the privacy of his personal office. "Does it not afford a great opportunity for anti-Kemalist propaganda among other believers?"

"Not in the least," he replied, as he offered me cigarettes and coffee. "For three years the moral possession of the Khalifat rested with the Grand Assembly. All that time we have been in close touch with the representatives of the Moslem world. They were not supporting the Khalif, who was a prisoner in the hands of the British, but backing the Khalifat. Their representatives were supporting the Assembly, which represents the Khalifat morally.

"Their agitation during the last three years was not on behalf of the Khalif here, but for the right of Turkey to represent the Khalifat. They telegraphed in support of this point of view, and also expressed approval by other means.

ISLAM IN AGREEMENT.

"Then the action of Angora was taken with the consent of the rest of the Moslem world?" I asked.

"Angora's decision was not a new one. It was taken two years ago, when the Assembly decided to deliver the Sultanate into the hands of the people. It was then that the Islamic States learned and approved of the fact that the Khilafat was in the hands of the Assembly."

"It is my understanding that the Khilafat title rests with the Osman family?" I ventured.

"Yes," replied Rafet Pasha.

"Then the deposed Sultan remains Khalif for the present?"

"No. The present Khalif has virtually abdicated. A new one is not yet elected. The Khilafa cannot be in a country occupied by the enemies of Islam; nor can the person of the Khalif be imprisoned, as was the Sultan, in the hands of the English for three years. He has not been bodily Khalif in that time. The title has rested since the occupation with the Grand National Assembly."

"What good does Turkey expect to gain from the separation of the Church and State?" I asked.

"Whatever you can expect from similar divorcement in any democratic country," was the reply.

"Has the union of the temporal and religious power in the hands of the person of the Sultan been a handicap for Turkey?"

"Let us not discuss that point," replied Rafet Pasha. "Let us consider only that in democratic Turkey the Sultanate must rest in the hands of the people."

WHY SULTAN WAS DEPOSED.

"Has the Sultan abdicated?"

"No; but we have no time to occupy ourselves with such formality."

"Why did the Grand National Assembly depose the Sultan now, rather than wait the result of the Peace Conference?"

"Because we were afraid of intrigue between the Sultan's Government and the British. We wanted to be rid of that danger once and for all, for it might be a hindrance to peace. We could not take chances."

Rafet Pasha's exposition of the Nationalist views will be certain to cause intense controversy among fanatical Moslems, according to Turkish leaders with whom I have discussed the question here, but religious celebrations during the last three days indicate that the Turkish religious leaders, at least, have accepted the Grand National Assembly's decision.

THE IRISH PRISONERS.

A resolution, proposed by Mr. Seán O hUaighaidh, requesting that an inquiry should be instituted into the treatment of the Irish prisoners, was adopted by Rathmines Urban District Council last night.

FULL STEAM AHEAD.

A DUBLIN RAILWAY OUTRAGE.

CALAMITY AVERTED.

CARRIAGES WRECKED AT NORTH WALL.

Abondoning their efforts to set fire to Liffey Junction Station, when a special cattle train pulled up there at 6.55 last evening, armed men ordered the driver and fireman from the engine, uncoupled it, and sent it at full speed along the line.

The engine, after a headlong rush of nearly three miles, crashed into eleven wagons in the London and North-Western Railway Company's goods and passenger station at the North Wall, telescoping some and completely wrecking the others.

No person was injured, but an appalling death list would probably have resulted if the collision had detonated a wagon of explosives which was in the adjoining goods yard.

Liffey Junction and its vicinity have been the scene of several outrages by armed men during the past few weeks, including the midnight burning of a signal cabin near the cattle siding. Another signal cabin on the railway line at Drumcondra was burned down on Monday night, after an unsuccessful attempt on the previous Saturday night.

The junction is a small station in a rather lonely position on the side of the Royal Canal, about three-quarters of a mile above the Cross Guns Bridge. There are only a few small cottages in the vicinity.

Shortly before seven o'clock last evening it was invaded by a large party of armed men, who posted sentries, and proceeded to sprinkle the platform and offices with petrol. They had not been more than a few minutes engaged on this task when the "cattle special" pulled into the station.

Apparently they decided that the train provided a better adventure; for they ceased their incendiary efforts and devoted their attention to the train crew, consisting of the driver, fireman, and guard.

At the revolver point the driver and fireman were ordered off the footplate. The engine was uncoupled, and one of the men started it full speed ahead, jumping off before it gathered way.

They watched the locomotive disappear down the deep cutting of the line, and then left the junction, having cautioned the railwaymen not to stir from the spot for fifteen minutes.

Apparently armed men had taken the precaution of cutting the telephone wires in the vicinity, because for some hours afterwards it was impossible to communicate with either the London and North-Western Railway or the Midland Great Western Railway Company. Liffey Junction is on the latter company's line.

ENGINE'S BREAK-NECK SPEED.

It was fortunate that for most of the way the railway runs through a cutting and there are no level crossings; for the masterless engine sped on its way at the rate of fully a mile a minute, if not more. Indeed, railwaymen of experience are surprised that it did not jump the rails long before it came to the North Wall, as it had not the steadying drag of a train at its back.

Across the crowded shunting yards and tangle of tracks on the level ground near the docks it tore with undiminished speed. The "road" was "made" for entry to the London and North-Western Railway station, and the flying locomotive took the points with scarcely a jolt.

Those in the station had barely time to notice the engine bearing upon them when the crash came.

"My oath!" said a British soldier who was in the station at the time; "I thought the place was being bombed. It made a fearful row under this arched roof, you know."

The engine dashed full tilt into eleven goods wagons which were standing at the platform, telescoping some of them, forcing buffer-plank to buffer-plank, squeezing out the sides of covered vans, crumpling up the corrugated iron roofs, wrecking the stop buffers at the end of the track, and forcing the two furthest wagons into a suspended position above the rails.

There were no passengers in the station at the time, and the railway-men quickly recovered from the shock. One of their number boarded the engine and shut off steam.

It the goods wagons had not been there, it is quite possible that the runaway locomotive would have mounted the platform at the end of the little "dock" and wrecked a large portion of the station building, perhaps even emerging on the roadway outside.

WRECKAGE AND DESTRUCTION.

An *Irish Times* representative who visited the scene shortly after the occurrence had his attention first attracted by the eleventh wagon raised high above the platform on the right-hand side as one enters the station. The wheels suspended above the shattered platform buffers were seven feet over the track; the rear wheels were somewhat lower. The wood, metal and brickwork of the stationary buffers bore vivid evidence of the terrific force of the impact, and a portion of steel track had been broken completely in two.

This was a Great Southern and Western wagon, evidently not long constructed, and apparently containing goods, as it was sealed. Most of the other wagons were empty. The tenth wagon had also been lifted clear of the track. The fourth wagon from the engine had the side nearest the platform forced completely out by the pressure. In virtually every case the ends of the wagons had been forced up against each other, the buffers completely penetrating the framework.

The engine was the Avondale, of the Midland Great Western Railway Company. It had penetrated deeply into the first wagon, the funnel being fully two feet under the cover of the truck. The funnel had been slightly bent by the impact.

Less than twenty yards away from the scene of the explosion, in the goods yard outside the station, was another goods wagon containing explosives, and guarded by national troops.

The possibilities of such an explosion are appalling. A very wide area would most certainly have been reduced to ruins, including the extensive premises of the railway and steamship companies. The shipping in the river and docks would have suffered severely, and the loss of life, both among the workers and the residents of the adjoining streets, undoubtedly would have reached a staggering total.

RED ARMY IN REVIEW.

METAMORPHOSIS OF TROTSKY'S RABBLE.

PICTURESQUE SCENES IN PETROGRAD.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

PETROGRAD, Monday midnight.

Where once the ermined Romanoffs reviewed the processions of their Imperial Army, stood to-day a group of three hundred representing forty-five countries.

They watched the Army of the Red Revolution march through the square of the Winter Palace.

The three hundred delegates, including many European and Americans of the Third International, which is meeting in celebration of the five years of the Russian Revolution, saluted the red colours. They saw a sight which they will never forget.

It was the metamorphosis of Trotsky's Army from the rags of two years ago. From the remnants of men and materials arose to-day the new army of Leon Trotsky. And of the Navy, too.

The new cavalry, of which Budenny is still the head, galloped by, officers and men shouting wild Cossack yells, waving white swords, flashing golden in the feeble Northern sun.

British armoured cars, light French tanks followed. A sample was offered of all branches of the service. Each man had a new long coat. Each of the men of the regiments were dressed alike, and the rhythm of marching feet, the snap to salute, the unison of faces turning towards the reviewing stand, and the manœuvring within the square, spoke of discipline and order of a well-trained European army.

Overhead ten Army planes flew in formation, divided, stunted, and departed, while a heavy seaplane dropped leaflets.

The display of human material was prodigal. It was many times as impressive as that of war machinery. Guns, armoured cars, tanks, motorised anti-aircraft batteries, being mostly war booty, made in England and France, and captured from Denikin and other leaders of the civil war.

Cavalry on fierce little horses (and horses with flags of many coloured pennants), a great waving of swords, furnished the thrill of the day.

Of the 50,000 men who paraded 5,000 were sailors, and, in memory of the men of the first Revolution, which fired the shot into the Winter Palace, and the sailors who spread the Revolution, the civilian reviewers burst into loud and long applause.

The idea for the fortress of Peter and Paul, once the prison of the Russian Revolutionists, and now their stronghold, cannon boomed intermittently.

A squad of a company battalion, each wearing a red flag, echoed hoarse shouts from the grand stand.

The faces of the marchers were all smiles. The youthfulness of the soldiers was impressive. There were a few under 18, a few over 25. Nearly all were peasants' sons, who, but for the revolution, might have passed, perhaps a little better clad, a little more strictly officered before the Tsar.

50,000 workmen, with a military guard of honour, who paraded yesterday, were to-day onlookers. All the shops in the city were shut. The adherents of the Soviets did not seem to care what the bourgeois thought about their show.

To-morrow the celebrations begin in Moscow.

SMALLPOX IN LONDON.

THREE MORE CASES REPORTED: ANOTHER DEATH.

Smallpox has claimed three more victims from the Poplar Institution, and they were removed without delay to the Long Reach Hospital. This makes a total of 41 from this institution.

A little girl from Vauxhall Walk, Lambeth, who contracted the disease a short time ago, died yesterday.

GERMANY SHORT OF COAL.

INDUSTRY AND HEALTH SUFFERING.

The Reparations Commission met the German Minister of Finance yesterday, says Reuter, when the question of coal deliveries was discussed. Among the points raised by the German was the fact that the coal now being imported to replace the surrendered coal cost the Government three times the price of the coal mined at home.

It was also pointed out that German industries were suffering greatly from a shortage of coal, and that lung diseases were increasing among the population owing to insufficient heating.

The Reparations Commission is awaiting the German reply to the Commission's note of Monday, which impressed upon the German Government the necessity of making proposals for a more definite and concrete nature regarding the stabilisation of the mark than those so far submitted. The reply will probably be based upon the opinions of the unofficial experts, and it is hoped that it will contain proposals which will permit of the continuation of the present discussions.

AMBUSH IN MERRION SQUARE.

At a quarter past eleven o'clock last night shots were fired at an armoured lorry, containing national troops, which was patrolling Merrion square, North, Dublin. The soldiers dismounted and searched a number of youths who were loitering around Holles street, but made no arrests.

MR. DE VALERA'S WARNING.

NEW PROCLAMATION.

THE GOVERNMENT DECLARED ILLEGAL.

DEBTS DENOUNCED.

The *Irish Times* has received the following document:—

Government of the Republic of Ireland.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas an unconstitutional and usurping Junta, set up at the dictation of the British Government and calling itself the "Provisional Government of Ireland," is, and has been, pledging the credit of the nation without the sanction of Dail Eireann, the Parliament and Government of the Republic, and contracting debts and liabilities in various ways, including the purchase of military supplies and war material, and is further seeking to create vested interests by filling vacant offices and making appointments to new offices;

And Whereas the so-called Provisional Government has been proclaimed an illegal body by the Government of the Republic;

Therefore it is hereby proclaimed and notified to all whom it may concern that all such debts contracted, or to be contracted, and appointments made, or to be made, by the said Provisional Government without the sanction of Dail Eireann, the Parliament and Government of the Republic, are, and shall be, illegal, null, and void, and will not be recognised by the State,

Airmistin de Stoic,
MINISTER OF FINANCE.
Eamon de Valera,
PRESIDENT.

3rd November, 1922.

A GUY FAWKES FILM.

SCENE IN THE CRYPT OF THE COMMONS.

If the authorities are kind, a film is to be made in the historic crypt of the Houses of Parliament. The subject of the picture will be the Gunpowder Plot.

Although Guy Fawkes Day has only just passed, the production of the film is to begin immediately, so that it may be ready for exhibition in the cinemas on November 5 next year.

The idea for the picture was born in the Chamber of Horrors at Madame Tussaud's during the week-end.

Mr. Jeffery Bernard, Managing Director of the Stoll Film Company, which is to take the film, says that he is hoping to secure the services of a well-known actor for the lead.

He is also applying for permission to enact some of the scenes in the crypt of the Houses of Parliament where Guy Fawkes was captured among his barrels of gunpowder.

If this is obtained powerful arc lamps will have to be set up there to get sufficient light for photographing.

DUBLIN ROBBERIES.

CITIZENS "HELD UP" BY ARMED MEN.

Armed men within the past two days have seized and stolen five typewriters in Dublin streets and shops.

A messenger employed by Mr. Pearson, of 103 Lower Clanbrassil street, was stopped on Monday in Patrick street by three armed men, who stole a Remington typewriter which he carried.

Two armed men at 11.30 yesterday morning took two typewriters from the shop of Messrs. Gillespie and Gillespie, of 18 Hawkins street.

Later in the day two men, armed with revolvers, entered the Ormond Typewriting Company's premises, Ormond quay, and took away two typewriters valued at £36.

At about 4 p.m. on Monday Patrick Tumble, of 80 Haddington road, was robbed of £30 by three armed men at Barrow street.

On Monday night at eight o'clock William Boyle, of 29 Sir John Rogerson's quay, was stopped and searched by an armed man.

Mr. John P. Farrelly, publican, of 9 Lower Sheriff street, when driving with his wife in a pony and trap in Dublin, on Monday night, was stopped by three armed men, who pulled the trap into Emerald street, and were about to search it when a number of people approached, and the armed men went away.

ARMED RAIDERS AT WORK.

MAILS SEIZED AT DALKEY.

About ten men, armed with rifles, bombs and revolvers, yesterday morning entered the Dalkey Railway Station, and seized and carried off the Wexford mails. The raiders kept two Dublin Metropolitan Policemen and two postmen "covered" until their work was done.

LEIXLIP POST OFFICE ROBBED.

Leixlip Post Office was raided on Monday night by armed men, who took away £2 14s. 1d. in cash and stamps. They also broke the telephones and seized the mails. The latter were returned to the office yesterday.

NEWSPAPERS BURNED.

At 6.30 yesterday morning a tramcar was stopped at Bullock Cross, and a bundle of newspapers consigned to a trader in Dalkey were taken and burned. Five men took part in the raid.

SHOOTING AT KILLINEY.

Shots were heard last night in the Killiney district. No trustworthy particulars were available, but it was stated that a column of the national troops had come into contact with a number of Republicans, and that an exchange of fire took place.

From an unofficial source it was learned that Killiney Golf Club premises were raided last night by a number of men, who took away food, drink, etc.

National troops are stated to have come into conflict with the men, who are reported to have been the party that robbed the mails at Dalkey in the morning. No confirmation of these reports could be obtained, as the troops had not returned at a late hour.

SHOTS AT FOUR COURTS HOTEL.

Some shots were fired at the Four Courts Hotel, Dublin, on Monday night, and the troops replied. No casualties are reported.

MISS MACSWINEY, T.D.

A Republican bulletin states that Miss Mary MacSwiney has been on hunger strike in Mountjoy Prison since last Saturday. Mr. John W. Burns, of Dublin, writes:—"If Miss MacSwiney is allowed to die, it will increase a hundredfold the bitterness in the fight that is now raging and devastating the country, and will push back further and further the prospects of peace."

CAPTURED CORRESPONDENCE.

We have received from the Provisional Government copies of certain letters of Republican leaders, which were captured recently. These letters deal *inter alia* with Mr. de Valera's recent proclamation, and one of them makes suggestions concerning the collection of publicans' licences, attacks on certain private houses in Dublin, and the proclamation of the Provisional Government as an illegal assembly.

U.S. CONGRESS ELECTIONS.

HEAVY POLLING REPORTS.

A New York telegram, dated yesterday, says: Indications of heavy polling in to-day's Congressional elections throughout the United States are reflected in the early reports. Although the weather was unpropitious in many parts of the country, strenuous electioneering in the closing days of the campaign has apparently developed a last minute interest, in what at first appeared to be a dull and apathetic contest.

The Democrats consider that the revival of interest in the campaign issues are favourable to the prospects of their party, while the Republicans adhere to their claim that the complexion of the House of Representatives and of the Senate will not be affected by the results.

According to the despatches received here, polling by women voters was particularly heavy.

PAST THE FICKLE AGE.

"My husband has settled down. He has got past the fickle age. He is over 30," explained a woman in a London Court.

MR. DE VALERA'S WARNING.

NEW PROCLAMATION.

THE GOVERNMENT DECLARED ILLEGAL.

DEBTS DENOUNCED.

The *Irish Times* has received the following document:—

Government of the Republic of Ireland.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas an unconstitutional and usurping Junta, set up at the dictation of the British Government and calling itself the "Provisional Government of Ireland," is, and has been, pledging the credit of the nation without the sanction of Dail Eireann, the Parliament and Government of the Republic, and contracting debts and liabilities in various ways, including the purchase of military supplies and war material, and is further seeking to create vested interests by filling vacant offices and making appointments to new offices;

And Whereas the so-called Provisional Government has been proclaimed an illegal body by the Government of the Republic;

Therefore it is hereby proclaimed and notified to all whom it may concern that all such debts contracted, or to be contracted, and appointments made, or to be made, by the said Provisional Government without the sanction of Dail Eireann, the Parliament and Government of the Republic, are, and shall be, illegal, null, and void, and will not be recognised by the State,

Airmistin de Stoic,
MINISTER OF FINANCE.
Eamon de Valera,
PRESIDENT.

3rd November, 1922.

A GUY FAWKES FILM.

SCENE IN THE CRYPT OF THE COMMONS.

If the authorities are kind, a film is to be made in the historic crypt of the Houses of Parliament. The subject of the picture will be the Gunpowder Plot.

Although Guy Fawkes Day has only just passed, the production of the film is to begin immediately, so that it may be ready for exhibition in the cinemas on November 5 next year.

The idea for the picture was born in the Chamber of Horrors at Madame Tussaud's during the week-end.

Mr. Jeffery Bernard, Managing Director of the Stoll Film Company, which is to take the film, says that he is hoping to secure the services of a well-known actor for the lead.

He is also applying for permission to enact some of the scenes in the crypt of the Houses of Parliament where Guy Fawkes was captured among his barrels of gunpowder.

If this is obtained powerful arc lamps will have to be set up there to get sufficient light for photographing.

DUBLIN ROBBERIES.

CITIZENS "HELD UP" BY ARMED MEN.

Armed men within the past two days have seized and stolen five typewriters in Dublin streets and shops.

A messenger employed by Mr. Pearson, of 103 Lower Clanbrassil street, was stopped on Monday in Patrick street by three armed men, who stole a Remington typewriter which he carried.

Two armed men at 11.30 yesterday morning took two typewriters from the shop of Messrs. Gillespie and Gillespie, of 18 Hawkins street.

Later in the day two men, armed with revolvers, entered the Ormond Typewriting Company's premises, Ormond quay, and took away two typewriters valued at £36.

At about 4 p.m. on Monday Patrick Tumble, of 80 Haddington road, was robbed of £30 by three armed men at Barrow street.

On Monday night at eight o'clock William Boyle, of 29 Sir John Rogerson's quay, was stopped and searched by an armed man.

Mr. John P. Farrelly, publican, of 9 Lower Sheriff street, when driving with his wife in a pony and trap in Dublin, on Monday night, was stopped by three armed men, who pulled the trap into Emerald street, and were about to search it when a number of people approached, and the armed men went away.

ARMED RAIDERS AT WORK.

MAILS SEIZED AT DALKEY.

About ten men, armed with rifles, bombs and revolvers, yesterday morning entered the Dalkey Railway Station, and seized and carried off the Wexford mails. The raiders kept two Dublin Metropolitan Policemen and two postmen "covered" until their work was done.

LEIXLIP POST OFFICE ROBBED.

Leixlip Post Office was raided on Monday night by armed men, who took away £2 14s. 1d. in cash and stamps. They also broke the telephones and seized the mails. The latter were returned to the office yesterday.

NEWSPAPERS BURNED.

At 6.30 yesterday morning a tramcar was stopped at Bullock Cross, and a bundle of newspapers consigned to a trader in Dalkey were taken and burned. Five men took part in the raid.

SHOOTING AT KILLINEY.

Shots were heard last night in the Killiney district. No trustworthy particulars were available, but it was stated that a column of the national troops had come into contact with a number of Republicans, and that an exchange of fire took place.

From an unofficial source it was learned that Killiney Golf Club premises were raided last night by a number of men, who took away food, drink, etc.

National troops are stated to have come into conflict with the men, who are reported to have been the party that robbed the mails at Dalkey in the morning. No confirmation of these reports could be obtained, as the troops had not returned at a late hour.

SHOTS AT FOUR COURTS HOTEL.

Some shots were fired at the Four Courts Hotel, Dublin, on Monday night, and the troops replied. No casualties are reported.

MISS MACSWINEY, T.D.

A Republican bulletin states that Miss Mary MacSwiney has been on hunger strike in Mountjoy Prison since last Saturday. Mr. John W. Burns, of Dublin, writes:—"If Miss MacSwiney is allowed to die, it will increase a hundredfold the bitterness in the fight that is now raging and devastating the country, and will push back further and further the prospects of peace."

CAPTURED CORRESPONDENCE.

We have received from the Provisional Government copies of certain letters of Republican leaders, which were captured recently. These letters deal *inter alia* with Mr. de Valera's recent proclamation, and one of them makes suggestions concerning the collection of publicans' licences, attacks on certain private houses in Dublin, and the proclamation of the Provisional Government as an illegal assembly.

U.S. CONGRESS ELECTIONS.

HEAVY POLLING REPORTS.

A New York telegram, dated yesterday, says: Indications of heavy polling in to-day's Congressional elections throughout the United States are reflected in the early reports. Although the weather was unpropitious in many parts of the country, strenuous electioneering in the closing days of the campaign has apparently developed a last minute interest, in what at first appeared to be a dull and apathetic contest.

The Democrats consider that the revival of interest in the campaign issues are favourable to the prospects of their party, while the Republicans adhere to their claim that the complexion of the House of Representatives and of the Senate will not be affected by the results.

According to the despatches received here, polling by women voters was particularly heavy.

PAST THE FICKLE AGE.

"My husband has settled down. He has got past the fickle age. He is over 30," explained a woman in a London Court.

BRITISH DEBT TO U.S.

FURTHER PAYMENT THIS MONTH.

The Press Association is authorised to make the following announcement:—"The exact amount payable by the British Government to the United States Government on November 15, in respect of the interest on British debt, cannot be finally settled until the British Debt Mission arrives in Washington. But, in view of the unavoidable delay in the sailing of the Mission, directions have now been given for payment to the United States Government on Nov. 15, of a further sum of fifty million dollars, and the United States Government is being asked to accept this payment as being on account of the debt, leaving its particular application to be settled between the United States Government and the Debt Mission after the arrival of the latter in Washington."

63 MINE VICTIMS.

HAVOC IN U.S. PIT.

A Reuter telegram from Spangler, Pennsylvania, says:—It is officially stated that sixty-three men perished in the disastrous explosion at the Reilly coal mine on Monday morning. The explosion in the mine, which continued throughout Monday night, and 32 survivors were removed to hospital, some of them in a desperate condition. Some of the rescued men asserted that bodies had been scattered throughout the workings by the force of the explosion. Many victims were within a short distance of fresh air when the gas overcame them.

All Monday evening and night men, women, and children crowded to the pithead, awaiting news of the men entombed below. Thirteen men, believed to have been in the pit at the time of the explosion, have not been accounted for.

"NOT ONE INCH."

ULSTER M.P. AND BOUNDARIES

At the opening of a new Orange Hall near Coalisland Mr. H. J. Lynn, M.P., said there he believed that the "B" Specials had saved the country from anarchy and worse. In the coming election he appealed to the audience to support the Unionist candidates to the utmost, but ever there was an occasion when the men and women of Tyrone should do their duty it was now.

They would have a very hard fight, because Mr. Lloyd George had convinced the late Michael Collins and the Sinn Feiners that they were going to get South Armagh, South Down, and the whole of Tyrone, Fermanagh, and Derry City. (Cries of "Never").) When he (Mr. Lynn) was selected last week, he said that he had made up his mind that the Sinn Feiners would not get one acre or one yard of the Six Counties. (Cheers).

When it was seen that a huge crowd of men and women in Tyrone and Fermanagh were determined to sacrifice everything—if necessary their lives—rather than give up one inch of their soil the politicians at Westminster would think twice before they touched them. (Applause.) twice before they touched them.

SMALLPOX IN LONDON.

THREE MORE CASES REPORTED: ANOTHER DEATH.

Smallpox has claimed three more victims from the Poplar Institution, and they were removed without delay to the Long Reach Hospital. This makes a total of 41 from this institution.

A little girl from Vauxhall Walk, Lambeth, who contracted the disease a short time ago, died yesterday.

GERMANY SHORT OF COAL.

INDUSTRY AND HEALTH SUFFERING.

The Reparations Commission met the German Minister of Finance yesterday, says Reuter, when the question of coal deliveries was discussed. Among the points raised by the German was the fact that the coal now being imported to replace the surrendered coal cost the Government three times the price of the coal mined at home.

It was also pointed out that German industries were suffering greatly from a shortage of coal, and that lung diseases were increasing among the population owing to insufficient heating.

The Reparations Commission is awaiting the German reply to the Commission's note of Monday, which impressed upon the German Government the necessity of making proposals for a more definite and concrete nature regarding the stabilisation of the mark than those so far submitted. The reply will probably be based upon the opinions of the unofficial experts, and it is hoped that it will contain proposals which will permit of the continuation of the present discussions.

AMBUSH IN MERRION SQUARE.

At a quarter past eleven o'clock last night shots were fired at an armoured lorry, containing national troops, which was patrolling Merrion square, North, Dublin. The soldiers dismounted and searched a number of youths who were loitering around Holles street, but made no arrests.

FROM TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

CRITICAL HOURS

THERE AND HERE.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

The next few days, or even hours, may be as critical as any through which the country has passed since the signing of the Armistice, nearly four years ago. While at home the election campaign, of which the result may deeply affect the welfare of the nation, is approaching its climax, the position at Constantinople and throughout the Near East grows steadily graver. The moment calls for the exercise of those qualities which men and women of the British race are wont to show in emergencies—coolness of thought, steadfastness of heart and firmness of hand.

It is fortunate that the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, as a member of the House of Lords, should not be compelled to make electioneering his chief concern, but should be free to attend with assiduity to what are now truly the cares of his office. Fortunate, also, is it that Lord Curzon should have come through the recent crisis which ended in the Armistice of Mudania with an enhanced reputation for patience, vision, and reliability. Nor can it be denied that the existence of a Government free from any suspicion of containing a "war party" is in itself a guarantee that no considerations, save those of national import, will have weight upon official counsels.

The most pressing need of the moment is a closer union between the Allied Governments upon the broader aspects of Near Eastern policy and upon the practical measures to be taken. To affirm that union and to prove its solidity in practice may be to avoid at once a common humiliation and a common disaster. We hope, indeed we know, that every effort will be made by the British Government to promote and to maintain this union. In France public feeling appears to be setting strongly in the same direction, and to be prepared to support M. Poincaré should he adopt the policy for which this emergency, no less than the fundamental interests of France and of Europe, urgently calls. In Italy the new Government has shown an understanding of the position which should be greeted in England, as in France, with lively satisfaction.

It may, therefore, be hoped that the new crisis in the Near East may be faced jointly by the Allies, and by them be jointly overcome. It is, however, indispensable that to this end the hands of our own Government should be strengthened by public approval of their attitude. For this reason we refrain from critical analysis of the speech made yesterday in Newcastle by the late Prime Minister, and of what is in effect the telling rejoinder to it last evening by Mr. Bonar Law. The crisis in the Near East, or the present phase of it, ought not to be made a subject of electioneering. Before it is over the whole strength of the national

demand for self-determination and against the late Government's policy of repression by Black and Tans.

"If the Labour Party's policy respecting Ireland had been adopted the bloodshed, suffering, and destruction of the past two years would have been saved and the present strife in Ireland would not have arisen.

"The Irish Labour Party urges all Irish working men and women living in England, Scotland, and Wales to support Labour candidates. None but the workers' party can be relied upon to do justice to the poor, the weak, and the oppressed. Dog will not eat dog; the rich will protect the rich.

"The workers in Ireland will certainly be affected by the conditions of life and labour, the rates of wages, the progress or retrogression of the workers in Britain. If reaction triumphs in Britain the people of Ireland will inevitably suffer. If Labour triumphs in Britain, the cause of Ireland, which is the cause of Labour in Ireland, will surely be strengthened.

"*Ni saoirse gan saoirse luchd oibre* (no freedom without the freedom of the workers).

"For the National Executive, Irish Labour Party—

"CATHAL O'SHANNON, Chairman.
"THOMAS JOHNSON, Secretary."

MR. ASQUITH:

The Government's policy is Toryism, pure and undiluted. The Labour Party's policy is to go in for a gigantic series of economic experiments which will simply aggravate the mischief they are intended to remove. The revival of trade is essential, and this cannot be achieved by encouraging the flight of capital from the country.

Free trade is the key to industrial life. The country should get rid of that futile and fiddling experiment, derided by the Protectionists themselves, the Safeguarding of Industries Act.—At Gloucester.

MR. J. H. THOMAS:

The dangers that face the world if an amicable settlement at Constantinople is not arrived at, are indescribable. It is the duty of all in this crisis not to attempt a party advantage at the expense of the country, and risk the consequences that will appal the world. I hope that all parties are united in declaring that Constantinople must be handed back, but are equally determined to condemn any precipitate action, which will jeopardise the prospects of peace at the forthcoming Conference.—At Dudley.

SIR DONALD MACLEAN:

People inquired why did not the Liberals reunite. Well, why not? Liberalism had wide open arms for anybody who had strayed from it to return. There would be no questions asked. We put no questionaire to the six who returned to Liberalism in the House of Commons. Reunion would come, when that did come, from the bottom. It is not an affair of leaders.—At Edinburgh.

VISCOUNT GREY:

Electors are faced with three dangers. First, the return of the Coalition; secondly, the extremist Labour majority, which will bring a collapse of credit, and do great harm to the country; and, thirdly, the danger of reaction owing to a Conservative majority, with a large number of Die-Hards. Electors should support the Independent Liberals.—At Bedford.

LORD LONDONDERRY:

If it is due to any one man that the war was won, it was won by Mr. Lloyd George.

The break up of the Coalition was not due to backstairs intrigue, but to the incessant demand of the constituencies for a return to party government. The Conservative Party is losing very solidly by the defection of that great man, Mr. Austen Chamberlain.—At Sunderland.

SIR JOHN SIMON:

Unprejudiced observers are admitting half way through the election that the tide of united Liberalism is rapidly rising. There is no difference between genuine Liberals to-day and I am glad Mr. Asquith has exposed and exploded the ridiculous fable of opposition to Liberal reunion. The position as to Liberal reunion was perfectly simple. We are in favour of Liberals uniting with Liberals, but are utterly opposed to Liberals uniting with Tories. Any attempt to form an amalgamation with Lord Birkenhead and Mr. Chamberlain can only lead to the renewal of Liberal impotence. Our concern is not with the past, but with the future, and every believer in a vigorous policy is invited to join.—At Cleckheaton.

COL. L. S. AMERY:

Mr. Bonar Law's programme is not overloaded with rash promises of legislation. It is a positive policy from the point of view of trade, inasmuch as after restoring confidence, it points straight ahead, as Mr. Joseph Chamberlain pointed years ago to the one sure field of growth and development which lies before us.—At Willenhall, Staffs.

MR. STANLEY BALDWIN:

The Government's foreign policy is to work hand-in-hand with our Allies and America. Our industrial policy is, in the words of Lord Grey, "Trade alone, but the unemployment question must be carefully and systematically considered. I appeal to large concerns to put any work possible in hand during the coming anxious and difficult winter. I am prepared to sacrifice my popularity and reputation in reducing expenditure.

SIR GEORGE YOUNGER:

I made up my mind that, if there was to be a split in the Conservative Party, it would be a split from the top, and not from the bottom. The Carlton had chosen the former, and the disastrous policy would be the men to go, and not the body and tail. We have maintained the solidarity of the one great party standing between the Constitution and those supporting subversive policies.—At Weston-super-Mare.

SIR ROBERT HORNE:

I have now an open mind to consider whether we can safely leave Mesopotamia, but Mr. Asquith is not justified in saying that we should never have been there.

Lord Grey, in markedly contradictory advice, said that we must not squeeze Germany, and that we must keep friendly with France. The difficulty was that France expected the goose to provide simultaneously the golden eggs and *foie gras*. No animal was big enough to do that. My policy is to encourage Germany to help herself.

MR. BONAR LAW:

There will be no fundamental change in the fiscal system. The Government will carry out the incompleted housing systems. I do not see any clear course for helping agriculture, but will endeavour to find a scheme to enable it to help itself. I will examine the Mesopotamia and Palestine questions with an open mind. There is no intention of destroying the trade unions' political action.

As to the reform of the House of Lords I will not bring such a great controversial question into the arena at present, but will await a more suitable opportunity.

ELECTION ITEMS.

The visit of the Prime Minister to Sheffield on Saturday has now been definitely arranged. Mr. Bonar Law will travel from Manchester to Sheffield, and address a meeting in the Cutlers' Hall in the evening. The principal object of his visit is to assist the candidature of Sir Frederick Sykes, his son-in-law, who is contesting the Hallam Division in the Conservative interest.

Mr. Lloyd George's speeches at Newcastle and Sunderland yesterday were reproduced outside by means of the Magnavox. This was the first attempt of the kind, and it attracted considerable attention locally. The experiment was especially successful at Sunderland, where large crowds heard the reproduction of the ex-Premier's speech in the streets.

Mr. Lloyd George arrived at King's Cross from his Northern tour last night.

Lord Winterton delivered his first speech, after his return from India, at Worthing last evening.

The National Free Church Council announces that it is energetically prosecuting its campaign for a "warless world."

Mr. Abbot, agent for Mr. Manville, Conservative candidate for Coventry, has issued a writ against the Labour candidate, Mr. Robert Williams, for an alleged slander.

Mr. Edward Wood, President of the Board of Education, is in bed with a severe chill, and has been compelled to cancel his immediate engagements.

Colonel Harry Day, the Independent candidate for Kingston-on-Thames, has suggested to Mr. F. George Thomas, his opponent, "that it would be an appropriate remembrance of our glorious dead for both sides to observe a truce on Armistice Day until, say, 2 p.m."

The electoral programme of the Temperance Council of the Christian Churches comprises four points, viz., no sale of intoxicants to young persons under 18 years of age, local option for England and Wales, no new supply of intoxicating liquor on Sundays, and the supply of intoxicants in clubs to be made subject to an annual local justice's licence.

DUBLIN NEWSPAPER OFFICE ATTACKED.

At about seven o'clock last night a shot was fired from the direction of Jervis street at the offices of the *Irish Independent*, Middle Abbey street, Dublin. The bullet entered the window of a room at the rear, in which a number of the military guard were sitting, and struck the opposite wall, but injured nobody.

On the previous night a bomb was thrown at the entrance to the offices, and subsequently the guard were fired at whilst on patrol in the street.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S CAMPAIGN.

THE REPARATIONS PROBLEM.

FIRM ACTION NEEDED IN TURKEY.

NO "STANDSTILLISM."

Mr. Lloyd George, speaking at Newcastle last night, said the people of the North did not throw a man over at the call even of a West End Club if they thought that he had rendered service to his native land.

Their difficulties were not over, and he, who knew the difficulties, would not by a single grain add to the burdens of the new Government. So far from complaining that there had now been a change of Government, he rather marvelled that for six years they were able to get along without a change.

So far as he was concerned, there would be no captious criticism of, and no factious opposition to, the Government, and such experience as he had would be at the disposal of the State.

He did not, however, like the note which the new Government had struck. He did not like their look of being born tired. (Laughter). He knew that they would require all the energy, vitality, resolution and alertness in their command. As long as they faced their difficulties alive he would support them, and he would also do his best to save them from reactionaries. He desired to see a bodyguard of National Liberals that would save the Government from Die-Hard extremists.

GERMAN PAYMENTS.

There was a difficult time ahead, and one of the questions to be dealt with was reparations. "I stand on reparations," he declared, "where I did at the last election. Nobody says that Germany can pay every penny. I never said it. At the last election what I said was, 'Germany must pay to the limit of her capacity. How much she can pay is a question of computation for experts. If you crush your debtor, you get nothing. It is the same with nations as with individuals.'

"Extremes must be avoided, and if there is to be a reduction in the amount, and there must be, let there be a fair distribution of the amount between all the Allies. Do not let it be at the expense of the British taxpayer."

At the Conference there would be some of the most alert and some of the ablest men that other lands could choose, and if Britain's representatives did not stand up for what was fair, they might depend upon it that British interests would suffer. He was glad that the Government was attending the Conference, because, frankly, he had not sufficient confidence that Mr. Bonar Law's associates would be able to put up the fight which would be necessary.

Dealing with the Near East, he said that it was beginning again to show symptoms of inflammation, and therefore had to be handled very carefully. Whatever happened, the flag must not be let down. Sir Charles Harington, whose skilful and firm handling of the situation was one of the most notable features of the recent negotiations, attributed the success of the Mudania conference to the admirable behaviour of the British troops and the admirable behaviour of the British Government.

FIRM HAND WITH TURKS.

Britain sent reinforcements, and showed that she was not going to be bullied in either the East or the West. There would have been trouble if it had not been for the firm and resolute action of the Government at that time.

"You do not gain anything with Orientals by not standing up to them," said the ex-Premier. "I appeal to the Government now, when the peril seems to begin again, to show the Turk that they will not be trifled with, that he must stand by the document which he signed a few weeks ago at Mudania—(cheers)—that Great Britain says so, and that when she says a thing she means it." (Cheers.)

There was a lot of mischief about just now. There was the House of Lords. (Laughter.) He did not like the proportions of the Ministry. They should not disqualify a man because he was a lord; but, on the other hand, they should not put him in a position which he was not fitted for because he was a lord.

He was very much afraid of a measure being introduced which would re-establish the supremacy of the House of Lords in legislation. That would be turning the clock back. It would be going back upon democracy, and would lead to mischief which could not be foreseen.

When the people wanted a thing they should be able to say so at the ballot boxes.

"There is safety in that," continued Mr. Lloyd George. "But if twenty-three million electors know that whatever they decide three or four hundred men can absolutely veto it—it is the high road to destruction. (Cheers.) Therefore, I do hope, whatever happens, that there is not going to be any reversal of the decisions of the past so far as the House of Lords is concerned. (Cheers.)

WANTED—A BODYGUARD.

"The same thing applies to tariffs and to industrial legislation. There must be no reaction in the form of a 'stand-stillism.'

He was afraid of the pressure that might be brought to bear on the Government by an extreme section of their supporters, and, therefore, he wanted a solid bodyguard of National Liberals and followers of Mr. Chamberlain who would be there to keep an eye on things, and, whenever the Government had been pushed into mischief, to do a little counter-pushing.

The Prime Minister had compared his own position to that of Disraeli in 1874; but Disraeli in passing the Public Health Act and the Trade Union Act did not adopt a stand-still policy or a negative attitude. He urged that the electors should return a progressive Conservative and National Liberals, to keep an eye on people who drew false analogies from 1874.

Mr. Lloyd George went on to allude to the other extreme section—that of the Socialists—and said that the moderate man was fired at from both ditches when he tried to walk the path to safety. The impulse which made for private enterprise and individual effort was that which drove men to frugality, thrift, industry and restraint. Why should all that be destroyed and something substituted that was inadequate to drive the human machine? (Cheers.)

He was not against Labour. He had fought all his life for fair play for the workers, but he did implore the workers not to go down the wrong avenue in search of a paradise which was not there. (Cheers.)

He was for the unity of the moderate forces of any and every party with a progressive outlook. If they did agree, let them work together, because there was so much to be done.

Against a negative conservatism, which resisted every reform, he would wage implacable warfare; but why, he asked, should he not cooperate with a progressive and enlightened conservatism, whose aim was to lift the people until Britain was what she stood for to-day—an Empire leading the world along the paths of freedom and justice? (Loud cheers.)

AN ACTION FOR SLANDER.

WOMAN CONDUCTS HER OWN CASE.

In the King's Bench Division, London, yesterday, the hearing was adjourned of the case in which Miss Elizabeth Foïs, of Congleton road, Lawton, Chester, claimed damages for alleged slander against Mr. Harry Ibbs, of Burslem.

The plaintiff conducted her own case, at the close of which counsel for the defendant submitted that the action failed.

The Lord Chief Justice said that the words, if spoken, imputed an indictable offence. The plaintiff's case was that the words alleged impugned frauds to her. The case must go to the jury.

Counsel next submitted that the occasion was privileged.

The Lord Chief Justice said that he thought that the occasion was privileged, but the jury would have to say if the words were spoken maliciously.

Before the rising of the Court, the defendant went into the box, and deposed that he had been district manager for the Liverpool Victoria Legal Friendly Society, at Burslem, for 15 years. The plaintiff was employed under a written agreement, and she purchased for £195 the interest in the collecting book. He denied the alleged improper overtures to the plaintiff.

DEAD SOLDIERS' MEDALS.

THE KING'S WISH.

On the advice of the Prime Minister, the King has expressed the wish that all women holding posthumous decorations shall wear them on Armistice Day in memory of their dead heroes.

THE EMPIRE EXHIBITION.

Among the latest guarantors to the Empire Exhibition Guarantee Fund is Sir Owen Philipps, who, on behalf of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company and allied lines, sent through the London Chamber of Commerce a guarantee of £10,000.

This brings the Guarantee Fund up to the total of over £1,180,000.

ARMY BANK FAILURE.

A PARTNER'S ROMANCE.

A pathetic story was told yesterday of how Mr. Edward Albert Biss, a junior partner in Sir Charles R. McGrigor, Bart., and Company, the Army Bankers, of Panton street, London, S.W., whose death took place on Monday, had struggled heroically for many months against a combination of serious illnesses.

Mr. Biss was afflicted with, among other maladies, a growing paralysis of the limbs, failing vision, and arterial disease. Despite this he endeavoured to the last to keep in touch with the business with which he had been identified for nearly all his life.

There is romance and pathos in the wedding of Mr. Biss, who was privately married only three weeks ago to Mrs. Dorothy Pollen, a wealthy lady, who had nursed him through the critical stages of his illness.

Mrs. Pollen lived at Upper Higham, near Rochester, in Kent, where Mr. Biss had a large, comfortable house. They had been friends for many years; but even their most intimate visitors had no inkling of their marriage, which was carried out very quietly.

THE HOUSING PROBLEM.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT'S SCHEME.

Mr. T. F. Strahan, M.R.I.A., read a paper at a meeting of the Architectural Association of Ireland in Dublin on the question of urban housing.

He said that since 1919, when the British Government formulated its housing programme for Ireland much valuable time had been lost by the non-execution of the many schemes that had been prepared, but not all of the preparations should be regarded as wasted. Much useful information had been compiled. It was found that 61,468 new houses were required in Irish towns, and that of this number one-quarter was needed in Northern Ireland. Dublin needed 35 per cent. of the total.

Seventy-seven towns had prepared, or were preparing, building programmes under the Provisional Government's scheme. That scheme provided that if the local authority complied with the conditions the State would grant £500 towards the cost of a house that was built for £750. The rent (including rates) of such a house at the maximum cost contemplated would be on an average about 10s. 6d. per week.

The scheme was of a temporary character, owing to the Government inability to involve itself or its successors in commitments which would be inseparable from long period loans. It had the advantage that in 15 years the dwellings, free from heavy charges, would become the freehold of the local authority. It was hoped to provide this year 2,145 houses, of which about 600 were actually under construction.

The progress made with schemes so far was considerable, especially in view of the difficulties of the times.

LANDOWNERS' POSITION.

Owners and other parties whose interests in land were likely to be disturbed would do well to study the Act of 1919, which gave additional powers to the local authority in the acquisition of land for housing, and having satisfied themselves the authority was acting in a bona fide manner for the general welfare they should endeavour to come to terms by agreement. Unless very substantial grounds existed for refusal the making of a provisional order was the only alternative and, if it were confirmed, acquisition followed.

The high cost of building continued. Tenders accepted and approved during the last few months for working class houses varied, in the case of four-roomed houses from £480 to £668, and for five-roomed houses from £588 to £708.

Some of the reasons why building costs were higher in Ireland than in England were:—(1) Higher wages in the building trade; (2) the cost price of home materials, such as bricks, slates, etc., exceeded the prices for similar materials in England; (3) higher freights for home and imported manufactured goods; (4) increased agency commissions, due to importation. It might be presumed that the costs under the first and third heads would fall in due course, but no great reduction was likely to occur so long as the present conditions prevailed in the country. Purchase by co-operation would reduce the cost under the fourth head.

Mr. Strahan contrasted the building schemes of to-day with those that were prepared before the war: showed the superiority of the former, and dealt with suggestions for economic construction.

WORKMEN'S DWELLINGS.

THE QUEENSTOWN SCHEMES.

The Queenstown Urban Council's scheme to provide dwellings for the workmen of the town is, says our Correspondent, fairly under way. For the past fortnight the contractors' men have been clearing the ground for the foundations of houses.

The site is a good one from every point of view. It consists of a 13-acre field, with southern aspect, overlooking Cork Harbour. Although far removed from other dwellings, the site will be within easy reach of the town, for the Urban Council have included in the contract the cutting of an avenue which will enable the tenants of these dwellings to reach the town by a ten minutes' walk.

A contract has been accepted at £13,500 to build eighteen houses of five rooms each, this sum including the purchase of the site, clearing of foundations, architects' fees, road making, and all construction work in connection with the dwellings.

These eighteen houses will be the first instalment of 200 dwellings which are to be erected on this site.

The plans provide for decent-sized plots of ground, estimated to be capable of producing vegetables during the greater part of the year for an average family, and while the rent has not yet been decided on it is hoped to let the houses at 10s. a week.

The idea in the plan is that of a garden village, provision being made in the "lay-out" for garden seats in the avenue and main roadways.

In January fifteen dwellings are to be erected in the town for ex-Service men, so that when both schemes are completed a considerable advance will have been made in providing workmen's dwellings.

TRADE WITH BELGIUM.

POINTS FOR IRISH BUSINESS MEN.

Count Gerald O'Kelly, Irish commercial representative in Paris, writes to us to draw the attention of Irish business men who are interested in the Belgian market to the advisability of notifying his office (11 Rue Archimède, Bruxelles) at least a week beforehand of intended visits to Belgium. Many business men who have visited Belgium in the last few months to buy or to sell only notified him of their arrival 24 hours before, with the result that it was difficult to make the necessary arrangements.

"I would like it to be known," he says, "that if I am notified in advance of the exact date of arrival / any intending visitors and given full particulars of their requirements, I can make arrangements for interviews at this office. I have an arrangement at the moment with fourteen trade and other newspapers who publish every week a *communiqué* for me setting forth the requirements or the offers of Irish business men. I usually send out this *communiqué* on the Tuesday, so that it would be well for the interested parties in Ireland to see that particulars of their requirements reach this office not later than the Monday night preceding.

"Another point that intending visitors might profitably bear in mind is that the best day of the week to be in Brussels for interviews with Belgian business men is Wednesday. Every Wednesday the "Bourse Industrielle" in Brussels is open, and manufacturers and others from all over the country come to the capital on that day to discuss business, and can, therefore, easily be met by appointment."

ANOTHER BIG BANG.

PLAN TO BLOW UP CRUISER AND 400 UNEXPLODED MINES.

Trinity House, which keeps the British waters clear for shipping, wants some one to blow up the old cruiser Ariadne, sunk by a U boat off Eastbourne in 1917.

Because there are 400 unexploded mines in the cruiser, and there is no guarantee that they are harmless, several firms have refused to tender.

The Ariadne is of 11,000 tons and lies on her side, and the task of levelling her to a set distance below the water is not easy, especially having regard to her cargo of mines.

The commander of the U boat which sank her claimed that six hours after leaving Ostend he was back in port, and had secured a victim with each of his torpedoes.

BANK CLERKSHIPS (MALE).

Since Jany., 1921, 162 Students of SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, were successful at Bank Exams.—viz., National, 48; Bank of Ireland, 34; Hibernian, 20; Munster and Leinster, 27; Provincial, 19; Ulster, 4; Northern, 2, London County Westminster and Parr's 1. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes working for all Bank exams.—(Advt.)

NOT DOWN AND OUT.

LABOUR LEADER AND GERMANY.

Mr. Q. A. Appleton, Secretary of the General Federation of Trade Unions, who has recently been on a visit to Germany, relates that *Deutschland ist hinaus* (Germany is down and out) was the sorrowful utterance of a young fellow who saw him regarding the great statue of Moltke which stands in the main street of Dusseldorf.

Is she? I wondered. Is it true that a country is down and out which, even now, contains 64 millions of people, and which for four years waged a war that was nearly successful against twenty-three other nations? It would be unwise to ignore the fact that for generations these Germans have subjected themselves, or have been subjected, to very severe military and intellectual discipline.

They have been relieved of the former, but there appears to be no desire to escape the latter. No one can say what may result from the Monarchist agitation, but it is obvious that, while Germany fears Communism, she does not expect to live under it.

If the present governing party cannot make good, the Monarchists may again try their hands. Whether Monarchists or Republicans rule, it is almost certain that there will be attempts to restore, not necessarily the *status quo ante*, not the Alsace-Lorraine position, but those territories which Germans consider are theirs by right of previous possession and development.

In my opinion, says Mr. Appleton, *Deutschland ist nicht hinaus* (Germany is not down and out). She suffers tribulation, and the time of her tribulation depends largely upon England. Her attitude after the next war will be determined by England's attitude now, and by her own obligations to Russia.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Councillor J. Genese will be the first Jewish Mayor of Hackney.

The first divorce cases in Wales will be heard at the Glamorgan Assizes this week-end.

Miss Olive Bowen, of Burgoyne road, Stockwell, London, has been robbed of a violin worth £130 by a trick.

To provide work for the unemployed, the L.C.C. is to construct an open-air swimming pool at Peckham Rye.

Police, boy scouts, and friends are searching for Mr. George Bartter, a Folkestone butcher and Poor Law Guardian, who disappeared last Friday.

The brass stopper from the ancient font in which Shakespeare was baptised, in Stratford-on-Avon Church, has been taken as a souvenir. But it is quite modern.

A policeman in uniform was among the ex-Service men who handed round offertory plates at a Service in Farncomb Parish Church, Godalming, in memory of the Armistice.

Members of the South Dorset Hunt presented to Mr. J. Ashton Radcliffe, in recognition of his services as Master for 23 years, an oil painting of the hunt in full cry at Warren Hill.

The Authors' Club entertained to dinner Dr. J. M. Bulloch, Editor of *The Graphic*, and Chairman of the Vernacular Circle, who gave an address on "The Scots Tongue in Life and Literature."

The Rev. Harrop Williams, a clergyman of the Church of England, was found hanging dead from a tree near the Garden City, Wrexham. Mr. Williams, who was 56 years old, spent nearly thirty years as a missionary in the West Indies.

WOOLWICH ARSENAL "CUTS."

The Woolwich Arsenal Shop Stewards' Committee has been authoritatively informed, at a meeting of the Engineering Joint Trades Council, that the Treasury would not re-establish the last 5s. 6d. cut in wages, but the question of an advance in wages would be considered at a conference on November 17.

FLYING THE UNION JACK AGAIN.

The Municipal Reform majority of the newly-elected Islington (London) Borough Council will revert to the practice of wearing municipal robes, and the mace will be restored. Another decision by the late Labour majority not to fly the Union Jack over the Town Hall on national days will also be rescinded.

WHAT A PLAY COST.

The failure of the musical play, "Jenny," at the Empire, Leicester square, London, was referred to at a meeting of creditors of H. S. L., Ltd., at the Board of Trade offices yesterday.

It was stated that the liabilities were £10,085, and the assets, consisting of unpaid bills, scenery and dresses were £500. This amount was needed to pay off debentures.

FOREIGN.

M. Millerand has received the Afghan Minister in Paris.

A commercial treaty between Italy and Canada has been signed.

The Russo-Polish frontier from Latvia to the River Drina (sixty miles) has now been delimited.

Legislative Councillors in the State of Victoria are to be paid at the rate of £200 per annum.

The *Gaulois* (Paris) announces the death of the Countess D. Haussauville, President of the Wounded Soldier's Help Society.

A subscription is to be opened in Belgium to provide a hospital ship to be placed on the River Congo.

Owing to the shortage of coal, a third of the passenger trains in Hungary are being suspended for this week.

The Soviet Government has called up for military training all male persons born in 1903. The training is to last four months.

A Mixed Commission for the settlement of the frontier between German Silesia and Czecho-Slovakia is sitting at Ratibor.

A monument of gratitude to the American nation by the Polish sculptor, Xavier Dunikowski, has been unveiled in Warsaw.

The crew of the French fishing vessel, Reguin, abandoned owing to bad weather, was landed at Gibraltar yesterday morning by the British steamer, Tresillian. The master of the French vessel was drowned while attempting to enter a boat.

The marriage took place at Cannes on Monday of Captain David Charles Graeme Murray and the Countess Elena Vladimirovna Sollohub, daughter of Count Vladimir Sollohub. The ceremony was conducted according to the rites of the Church of Scotland and solemnised according to the rites of the Russian Church.

TYPEWRITTEN MUSIC.

After experimenting for twelve years, Professor Fortini (leader of the orchestra at Princes Restaurant) has invented a music typewriter.

The mechanism is simple. The paper is fixed in an upright and visible position, enabling the operator to print any length of musical sign or a very long stem of a chord, in one stroke.

The machine can print directly on a transfer paper, and by this process thousands of copies of a new work can be supplied the same day. It will also transpose mechanically into any key.

A GRAVE CHARGE.

PROFESSIONAL DANCER ON TRIAL.

The trial commenced at Nottingham Assizes yesterday of Theodore Fraser Dugdale, or Watson (25), professional dancer, formerly of South Moulton, North London, on a charge of procuring Alice May Kirk, the seventeen years old daughter of a Nottingham tradesman.

The prosecution alleged that the prisoner caused the girl to walk the London streets in order that he might obtain money to keep himself in idleness.

Counsel for the defence contended that the indictment was bad, as the offence charged against the prisoner related to criminality in Nottingham, which did not occur actually, if it occurred at all, until the couple reached London.

Mr. Justice Lush expressed agreement with the contention that there was no actual proof of attempting to procure in Nottingham, but said that there were other considerations which required to be carefully weighed. He will give his decision to-day.

TEN SHILLING NOTES.

ALTERATION IN NUMBERING.

The Treasury states that new numbering machinery is being used for 10s. currency notes, commencing with those bearing the serial letter "J," and will be used for all 10s. notes bearing that and later serial letters.

The chief differences between the new and the old numbering are a slight reduction in size and the omission of the word "No." which appeared between the series letter and the number.

The notes have not been altered in any other respect.

AN ELECTION "TIP."

LORD DERBY TALKS "HORSES," NOT POLITICS

Lord Derby, following the example of certain other owners at election time, has been talking about horses at Manchester, where he presided at the reunion dinner of the 17th Manchesters.

Lord Derby, however, did not give a "straight out" tip for any of his horses running at Liverpool this week.

He was on the cautious side, and told his audience, "If you back any of my horses you ought to back them both, ways."

With regard to his Liverpool Cup representative, Selene, about whom a warning was issued by the stable last week, Lord Derby said:

"I would not decide about Selene. I suppose most people thought that was because I wanted to get my own money on. As a matter of fact, I don't bet. She met with a slight accident, and I did not want to run her unless she was quite all right. She has got a lot of weight, but I think she will run jolly well."

Lord Derby also mentioned Crevasse and Torlonia as having chances each way. He did not think much of the others running.

"The only thing," he said, "is that if I leave one out it is sure to roll up at 100 to 7. They are all out to win, and if they don't you should be able to save your money for a place."

Lord Stanley, heir of the Earl of Derby, addressing an audience of farmers at Preston yesterday, said he would give them Selene as his tip for the Liverpool Cup on Friday. They must not come to him to recoup their losses, however.

ROTUNDA RINK FIRE.

A RUMOUR DENIED.

During the hearing of a deputation on the treatment of prisoners by the Dublin Corporation on Monday, Mr. P. Tully made a reference to the burning of the Rotunda Rink. There had been, he said, no word of protest against outrage on the women in the maternity wards adjoining the Rink.

In this connection a rumour was current that four of the patients in the hospital had died of fright as a result of the burning of the Rink.

An *Irish Times* representative who made inquiries on the subject at the Rotunda yesterday was told that the report was absolutely groundless. The fire at the Rink was so rapid that the place was almost destroyed before some of those in the hospital knew anything about it. There was no undue alarm among the patients at the Rink side of the hospital.

Patients and others on the Parnell street side of the building were not for a considerable time aware that anything unusual had happened.

SALVAGE WORK.

Further salvage operations were conducted among the *débris* at the Rotunda Rink, Dublin, yesterday. The safes, which had been found uninjured, were removed, and their contents were found to be in good condition.

Some progress was made with the structural alterations in Banba Hall, which has been taken over as a sorting office. A staff already is at work there, and in addition sorting is being carried on at the various district offices.

IMPROVING THE SLUMS.

PRINCE OF WALES'S EXAMPLE

The Prince of Wales has set an example to the rest of the community in the way that his slum property in South London is being dealt with. He has taken a personal interest in this property, and acting on the advice of wise counsellors, considerable improvements have already been affected.

The Duchy of Cornwall claims to be outside all Acts of Parliament. Consequently it was not expected that the Duchy would have accepted the provisional reports on the property that were prepared by the housing inspectors acting under the supervision of the local medical officer of health, Dr. Joseph Priestly. Setting aside their privileges, the officials of the Duchy have decided not only to accept the provisional schedules of the Borough Council, but have gone out of their way to reconstruct old houses, and to render them fit for human habitation in accordance with the provisions of the Housing Acts.

Those who are interested in the subject should certainly make a personal visit and study the houses in Kennington road, Nos. 281 to 287. Similarly the houses in Lisle street, Nos. 44 and 47 are object lessons which will show what can be done by owners who realise their responsibilities.

Part of the area, notably round Regency place and Regency square, and in Robert Raikes street were well-known to be unsuitable for human habitation. These derelict houses are being demolished, and the site has been sold to the Navy, Army and Air Force Institute.

UNIVERSITY NEWS.

TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

MODERATORSHIP EXAMINATION.

MATHEMATICS.

Senior Moderators—Irene Gillespie, Ernest Hillas Williams.

CLASSICS.

Senior Moderators—William Beare, Georgina Noelle Mary Ffrench, William Allison Laidlaw, Muriel Clayton, Edward Kenneth Lumley.

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE PHILOSOPHY.

Senior Moderators—Kathleen Elizabeth Leahy, William Beare, Saodhan John Willis, William Allison Laidlaw, Irene Gillespie, Robert Gabbett Donfoulld Fallon, Eric Percival Scales, James Houston.

Junior Moderator—Denzil Edward Packard.

Supplemental Junior Moderator—Albert Edwin Ashworth.

Allowed Degree—Frederick William Brabham.

MODERN LITERATURE.

Senior Moderators—Mary Isabel Leslie, William McCausland Stewart, John Alexander West, Georgina Mary Ffrench, Alice Mary Elizabeth Dromgoole, Eliza Brown Watt Jekaston, James Albert McKeown, Ivy Valerie Spielman.

Junior Moderator—Eileen Noble, Norah Abernethy, Geoffrey Hill Tickell.

ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.

Senior Moderator—Harry Romaine.

SIZARSHIP EXAMINATION.

Classics—A Reid Sizarship has been awarded to George Christopher Eileen Noble, Norah Abernethy, Geoffrey Hill Tickell.

Classics—A Reid Sizarship has been awarded to George Christopher Reginald Hillyard (Midleton College, Co. Cork).

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

EXAMINATION RESULTS.

The following students in the Medical Faculty of University College, Dublin, have passed their examinations:—

First University Examination in Medicine

Second Class Honours—Ross, Michael J.

Pass—Brosnan, Michael J.; Clancy, Francis J.; Cunningham, Catherine E.; Daly, Patrick J.; Fadian, Patrick; Hynes, Thomas G.; MacAndrews, John F.; Mahony, James F.; McLoughlin, John V.; O'Hara, Leopold N.; O'Reilly, Malachy T.; Ross, Michael J.; Sweeney, Bridget M.; Walsh, Sarah.

Exempted from further Examination in Part II—McGuinness, Peter A.

Second University Examination in Medicine.

Honours—First Class—Cummins, Patrick H.; Mowbray, John.

Second Class—Miller, David; Sabryan, Cecil R.; Clein, Arthur J.; O'Carroll, Tom; Hughes, Edmund L.; Farrell, Henry W.; McCaffrey, Mildred M.; English, Edward A.; MacIntyre, James M.; Pass—Brosnan, John; McKeon, Catherine; Clein, Arthur J.; Cormack, Thomas; Coyne, James J., B.A.; Cummins, Patrick H.; Devlin, Edward A.; Dunne, Alice M.; Dunne, Joseph; English, Edward A.; Farrell, Henry W.; Frey, Michael, B.A.; Hughes, Edmund L.; Keary, Brian P.; Kelly, John A.; Kennedy, Kathleen M.; Killian, Patrick A.; Lynch, Kathleen M.; Macarthur, Mary E.; McCaffrey, Mildred M.; McGrath, John, B.Sc.; MacIntyre, James M.; Madden, Violet E.; Maher, James J.; Malone, Lucas J. S. D.; Miller, David; Moran, Barbara; Mowbray, John; Murnane, Annie J.; Nagle, Jane A. M.; Nolan, Andrew; O'Carroll, Tom; O'Connor, Michael P.; O'Daly, Francis; O'Reilly, Edward; O'Reilly, James J.; Pepper, Maldon; Quigley, Mary; Reilly, Martin; Richmond, Aidan; Saunders, Colman P. M., B.Sc.; Sabryan, Cecil R.; Walsh, Hugh P.; Waters, Gerard J.

Third University Examination in Medicine.

First Class Honours—Hourihane, John D.

Second Class Honours—Doherty, Edward; Silke, James J.; Easterby, Patrick R.; Garland, Lee H.; Butler, Andrew L.; McColgan, Maggie J.; Flood, John C.; Bryson, Michael J.; O'Brien, Eveleen J.; Spain, Alexander W., B.A.

Pass—Aughney, Honoria; Barry, Nora J.; Bryson, Michael J.; Butler, Andrew L.; Carroll, Norah A.; Casey, Hanora; Cochran, Josephine M. B.; Coghlan, Sarah M.; Cooke, Michael J.; Cullen, Robert J.; Cumberbatch, Roland; Cunningham, Kathleen M.; Doherty, Edward; Donovan, John; Dooley, William J.; Egan, Kieran; Fanning, Patrick R.; Farrington, Mary; Flood, John C.; Fogarty, Edmond; Francis, Aidrin; Gallagher, John N.; Gallagher, Edward; Gardiner, Robert; Garland, Lee H.; Gribbon, John; Hannigan, Christopher; Hardy, Joseph; Hardy, Michael J.; Hardy, Nicholas J.; Hines, Martin G., B.A.; Hourihane, John D.; Keane, Conor F.; Kirby, Anthony; Lennox, Alice M.; McCarthy, Gerard; McColgan, Maggie J.; McGrath, Anna M. P.; McKernan, Hilda K.; McManus, Michael P.; Mullins, Patrick; O'Boyle, Sarah B.; O'Brien, Eveleen J.; O'Brien, James B.; O'Reilly, Patrick J.; O'Donoghue, William D.; O'Donovan, Anthony; O'Kane, John P.; O'Leary, Michael; O'Regan, Daniel J.; O'Reilly, Charles J.; O'Reilly, John G.; O'Sullivan, John J. A.; Pyne, James A.; Portley, Catherine; Power, Mary F.; Reavy, Mary M. R.; Ryan, Ita; Silke, James J.; Spain, Alexander W., B.A.; Stafford, Anne M.; Sweeney, John J.; Woods, John C. A.

A BANK ROBBERY.

ARRESTS IN A HOTEL.

A sequel to the Gravesend bank robbery, in connection with which the sum of £5,000 in notes is missing, took place in Leeds last night, when the police arrested two men on suspicion of being concerned in it.

The arrests were made in a local hotel where they had been staying for two days.

MUSSOLINI'S COUP.

INNER HISTORY AND AIMS

TO FIGHT RUSSIANISM.

FROM SOCIALIST TO MONARCHIST.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ROME, Tuesday.

Behind the dramatic revolutionary *coup* whereby Benito Mussolini's black-shirted Fascisti legions seized the dominances of the Italian Government is one of the most remarkable pages in the history of post-war Europe.

Two years ago Italy's forty millions, impoverished and enervated by war, started towards seemingly unavertable Bolshevism and anarchy. Two millions flaunted the Red flag, and defied the Government. Factories were seized and Soviets proclaimed. Italy seemed doomed to follow in Russia's path.

To-day militant Socialism and Communism are dead, non-existent; stamped out by an intensely nationalistic movement that swept in a flame of ardent patriotism from Sicily towards the Alps.

This movement—Fascism—was born two years ago, when it seemed impossible that the sweeping tide of Bolshevism could be stemmed. Now Austria and Hungary have adopted it in a battle against insidious propaganda; Germany has built up similar organisations under other names. It represents the rally of Europe's harassed and war-destituted people, in what, to Europe, is almost a life-and-death struggle against Moscow's panacea for parad

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Duke of York returned yesterday to Sandringham Palace from Pitsford Hall, Northampton, where he spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. George Drummond, and hunted with the Blankney Hounds and with the Quorn. Prince Henry, who is the guest of Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Stanyforth, at Kirk Ham Merton Hall, near York, attended the opening meet of the York and Ainsty on Monday.

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The Princess Royal and Princess Maud having spent the autumn at Mar Lodge, Braemar, are returning to London this week, and will be in residence in Portman Square for the winter months.

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The Earl of Warwick is ill in Devonshire, and his condition is regarded as serious. The Countess of Warwick and their married daughter, Lady Marjorie Beckett, are in attendance on him, and Lord Brooke and the other members of the family have been summoned.

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The Earl of Rosebery has returned to London from Scotland. Lord and Lady Templemore and the Hon. Gerald Chichester left London yesterday for Paris. Lady Coddington, who has been travelling in Canada and the United States for some months, returned to London last week.

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Lord Lee of Fareham, who celebrates his sixty-fourth birthday today, was formerly an Honorary Colonel and Mayor in the Royal Artillery. He served in France with the British Expeditionary Force in the early years of the war, and had been British Military Attaché with the United States Army during the Spanish-American war. He was appointed Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries in 1919, having in the previous year been created a baron. He gave Chequers Court to the British nation as a residence for the Prime Minister.

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The Right Hon. Sir Horace Rumbold, Bart., who holds the important post of High Commissioner at Constantinople, is the son of the fifth baronet, the distinguished diplomatist, who from 1892 until 1900 represented Great Britain in different parts of the world. Sir Horace, who succeeded his father in 1913, was appointed a Councillor of Embassy in 1909, and has been British Minister at Berne, and also in Poland. His appointment to Constantinople was made in 1920.

* * *

The marriage took place in Paris on Monday of the American Church, with following ceremonies at the Mairie and the British Consulate, Captain F. C. Shaw, younger son of Colonel Sir Frederick and Lady Shaw, of Bushey Park, Dublin, and Mrs. Angela Arcosta Sewall, daughter of the late Mr. Richard Arcosta Sewall, of New York. Sir Frederick Shaw gave the bride away, and Major Guy Goodliffe, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, acted as best man.

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The marriage arranged between Alan Octavius Whitehead and Elizabeth Rose Riall will take place quietly at Christ Church, Bray, Co. Wicklow, at 2.15 p.m. on Wednesday, December 6th. All friends will be welcome at the church.

* * *

Switzer's Millinery Buyer has returned with a collection of very beautiful Hats. An exceptionally smart model from the inexpensive department, offered at 14s 9d., will be featured in their Grafton street windows this week.

Beautiful Fur-trimmed Coats and the New Tweed Coatees.—At Holmes', George's street.

French Model Dress Coats.—Coats—Direct from Paris.—McAsey, 53 Dawson street.

Maison Jules and Co. are now doing the permanent Hair Waving with the latest improved Eugene's system. Success guaranteed.—2 Stephen's Green.

Classical evening gown in delphinium blue crêpe, romain draped, and caught with cabochon of shot silver tissue, at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street, Dublin.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Miss Story, J. Billington, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis, Joseph Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Stimpson, Mr. Mc. Mahon, Mrs. Price, Miss Peggy Price, Miss Staunton Cahill, John Lloyd, Mr. Bernard E. C. King, Dr. M. H. Dwyer, Mr. Wright.

DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Richard J. W. Egan, Mrs. Egan, Dr. Bernard E. C. King, Dr. M. H. Dwyer, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. A. H. Perrin, Dr. and Mrs. Cruise, Mr. and Mrs. Bowen, Mr. and Mrs. Rowan, Llewellyn Meredith, Colonel A. T. S. Magan, A. W. Gay, Q.C., J. McAndrew, C.E., Dr. F. W. Byrne, Judge H. Leslie Baker, R. Leslie Baker, Mrs. and Miss Tracey.

Fresh arrivals of New Silk Goods at McBirney's.

Oriental Goods, Venetian Chains, Ceylon Baskets, Chinese Silk Handkerchiefs, Japanese Lanterns. 11 to 5.—19 Kildare street.

TO LADIES.—Elastic Stockings, Belts, and Medical Appliances. Special department for ladies on 1st floor. Female attendant. Andrews and Co., 5 Grafton st.—Mourning Orders executed on the shortest notice.—Davis and Co. (late Ogilvy's) 46 Grafton street.

For Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hairdressing, with all the newest designs in handles, and at prices from 4/11.—Fras. Smyth and Son, Manufacturers, 7b Grafton street, and 12 Parliament street, Dublin.

COUNTY SLIGO MURDERS.

LIVELY FIGHT AT FOXFORD.

A SOUTHERN BEDROOM COMEDY.

Four deaths as the result of shooting are reported from the Tobercurry and Cloonacoote districts of County Sligo during the past two days.

One of these was the case of a man who fled from National soldiers, thinking that they were Republicans, and was shot for refusing to halt. The other three appear to have been cases of deliberate murder, the victims being taken from their homes by armed men, and afterwards found bullet-riddled by the wayside.

Reports from County Mayo yesterday stated that a fight between National troops and Republicans was in progress at Foxford, and that the woollen mills there had been attacked.

COUNTY SLIGO.

BRUTAL MURDERS.

MEN TAKEN FROM THEIR HOMES AND SHOT.

A shocking story of how two men were done to death on the roadside near their homes on Sunday morning comes from Tobercurry (says our Ballinrobe Correspondent).

It appears that at about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning a party of armed, but undisguised, men called at the houses of two men named Hunt and O'Connor, at Poweleboro', Tobercurry, and asked both men to come out as they wished to ask them some questions.

Hunt, it is alleged, on seeing the men fainted, but one of them gave him a drink of water, and he quickly recovered. He was then taken down the road a short distance, while one of the armed men kept guard over Hunt's delicate wife (who had recently undergone an operation) and his ten children.

O'Connor, who lives close by, was on the road at the same time, but nothing is known of what happened in the interval between 1 and 5 o'clock, when the volley of shots was heard which ended the men's lives.

When the bodies were found by the people on their way to Mass, some hours later, they presented a shocking appearance. Brain matter and blood were scattered around. Portion of O'Connor's ear was found on the road, while Hunt's eyes were missing, or else smashed to atoms.

The police authorities and some troops had the bodies removed to Tobercurry, where inquests will be held.

On Sunday afternoon while national troops were searching the district a motor car was observed approaching at a fast pace, and when the order to "halt" was not obeyed a shot was fired, which killed one of the passengers, named McPartland, of Sligo, and wounded a woman who accompanied him.

A report reached Ballymote yesterday morning, to the effect that a man, whose name was given as Cullen, or Scanlon, was beaten to death at Doocastle, three miles from Tobercurry, on Sunday night, but it is not yet confirmed.

A further shooting case is reported from Tubbercurry, a man named Warren being taken from his bed and afterwards found dead by the roadside, his body being riddled with bullets.

SHOT BY NATIONAL TROOPS.

Mr. Frank Scanlon, of Cloonacoole, County Sligo, has been shot dead in exceptionally tragic circumstances (says our Sligo Correspondent). Since the shooting of Lieutenant O'Connor and Mr. Hart, near Tobercurry, on Sunday morning, patrols of national troops have been searching the country. When a party of these troops approached Mr. Scanlon's residence in the darkness, his wife, thinking they were Republicans, called out: "Here are the Bolshies coming for you." Mr. Scanlon jumped out of bed, and pulling on his trousers and boots, tried to escape.

He was several times called on to halt, and as he continued to run was fired at and killed. Mr. Scanlon was a supporter of the Government. His death is much regretted.

COUNTY MAYO.

FIGHT AT FOXFORD.

REPORTED ATTACK ON WOOLLEN MILLS.

News having reached Ballina that a large number of Republicans were in the vicinity of Foxford, at Callow, a detachment of national troops left Ballina at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by special train. Later in the day the national troops came in contact with the Republicans, who are said to be under the command of Frank Carty, and a fierce battle ensued. The fight was still in progress at the hour of telegraphing.

A despatch rider from the national troops reached Ballina at 3 o'clock and reported that seven of the Republicans had been killed and one of the national troops wounded.

It is reported here that the Republicans possessed a field piece, and had shelled the town of Foxford. It is stated that one shell hit the Foxford woollen mills and demolished portion of them. No confirmation of this report could be got. The ambulance has left Ballina for the scene of operations.

A further report states that only one Republican was killed—a man named Hegarty, of Cloghans, Ballina—and that there were six casualties among the national troops.

COUNTY TIPPERARY.

NATIONAL POST ATTACKED.

Posts occupied by the national troops in Cashel were attacked for several hours on Sunday morning by machine-gun and rifle fire. The firing ceased for a while, and was resumed with increased intensity at noon. The troops replied to the fire. Reinforcements arrived in the evening, and the district was searched. There were no casualties.

COUNTY LIMERICK.

PRISONER SHOT

FOR DISREGARDING MILITARY REGULATIONS.

Coroner McNeice and a jury held an inquest last evening at Limerick Jail in connection with the shooting on Monday of Michael Buckley whilst a criminal prisoner in jail.

Lieutenant-Commandant O'Connor represented the military.

The evidence of Thomas Gilbert, prisoner, from Cush, Kilfinane, Co. Limerick, was that when speaking to Buckley in the prison yard at half-past 12 o'clock on Monday Buckley was shot and fell. He never spoke afterwards. Witness did not see him signal to any of the other prisoners. He was aware of the order to refrain from communicating with prisoners in the main wing of the building. Witness was now in prison charged with desertion from the National Army.

Michael Sheehan, prisoner, from near Newcastle-West, deposed to being speaking to Buckley five minutes before he was shot. In his opinion the shot came from the prison tower. Witness did not see Buckley communicating with any prisoner, and was not aware of the order prohibiting communication with prisoners in the main wing.

A private in the Army, who volunteered evidence, stated that he was on sentry duty on the prison tower on Monday. He had repeatedly warned Buckley about making signs to the prisoners in the main wing, but to no avail. Witness then told him finally that if he persisted he would fire, but he only laughed at him. Witness then pointed the rifle at him several times, but he took no notice, and witness fired. He was not acquainted with Buckley, towards whom he bore no ill-will.

Another private in the Army stated that Buckley had been repeatedly warned to keep away from the window and to cease communicating with prisoners in the main wing, but without avail. He saw the sentry point the rifle at him several times to frighten him, and then he heard a shot.

A captain in the Army stated that Buckley was a native of Emly, Co. Limerick, and was in prison on a charge of robbery. At the request of the Governor he was handed over to witness until such time as he was handed over to the civil authority. Owing to trouble in the prison the instructions to sentries were to fire on prisoners who disregarded orders.

The medical evidence showed that Buckley's death was due to shock and hemorrhage caused by a gunshot wound between the ribs in the right side.

The jury found that Buckley died from a gunshot wound inflicted by a national soldier in the discharge of his duty.

IRISH LANGUAGE MOVEMENT.

NEED FOR SUPPORT.

APPEAL TO THE NATION.

The position, present and future, of the Irish language was discussed at a public meeting in the Mansion House, Dublin, last night, under the auspices of the Conradh na Gaedhilge, at which Miss Mary Kennedy presided.

Mr. Cormac Walsh, President of the Irish National Teachers' Organisation, said that their object in assembling there was to urge forward the cause of the Irish language. They welcomed all who were taking an interest in the language, and they cared not what political opinions they held. It was absolutely necessary to revive interest in the language at the present time in Dublin.

The Rev. Father McGrath, S.J., said that the most important part of a nation was its language; it was a distinguishing feature of a nationality. They should not lose sight of the primary importance of the language. Irish cigarettes might be all very good in their own way, but they would not make an Irish Ireland. But Ireland would be Ireland as long as there was one Irish speaker left. (Laughter.) They must remember also that no man in Ireland could have too much Irish.

Other speakers were—Messrs. Cathal O'Brien, Cathal O'Shannon, and Francis O'Toby. They spoke in Irish, and advocated the cause of Irish in the public life of the country, as well as in the homes.

AN INTERRUPTION.

A resolution was passed, urging the use of Irish on public Boards and elsewhere, as well as in the homes.

An interruption took place when Mr. Walsh was addressing the meeting. A woman cried out—"The cream of Ireland is behind iron bars." The prisoners, she added later, were being locked up by a Gaelic speaker and organiser.

The woman, who was accompanied by about twenty others, subsequently resumed her seat. When the Rev. Father Meirath rose to address the meeting, the women got up and made their way to the back of the hall. There were cries of "Up the Republic" and "Up Kevin Barry." The women left shortly afterwards.

IRISH CULTURE.

CELTIC REVIVAL MOVEMENT.

"The Celtic Revival" was the subject selected by Miss Audion, Mr. Séamus de Burca (Sech.), for his inaugural address at the opening meeting of the second session of Cumann Gaedealac an Colaiste, which was held in the Regent House, Trinity College, Dublin, yesterday afternoon, the President, Professor Tomas O Raithile, presiding.

Mr. de Burca, in the course of his address, said that "The Celtic Revival" was the name given to the movement originating in the latter half of the nineteenth century, having for its object the revival of the Celtic languages, literature, art, and culture. In Ireland it attempted to restore the continuity between the past and the present. The people had lost their title, been robbed of their ancient culture, the number of those who spoke Irish declining with an amazing rapidity. In 1845 there were over three million people speaking Irish as their mother tongue, and in 1901 there were only 670,000. The first phase of the movement was set in motion by the development of philological research in Germany, which was to ensure that civilisation of Ireland would live for the few. The second phase was the translation into English of the old traditions in the homes of the people, and of the ancient culture as a real thing. This phase centred around Thomas Davis, who conceived the idea of making the movement a national one. It was left to the Gaelic League to fulfil his dream in arousing the pride of the people in their ancient civilisation. The outstanding figures in its foundation were Dr. Douglas Hyde, Father Eugene O'Growney, and Dr. Eoin MacNeill.

IMPORTANCE OF THE LANGUAGE.

The essence of the movement was the language, and he believed that the revival would continue to more more rapidly in the future than in the past. It was on the language that the movement would stand or fall, and the prospects of the language were bright. They were in the midst of a great renaissance, and there were signs on every side that the spoken language was being advanced by the additions of thousands to the ranks of those who loved and spoke it.

Canon O'Connell, in proposing a vote of thanks to the auditor, said that the auditor's address was the clearest account of Celtic revival that he had ever heard. He felt that the language was the strongest part of the Celtic revival, and, to his mind, language stood for nationality. He did not think that the mere learning of Irish would keep it alive. They must make it hold its own.

Professor Douglas Hyde, who seconded the motion, said that he thought they were trying to make a homogeneous Ireland out of what was hardly a homogeneous Ireland, and he thought that a movement such as that went a long way to bring about a unity of race feeling which they all desired so much. There never was a time when it was so important to get a knowledge of Irish history and of Irish language. In dealing with that movement, they must not forget the great part psychology played in it. For all those with Celtic blood in their veins, what was written and spoken in the Irish language would most strongly appeal to them.

The vote of thanks having been passed, the meeting concluded.

ASSAULTING A PRISONER.

Sergeant-Major O'Shaughnessy, who was tried by court-martial in Cork on Saturday last, on a charge of assaulting a civilian prisoner named John Twomey, was found guilty and sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour. The sentence has been duly confirmed and promulgated.

COUNTY CORK.

PASSAGE PANTOMIME.

THE BOOT, THE BED, AND THE TWO MEN.

National troops stationed in Queenstown took advantage of the desperate weather which prevailed in the district on Monday night and during the early hours of yesterday morning to search the town of Passage West for Republicans and ammunition. In particular they were anxious to lay hands on two men who have been operating in the adjoining district, and who are directly concerned with the manufacture of bombs.

At half-past ten o'clock on Monday night the troops were informed of a serious outbreak of fire on the water front of Passage. They mustered and went there by fast motor boat. They found the building, used formerly as police barracks, in flames. Having subdued the fire, the troops were turned on to search the town. In all twelve persons were arrested, including the two alleged bomb-makers.

One of the national officers and two men went to search a certain house, and as they were about to enter it two young women who came to the door informed them that their mother was on her dying bed, and requested them not to disturb her, as they were just leaving to summon the priest and doctor.

The officer expressed his sympathy with them, and apologised for having to search the house, which he proceeded to do. He was accompanied through the house by the young women, and as he was about to enter the sick room, he was told that his presence there might kill the old lady.

Opening the door, however, he saw the old woman in bed, complaining of terrible pain. He went quickly out of the house, and a shout in a second saw the plot that was being enacted.

On the floor at the foot of the bed he noticed the movement, ever so slight, of a male boot. Wishing the old lady a speedy recovery and a good night," he added, "All right, men, I'll take those chaps under the bed with me."

"Come out," he shouted, and at once the two much wanted men appeared and were placed under arrest. One of the prisoners remarking, "You got us fair," to the accompaniment of an outburst of abuse on the part of the old woman.

The arrested men left the room in charge of their captor.

CORK JAIL ATTACKED.

FREQUENT OUTBURSTS OF SHOOTING.

The City Jail, Sunday's Well, Cork, was attacked by snipers on three separate occasions during the early hours of Tuesday, but the only result was a more or less sleepless night for the residents in the district.

Before one o'clock the first attack was made, and it continued intermittently for a considerable time.

At twenty minutes past two there was again very heavy firing, the attackers using machine-guns on both sides of the building. The firing continued intermittently until three o'clock, when it again became intense.

Later in the morning further firing was heard. It was rumoured that there were some casualties during the attack, but the hospital admitted no case, and there was no confirmation of the rumour. It is definitely learned that the national troops suffered no casualties.

It was stated in Cork yesterday that two of the three Republicans wounded in the attack on Ballincollig on Wednesday last have succumbed to their injuries.

Private Thomas Tierney has been admitted to the Mercy Hospital, Cork, for treatment of a wound in the head, received owing to the accidental discharge of a revolver at Ballincollig. He is not in serious condition.

FORDSON WORKS RAIDED.

The extensive Fordson Works, Cork, were raided on Monday night shortly after 9 o'clock by four armed men, who "held up" the night man. The object of the raid was to take possession of typewriting machines used by the firm. The intention of the raiders was foiled by the fact that the typing machines were bolted on to the desks of the clerical staff, and their removal consequently presented elements of difficulty. The raiders stay on the premises was brief. Having secured portion of an invoicing machine they disappeared.

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COUNTY WATERFORD.

FIRING AT DUNGARVAN.

SNIPING LASTS TILL MIDNIGHT.

There was sniping in Dungarvan on Sunday night, to which the national troops replied with much vigour. The firing began at 9.30, when shots were directed at the military station, Church street. The forces turned out, and shooting became general throughout various parts of the town. In the Main street several shots were fired. The people quickly cleared away, and shooting went on intermittently for a couple of hours.

In the early part of the day Lieutenant Walsh, while riding on his bicycle on the outskirts of the town, was fired at and had a narrow escape.

After midnight there was quiet. No casualties are reported.

It is stated that Bridge street billet and the Union quarters were also fired at. All persons in the streets were challenged and searched.

COUNTY LOUTH.

"CRUEL MURDER."

DUNDALK JURY DENOUNCES SHOOTING OF SOLDIER.

"That Owen Sherlock, an unarmed soldier of our nation, was killed instantly by a revolver shot, deliberately fired by a person in opposition to our Government, and that it was a cruel and cowardly murder," was the verdict of a Dundalk jury at an inquest yesterday on a private in the National Army, who was shot on Saturday night, 23rd September last.

When the court opened, Mr. Alexander Lynn intimated that he appeared for the Irish Republican Army.

Mr. J. B. Hamill, who represented the Provisional Government, objected to counsel being heard. There was, he said, only one Army in the country, and the organisation which Mr. Lynn claimed to represent was an illegal organisation.

Mr. Lynn—Mr. Hamill cannot appear in this court on behalf of what he calls the State. It is only competent for the State to appear in a criminal prosecution.

The Coroner said that he had already ruled that Mr. Hamill was entitled to appear, and when Mr. Lynn said that there was only one Army in the country, Mr. Hamill said that he objected to political propaganda being introduced there. It should be remembered that it was an inquest they were holding—not a political meeting.

After considerable argument the Coroner declined to hear Mr. Lynn, and he left.

A Staff Captain said that Sherlock (who was a native of Clarnagh, County Monaghan) had been a cook for the troops and was not armed. On the evening in question, when Sherlock and Private McCann left the barracks, they were both unarmed. Sherlock was a sober lad and an efficient soldier.

Private McCann told the court the story of the shooting. On that Saturday evening, at 5 o'clock, he, with Sherlock, left the barracks and went for a walk. As they were returning they met two lads in civilian dress. Sherlock stopped to talk to them, as he had been interned with one of them in Ballykinlar camp. They talked in a friendly way for a time on the political situation. The views of the civilians did not agree with those of witness and Sherlock, and Sherlock said that probably the best thing they could do was to arrest the lads. With that one of the civilians ran across the road, followed by Sherlock. Witness looked and saw the civilian draw a revolver. Witness rushed at him and got hold of the revolver, but the civilian wrenched it from him and aimed at Sherlock. A shot was fired and Sherlock fell. Witness saw him bleeding, and as he stepped over him to see what was wrong another revolver shot rang out, and witness fell, upon the roadway, shot through the arm. A few more shots were fired, and the civilians ran away. Witness told the court that he had never seen the lads before, but Sherlock appeared to be friendly with them. He did not see the second lad with a revolver.

In answering a juryman, witness stated that he did not think that Sherlock had had any arrangement with the civilians to meet him that night—that was just an accident.

In his address to the jury Mr. Hamill said that the reason for the lad's death had been clearly stated by an Army officer, when he said that Sherlock had been killed because he had the courage to do what he thought best for his land. Could there be a clearer case of murder before a jury of a callous, brutal murder? If it was only by a miracle that McCann was there to tell the story. It was hard to ask a jury to return a verdict of murder against an Irish boy for shooting a rebel Irishman, but they had their duty to do in these troublous times. They were living at a period when many people seemed to have lost their senses; but in their wildest imaginings they could not conceive that anything would be done so inhuman, so brutal, as this awful murder of the lad Sherlock. He asked for a verdict of wilful murder.

The jury returned the verdict set out above.

AMBUSH CONDEMNED.

The Louth County Council, at a special meeting yesterday, condemned the ambush at Rockmarshall on Saturday, when a captain and a sergeant of the National Army were killed.

Mr. J. R. McArdle, the local Councillor, moved that the Council on behalf of the people of the county, should convey their sincere condolences to the relatives of the two young soldiers murdered at Rockmarshall last Saturday. He wanted it to be particularly understood that no one in the district who knew what their politics sympathised with this cruel murder, and he had their authority for stating this publicly.

Mr. Peter Hughes, M.P., seconded.

The Chairman (Mr. Murphy, T.F.), in declaring the motion passed, said that it was time the people should realise the duty that devolved upon them of protecting the men who were there to protect them. They must take steps, the only steps to dissociate themselves from such acts as this, but to assist the Irish soldiers by active intervention in such circumstances. Their inaction, no doubt, arose from a mistaken notion that there was something mean or dishonorable in helping the authorities to prevent or to punish crime. The people must get rid of that notion. If they did not realise their duty, the deaths of soldiers killed as these men were would be at the doors of those who, by giving warning, might have prevented it.

Mr. James Coburn said that a public meeting should be called to condemn such outrages. No man worthy of the name of Irishman would set a trap laid and fall to warn those whose lives were threatened. The Bishops had spoken, but the time was past for mere words even from them. They should redouble with prominent posters every shade of politics and with the people, and devise means to stop this. He had always held and expressed the opinion that no man had the right to take another's life, and he was sorry to say that deeds had been done, and were being done, that were an credit to Ireland's boasted chivalry. The people were dead against this, and they only wanted a strong lead to stop it.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

TO TRAIN TEACHERS.

THE NORTHERN SCHEME INAUGURATED.

The Northern Government's scheme for the training of teachers was inaugurated at the Queen's University, Belfast, yesterday, when 198 students attended a reception, which was given by the Ministry of Education.

The Right Hon. H. M. Pollock, Minister of Finance, who presided, said that many chapters of Irish history had been written, most of them tragic, since those who were interested in education in Northern Ireland appealed to the education authorities for the establishment of a training college in Ulster. Those appeals were unavailing, and it required the grave constitutional changes which had recently been made in Ireland to effect that which was denied them so long.

The demand for an Ulster training school was based upon the fact that the only undenominational college in Ireland was situated in the Southern area. All the other institutions of that class were strictly denominational, and all but one small school for Roman Catholic girl students in Belfast were located in the South.

That day they saw the fruition of their hopes, and they were able to repair with feelings of pride that Ulster was now in possession of her own teachers' educational training college, which all classes and all creeds were free to enter, and they hoped and prayed for it a long career of usefulness.

Mr. Pollock referred to the work of the committee which devised the scheme, and acknowledged the services of the Queen's University and the Belfast School of Technology—institutions which not only provided them with the necessary classrooms and lecture halls, but also ensured that the students would receive instruction from recognised specialists in the various subjects.

IMPERIAL CHARGE.

There remained the question of housing approximately 200 students. Temporary arrangements had been made, and for the permanent provision which would be necessary the Government had secured the Stranmillis estates, upon which it was proposed to build hostel accommodation for from 300 to 400 students.

The cost of the scheme would be heavy; but he would anticipate any criticism which might be levelled against the Government for extravagant expenditure by stating that the Imperial Government was responsible for providing all public departments and their equipment.

The undenominational character of the college was a great asset. He ventured to submit that if the youth of all creeds were permitted to intermingle freely in the schools and colleges, in the playing fields and youthful games, they would soon be free from the unhappy sectarian differences which lay at the root of so much of their national troubles.

Mr. William Parr, Registrar and Bursar, gave details of the provisional scheme, which has been arranged for a period of two years. There are at present 198 students in training on a two years' course. They are divided into two groups, "A" and "B." The former, comprising 84 students, follows the ordinary Arts course in the University, leading towards the Bachelor of Arts degree, which is not compulsory, and for which two further years of study will be required. Those in the latter category (Class "B"), comprising 114 students, are not members of the University, but receive literary instruction from University professors and their assistants.

A GOOD START.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Education (Mr. R. J. M'Keown, M.P.) said that he desired on behalf of the Ministry to offer their best thanks to the Committee for the training of teachers, and especially to the Chairman of that Committee, the Minister of Finance. Mr. Pollock had on many occasions shown his great interest in the cause of education, but never more so than when, notwithstanding his many arduous duties, he consented to preside over this Committee.

It had met almost every week since it was set up in May, and its work had been invaluable. He desired also to give expression to the high appreciation of the Ministry for the assistance given by the Senate of the Queen's University, and by the Belfast Technical Instruction Committee. It was mainly owing to the hearty cooperation of these institutions that the Ministry had been able to make provision for the training of teachers in such a short time.

When, in addition, he contemplated the work of the Lynn Committee, and the help given generally, it seemed to him that the community was determined to have a sound system of education.

The advantages of a University training for teachers were obvious. Instruction would be received from recognised specialists in each subject, and the association with students in the University preparing for other professions served a very useful purpose. A broad outlook was particularly important to the teacher, and in order to promote freshness of mind he should, in his spare time, enter fields of knowledge or inquiry far remote from his daily work.

A good start had been made, but much had yet to be done. Additional housing accommodation had to be provided, and that would are long be remedied. The Ministry realised that the work of a teacher was sometimes trying to temper and patience, and it was the intention to relieve it, as far as possible, from anxiety and worry.

The Moderator of the General Assembly (Right Rev. Dr. Strahan) congratulated the teaching profession upon the fact that the Minister of Finance took such a deep interest in their profession. He was glad to be present, because he had got to know that there was a very large number of Presbyterians among the students. That was in keeping with the principle upon which the Presbyterian Church acted in the past. They had stood for undenominational education—united, secular, and separate religious education.

He was glad that the new training college was to be so closely identified with the University, and their thanks were due to the Senate for the way they opened the doors of the University and made the entrance of the student teacher so easy. (Applause.)

BIRD SHOOTING AT SEA.

NEW PASTIME ON OCEAN LINER.

Clay bird shooting is one of the new pastimes introduced in the Cunard liner, Laconia, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday, preparatory to her round the world cruise from New York at the end of the month. It is quite a new feature for ocean travellers, and the equipment consists of three traps set to throw targets seawards at unknown angles. Six double-barrelled sports guns are provided for the competitions amongst passengers, together with 50,000 rounds of ammunition and 40,000 clay bird targets.

Other sport passengers on this trip will be able to indulge in archery, fencing, golf, tennis, cricket, while in the gymnasium facilities are provided for horse and camel riding, cycling, rowing, and boxing.

The Laconia's cruise will extend over four months, and the distance covered will be over 29,000 miles. The Laconia will proceed *via* Havana, Panama, San Francisco, Honolulu, to China, thence to India, Ceylon, Suez Canal, and the Mediterranean, back to New York. Christmas Day will be spent on the Ocean and the New Year celebrations at Yokohama.

A complete electric steam laundry has also been installed, and the machinery will be capable of 50,000 pieces of linen per week.

SHOT AT MIDNIGHT.

YOUNG TIPPERARY MAN'S END.

On Monday evening Mr. O'Brien, Coroner, resumed at Nenagh the inquest on the body of Patrick Kennedy, 24, of the farming class, who was found shot dead at Portroe on Saturday morning.

At a previous sitting a sister of Kennedy said that he was taken from a field by two armed men, and she last saw him when he was brought into Michael M'Donnell's yard at Carrigatober. He was found dead at Portroe the following morning, and a doctor stated that there were seven bullet wounds in the body. The Coroner then adjourned the inquest until Monday for the attendance of Mr. M'Donnell.

Mr. M'Donnell, who now attended, told the Coroner that the two men went into his house with the deceased man. He did not know the men, but he knew the deceased man, who was not excited at the time, and did not say anything. He did not know to what army the men belonged. He gave the three men a glass of whiskey each, and they left. He was astonished and sorry next day when he heard of the death of Kennedy. He knew no more about the affair.

THE JURY'S FINDING.

The Coroner said that that was all the evidence that was available. There was no doubt that the deceased man was shot dead at Portroe on Saturday morning. Some people said that they heard firing at about midnight, and the jury would have no difficulty in finding that poor Kennedy met his death by violence. Owing to the frequency of such terrible occurrences in the country any comment by him in the present instance would be futile, but they might be perfectly sure that there was a God in Heaven who was looking down on that terrible deed on Saturday on Portroe Hill, and He in His own good time would see to the men who were responsible for Patrick Kennedy's death.

The jury found that death was due to shock and hemorrhage from bullet wounds wilfully and unlawfully inflicted by some person or persons unknown.

A vote of sympathy was passed with the relatives of the deceased man.

BANK LOVE DRAMA IN LONDON.

"JEKYLL & HYDE" LIFE OF CASHIER.

"AUTOBIOGRAPHY" OF THE MURDERER.

Part of the astonishing autobiography of a murderer, which revealed the Jekyll and Hyde existence of a cashier in a London bank, were read at the inquest yesterday on

Archibald Grey, 21, clerk,

and

Lindsay Lindsey, 32, chief cashier.

Both were employed at the bank of Messrs. H. S. King and Sons, Pall Mall, where, after closing hours on Saturday, Grey was attacked and shot by Lindsey, who then committed suicide.

Lindsey's motive was jealousy. He had been rejected by Miss Edith Mary Ferguson, the eighteen-year-old typist at the bank, who stated at the inquest that she and Grey intended to become engaged. Lindsey had constantly invited her to accompany him to theatres and other places, but she refused, and when he declared that he was deeply attached to her she replied: "It is no good." From first to last, she had rejected Lindsey's advances.

A police officer stated that Lindsey, since being disappointed in his love affairs, had led a sort of Jekyll-and-Hyde existence. Since March he had drawn over £1,000 from one bank, and had given way to a life of dissipation in the West End.

LETTER OF 52 PAGES.

The Coroner said that Lindsey had written to him a letter of fifty-two pages. He could read some of the extracts, which he thought material.

The letter was dated October 24th last, and in it Lindsey said that he wrote it for an hour or two each night.

Writing of the incident on June 19, 1921, when he sent Miss Ferguson a letter asking her to become his wife, Lindsey said that she politely told him that her answer was "No."

The letter proceeded:—"I was seized with a feeling of great loneliness and a craving for feminine company I had never felt before. Realise the position in which I found myself. I had leisure and money, for a long period no companion, and a keen desire for feminine company.

"I decided to go up West, and meet a pretty girl of some sort or other, under circumstances that would make an introduction easy, and take her away with me for a holiday.

"I do not offer any excuse for this, my first step in an immoral life. I was simply crazy for the company of a girl—someone to love."

"OUTSIDE THE PALE."

Lindsey went on to say that he afterwards had the feeling that he had placed himself outside the pale of decent men, and that he could not again look into the eyes of a decent girl.

"It is so difficult for me," he wrote, "to see her daily in the company of Grey, and the strain was rendered more difficult by his conduct in the matter. It is one of the strongest forces which has compelled me to kill him.

"He has adopted the pose of the victor.

"I formed the resolve some months ago to smash and utterly destroy him. I resolved he should not have this beautiful girl, even if it cost my own life. I have lost my private fortune in dissipation. I have lost my self-respect. My own life is of little value to me, and I will not live to see my rival marry her and possess her entire life.

"He has openly taunted me with my loss. I hope to kill him unawares, so that his death will come upon him as suddenly and painlessly as possible."

The Coroner, summing up, spoke of the blameless character of Grey and his honourable attachment to Miss Ferguson. Grey was shot from behind, and, in order to make double sure, there was another wound in the left temple.

Lindsey, added the Coroner, seemed to be a man of intense egotism, and of an unbalanced mind.

The jury found that the young clerk, Archibald Grey, was wilfully murdered by the cashier, Lindsay Lindsey, who then committed suicide, in full possession of his senses. "In other words," said the foreman, "*felo de se.*"

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE DUBLIN RATES SCANDAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In 1914 a labourer cleaning the streets received £1 2s. 6d. a week. The cost of living is now 90 points higher than it was then. Therefore, the labouring man should now be in receipt of £1 2s. 6d. *plus* 90 *per cent.* of that sum—in other words, about £2 2s. a week. Were he the employé of the Post Office, for instance, these would now be his wages; but because it happens to be the employé of the Dublin Corporation he receives the monstrous wage of 73s. a week—only sixpence less than the wage paid to a skilled engineer in outside employment. A Corporation labourer of the semi-skilled type in 1915 received 30s. a week. His present wage is £4 5s.—in other words, 9s. 6d. a week more than skilled engineers are paid in commercial employment. A clerk in the Civil Service on the £100 a year scale is now receiving £100 a year, *plus* £85 16s., while a clerk of the Dublin Corporation on the same scale receives £230. Because he is employed by the Dublin Corporation he has £45 to which he is not entitled.

These figures require no elucidation to bring home to the ratepayers of Dublin—and all citizens are ratepayers—the reckless and apparently entirely uncontrolled handling of their hard-earned money by the Dublin corporate body. Wages started on the downward grade two years ago, and, if the members of this body had any intention of honouring their plighted word with the helpless citizens who trusted them, notice would then have been given to the army of underpaid workers and officials that, just as the wages went up with the increase in the cost of living, so should they go down when prices fell. This is nothing but the pact agreed on between the employer and the employé, as we have seen in operation in the Post Office, the railways and other services. One would have thought that its automatic application in the case of corporate employés was a matter of course. By what stretch of reason are the ever-ratepayers of Dublin called upon to contribute this difference, or do members of the Corporation realise that they owe any duty at all to the public?

I happen to be the owner of a little business which leaves a narrow margin between profit and loss, and I confess that I look forward with horror to the half-yearly bill of £25 for my share in the rates. I pay £50 a year, and what will it be for it? Were it not for the occasional removal of the dust-bin, nothing would remind me that I got any return whatever.

No citizen in whatever capacity, whether employer or employé, landlord or tenant, can afford to ignore the fact that this crushing burden has a direct bearing on his expenditure. It does not matter whether he pays the rates direct or whether these rates are amalgamated with the rent or incorporated in the landlady's bill; every citizen is being bled white by the squandering of the people's money. For my own part, I see no difference between this breach of contract with the citizen and the plunging of one's hands into the citizen's pocket and lifting his cash in broad day-light, except, indeed, that the latter requires a greater measure of courage. Control of the city's business by people who have little personal interest in that control, and who look upon it as merely a means to the attainment of notoriety, is a failure. It is time that ratepayers, whose business is being weighted down by this excessive taxation, should organise themselves in protest against its continuance, and should demand that the control of the city's finances be handed over to a few experienced commissioners, who, by proper management, will save them unlimited money. This is the system in force in the majority of American States at the moment, because the American citizens, like ourselves, had learned to their cost that what is everybody's business is nobody's business.

If the municipal elections take place in January again, I trust that none of the sitting members will dare to place themselves before the people for election. To do so would be the sheerest audacity.—Yours, etc.,

"RATEPAYER."

Dublin, November 7th, 1922.

DINNER HOUR IN SHOPS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I hope that the Dublin shopkeepers will protest against the suggestion to close for a dinner hour. It would be a real hardship to their country customers, who find the day too short to do their business, as it is, with those who already inconvenience them in this way. If all

LIVERPOOL.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME AND SELECTIONS.

That the fixture at Aintree this week will result in the customary success there need be no doubt, and that is as it should be, as no expense or attention to details is spared to provide patrons with good-class sport and all the comfort that is possible. Moreover, no details that are necessary to achieve the ends in view are overlooked. Free stabling, etc., for the competitors and quarters for the lads in charge are provided, and improvements are being effected in other directions with almost each recurring fixture. No less a sum than £1,250 sovs. represents the guaranteed prize money to be won here this week, apart from a large amount in sweepstakes. The most valuable race on to-day's card is the Knowsley Nursery of 1,000 sovs., added to a 20 sovs. sweepstakes. Although there were but a score of acceptances, the certain runners include seven or eight youngsters that are in the first class as regards speed, such as The Owl, Karl, Mardina, Greenfinch, Portumna, Kwannon, etc. This should prove a fine betting race, but not more so than the Becher Steeplechase, which seems likely to attract a more extensive field than for several years past. I expect Southampton, Square Dance, and Command to be reserved for the Sefton. Square Up is lame. Selections:—

Becher Steeplechase—**The Bore** or **Condor.**
Ford Welter—**The Lossett.**
Alt Nursery—**Indelible.**
Knowsley Nursery—**The Owl** or **Karl.**
Stewards' Handicap—**Lemstar.**
St. Leger—**Norseman.**

(The figures in front of the names of the horses are an index to placings in their last three engagements—reading from right to left. Where a horse started slowly and was unplaced an s appears instead of 0; f indicates fell; n did not finish.

1.15—BECHER 'CHASE of £400. About 2¼ m.

102 LANDTEEL (Mr. Hockett) ....Bailey 10 12 0
101 HORE (Mr. H. Brown) ....Brown 11 12 0
249 GAY LOCHINVAR (Mr. Godson) ....R. Gordon 6 12 0

as1 AIKEN DRUM (Mr. H. Harrison) ....Harrison 6 12 0

310 NEWLANDS (Mr. Isaac) ....Hastings 8 12 0
073 MANBY GATE (Sir M. Rodkinson) ....Poole 7 12 0
434 DRIFTER (Mr. Widger) ....H. Harrison 8 12 0
330 OONDOOR (Capt. Wilson) ....Whitaker 5 11 2
(The above has arrived.)

310 SQUARE DANCE (Mr. Curtis) ....Poole 10 12 0
402 FAIRFIELD (Mr. H. Dennis) ....H. Harrison 6 12 0

s12 ARMADALE (Mr. Holler) ....Bailey 7 12 0
ARROGHILL (Mrs. Kershaw) ....Anthony s 12 0
n12 ASHWOOD (Ld. Londesborough) ....H. Brown 8 12 0

120 PENCOED (Col. Phillips) ....D. Harrison 7 12 0
112 ARDGOUR (Mr. Platt) ....Whitaker 8 12 0
010 DICK SHEAHAN (Capt. Powell) ....Powell 10 12 0
111 HAIRPIN II. (Mr. Sanday) ....Scott 9 12 0
113 NORMAND (Mr. Scott) ....Scott 9 12 0
030 PIENWINDER (Mr. Stanley) ....Hastings 6 12 0
117 SOUTHAMPTON (Ld. Woolavington) ....Gore 6 12 0

434 BLACK LAMB (Mr. Dixon) ....Lisse 8 11 1
12 KING'S FAVOURITE (Mr. Roberts) ....Roberts 5 11 2
121 COLLUSION (Mr. Stephens) ....Lisse 8 11 1
30 LOVELY BIRD (Mr. Knight) ....Killalee 5 10 13
ASHFIELD (Mr. O'Sullivan) ....Private 5 10 13

1.45—FORD (£3) HANDICAP of £200, 1 m.

		Age	st.	lb.
00s	BAAL GAD (Mr. Swire) ....Armstrong	6	9	5
003	FRIAR DENIS (Mr. A. Scott) ....Scott	6	8	15
022	LOWFORD (Mr. Parrish) ....Ireland	6	8	12
033	LOSSETT (Mr. Kenyon) ....Poole	4	8	12
002	GLEN EAGLE (Mr. Edge) ....Poole	4	8	7
232	JUNK (Mr. Hasson) ....H. Archer	5	8	4
000	BROTHER BILL (Sir H. Bird) ....Earl	5	8	2
000	LA CORONA (Mr. McLean) ....Mulligan	5	8	0
020	GLASS BALL (Mr. Meredith) ....Drake	5	7	9
000	TATTERS (Mr. Kimberley) ....Rooney	6	7	7
	(The above have arrived.)			
434	CHARION (Sir S. Noble) ....Whitaker	6	9	6
150	VAIN SIMON (Mr. Clover) ....Armstrong	5	8	11
002	DAMAR (Mr. Alexander) ....O'Sullivan	5	8	11
000	LADY MISS (Mrs. A. Scott) ....Peacock	5	8	10
040	MAGIC NOTE (Mr. Knowles) ....Ferguson	5	8	9
000	PLUM (Mr. Isaac) ....Stelton	4	8	9
400	SIR HULL (Mr. Baylis) ....Beatty	5	8	8
001	DUPLICITY (10th. ex) (Mr. Morrell) ....Davidson	5	8	8
010	PREDIAL (Mrs. Bendir) ....R. Rhodes	5	8	4
000	ROSHERVILLE (Mr. F. Bibby) ....O'Sullivan	5	8	4
030	SPELL (Mr. Yeoman) ....Cambourne	5	8	2
033	DERBYITE (Mr. Brown) ....Poole	4	8	2
350	MASCULINO (Mr. Edge) ....O'Sullivan	4	8	0
000	PICLINE (Mr. Dickson) ....Coulthwaite	3	8	0
000	LEVANT (Mr. Wyland) ....Childs	0		
000	MASTER SHEPHERD (Mr. Wyllie) ....Rhodes	4	7	13
000	BOLD CHAP (Mr. W. Smith) ....Peacock	5	7	11
040	SOLEIL DE NUIT (Mr. O'Sullivan) ....O'Sullivan	3	7	11
042	GREEN SLEEVES (Mr. Tilley) ....F. Leader	4	7	10
350	CHUCK A PENNY (Mr. Kimberley) ....Burns	3	7	7
704	ROSSIENY (Mr. Tait) ....Bradford	3	7	6
000	NORTH AND SOUTH (Mr. Bradford) ....Copeland	7	7	5
0	LANGSIDE (Mr. McLean) ....McGuigan	3	7	0
653	VALE OF REALM (Mr. Copeland) ....Copeland	7	7	5
000	FANCY ROY (Mr. Edge) ....Poole	4	7	3

2.15—ALT (£3) NURSERY of £200. 5 f.

220	CHRISTIAN KING (Mr. Parrish) ....Ireland	8	8	7
003	BRIGHT NEWS (Lt.-Col. H. Bird) ....Earl	8	8	5
661	CODPORD (10th. ex) (Mr. Hartley) ....O'Sullivan	8	8	3
000	SHEFFIELD LANE (Mr. Hartley) ....Pickering	8	8	2
304	VIDA C. (Mr. Pickering) ....Pickering	8	8	2
100	ROYLETTA (Mr. Dixon) ....Lambton	8	8	2
000	INDELIBLE (Mrs. James) ....Smyth	7	7	13
100	KWANNON (Mr. Boam) ....Binford	7	7	12
000	INLAID (Mr. H. Dickson) ....Armstrong	7	7	12
000	ALMOND C. (Mr. Robson) ....Hogg	7	7	12
000	EMBRICH (Mr. Baird) ....Hogg	7	7	12
004	REMEDY (Mr. Harris) ....E. Collins	7	7	5
003	GUIDON (Mr. McLean) ....McGuigan	7	7	3
404	PINS (Mr. Gards) ....Morris	6	6	13
	(The above have arrived.)			
400	WHEEL OF LIFE (Mr. Curson) ....Watts	8	13	
604	AMPHORA G. (Mr. M. Davis) ....E. Piggott	8	8	7
00	MARDI GRAS (Mr. Dickson) ....Binford	8	8	7
000	DIONE (Mr. A. Scott) ....Scott	8	8	7
190	TAKE ALL (Mr. Bassett) ....Bethe	8	8	7
210	JOANEAX (Lady Nunburnholme) ....Hugh Powney	8	8	4
030	EXMOOR BILL (Ld. Glasgall) ....de Mestre	8	8	4
000	CHLOE (Mr. S. Joel) ....de Mestre	8	8	4
003	MOUNTAIN FAIRY O. (Mrs. E. Dickson) ....Binford	8	8	2
650	MISS MOUSE (Mr. Cliff) ....Peacock	8	8	0
330	BARBARUS (Mr. Cannon) ....Pratt	7	13	0
000	ELMAR (Mr. J. de Rothschild) ....Hogg	7	11	0
005	THREE BRIDGES (Mr. Lisse) ....Hogg	7	11	
000	SWEET CHARITY (Mr. Chilcott) ....Hogg	7	11	
	(The above have arrived.)			
000	GRECIAN BRIDGE (Mr. Vasey) ....Vasey	7	7	10
200	FULNECK (Mr. Hartley) ....O'Sullivan	7	7	10
000	FORTITUDE (Sir W. Gilbey) ....de Mestre	7	7	9
024	PURSE PROUD (Mr. Beacroft) ....Easterbee	7	7	9
420	FIRST TURN F. (Mr. Hardy) ....Hogg	7	7	7
404	DUSKY PRINCESS (Mrs. Brandit) ....Davidson	7	7	5
650	MISS MOUSE (Mr. Cliff) ....Peacock	8	8	0
330	BARBARUS (Mr. Cannon) ....Pratt	7	13	0
000	ELMAR (Mr. J. de Rothschild) ....Hogg	7	11	0
005	THREE BRIDGES (Mr. Lisse) ....Hogg	7	11	
000	SWEET CHARITY (Mr. Chilcott) ....Hogg	7	11	
	(The above have arrived.)			
000	GRECIAN BRIDGE (Mr. Vasey) ....Vasey	7	7	10
200	FULNECK (Mr. Hartley) ....O'Sullivan	7	7	10
000	FORTITUDE (Sir W. Gilbey) ....de Mestre	7	7	9
024	PURSE PROUD (Mr. Beacroft) ....Easterbee	7	7	9
420	FIRST TURN F. (Mr. Hardy) ....Hogg	7	7	7
404	DUSKY PRINCESS (Mrs. Brandit) ....Davidson	7	7	5
000	MICKEY (Mr. Wilburn) ....Hall	8	7	8
000	ADALIOT (Mr. C. Smith) ....Sanderson	7	7	7
000	LITTLE GEM ROSE (Capt. Weyland) ....Hunt	7	7	6
000	GOLDEN BROWN (Mr. Isaac) ....Stelton	7	7	5
000	FIRST ARROW G. (Mr. R. Day) ....Hogg	7	7	4

2.45—KNOWSLEY NURSERY STAKES of £20 each, with £1,000 added. 5 f.

112	OWL (Mrs. Cottrill) ....Cottrill	9	8
118	KARL (Sir H. Mexz) ....Ireland	8	12
053	PORTUMNA (Lady Nunburnholme) ....Hugh Powney	8	12
141	MARDINA (Duke of Westminster) ....Farrant	8	9
021	GREENFINCH (Mr. J. Joel) ....Morton	8	8
504	KWANNON (Mr. Singer) ....Hogg	8	1
103	HILLMAN (Mr. Williamson) ....Bethell	7	13
320	CANARY SEED (Ld. Lascelles) ....R. Marsh	7	10
002	TORLONIA (Ld. Derby) ....Lambton	7	9
000	ELTE SOL (Sir A. Bailey) ....R. Day	7	9
410	JASON (Mrs. S. Joel) ....J. Collins	6	13
	(The above have arrived.)		
040	GOLDEN HAIR (Mr. J. Bell) ....Pope	8	5
040	BLAZONER (Baron de Turli) ....F. Hartigan	7	11
142	AQUITAINE (Ld. Derby) ....Gardiner	7	11
002	DREAM GIRL (Mr. A. Scott) ....Scott	7	11
062	MERMAID (Mr. Trummer) ....W. Easterbee	7	9
004	PRELATE (Lt.-Col. Glass) ....J.C. Marsh	7	9
050	SUNRISING (Mr. Fraser) ....R. Day	7	4

3.15—STEWARDS' PLATE of £300 (Handicap). 5 f.

100	ARCH GIFT (Mr. McClement) ....Perse	6	9	11
212	QUEENTINET (Mr. de Fiedge) ....Rhodes	7	9	9
100	MILESIUS (Mr. Kennedy) ....de Mestre	6	8	12
100	LONGTOP (Mr. Joel) ....de Mestre	6	8	12
292	PANDARUS (Mr. Falcon) ....Ristol	5	8	0
000	WARRINGTON (Mr. Harrie R. Colling)	4	7	13
004	HIS EXCELLENCY (Mrs. Platt) ....Beatty	3	7	11
001	GOLDEN DUKE (Mr. Nugent) ....Ireland	6	7	5
020	DANGELF (Mr. Connel) ....Armstrong	5	7	2
440	BIZZ ON (Mr. Dixon) ....Lisse	3	7	0
000	WEE MON (Mr. Bayliss) ....Beatty	3	6	13
000	ROSE BRIDGE (Mr. Smith) ....McCormack	3	6	4
	(The above have arrived.)			
421	NIGHT PATROL (10th. ex) (Lt. Wolfenden) ....Lambton	4	10	2
110	PROCONSUL (Mrs. Whitbarn) ....Cottrill	4	9	11
254	ISLE OF WIGHT (Lady Cunliffe-Owen) ....Leach, sen.	3	9	8
145	PECTOUS (Lady Cunliffe-Owen) ....Bell	4	9	2
000	ELYTERION (Mrs. Blair) ....Scottie	7	9	1
004	PRESIDENT (Mr. Davidson) ....Whitaker	6	8	11
131	BART SNOWBALL (Mr. Miller) ....O. Bell	4	8	10
146	LITTLE BOY (Mr. Balmforth) ....Shelton	5	8	2
005	MOUSE TRAP (Duke of Westminster) ....Farrant	3	7	13
000	PENTRIDGE (Mr. C. Gordon) ....Braime	3	7	13
000	MISS MAJORITY (Baron de Turli) ....F. Hartigan	5	7	13
033	LEMSTAR (Mr. Kenyon) ....Easley	4	7	11
404	PLAS NEWYDD (Ld. Woolavington) ....Lambton	3	7	9
040	LEVELEN (Mr. S. Joel) ....de Mestre	3	7	7
000	CLOMP (Mr. H. Dixon) ....Lisse	4	7	6
000	GLENSTELLA (Mr. Mallick) ....Lisse	3	7	6
420	BOLD KNIGHT (Mr. Kenyon) ....Easley	3	7	6
000	PETRA DONNA (Mr. Hall) ....Robson	3	7	6
000	BACHELOR JOHN (Ld. Glasgall) ....E. Piggott	8	7	5
000	DESERT ROSE (Mr. Mifflet) ....O. Bell	3	7	2
000	CRINKLE (Mr. Walker) ....W. Jarvis	3	7	2
000	SON OF LOMOND (Mr. Simond) ....Vasey	3	7	0
00	BEN VIEW (Mr. Barnett) ....Ireland	3	6	12
000	OWEN (Mr. Rhodes) ....White	3	6	10
000	LOCH FYNE (Mr. Kenyon) ....Easley	3	6	6
616	ACE OF DIAMONDS (Mr. Glasgow) ....Vasey	3	6	6
045	CLARA B. (Mr. Golightly) ....Golightly	4	6	4
000	HOLBORN (Mr. R. Smith) ....Anderson	6	6	4

3.45—LIVERPOOL ST. LEGER of £15 each, with £500 added (three-year-olds).

000	PONDOLAND (Mr. S. Joel) ....de Mestre	9	9
014	NORSEMAN (Mr.) ....Ward	9	5
000	BROWN'S (Mr. Derby) ....Lambton	9	7
000	IRISH BATTLE (Sir F. Mestre) ....Leader	9	0
160	DARK FOX (Mr. Sherry) ....Thomson	8	12
210	BUY BLAS (M. Vestpoti) ....Wall	8	7
000	FAIR CHARLIE (Mr. White) ....Ward	8	7
000	NORTH END (Mr. Bibby) ....W. Jarvis	8	4
050	TREACLE (Mr. Field) ....High Powney	8	4
0	MADOYA (Mr. Hesp) ....Hogg	8	4
	WORD OF HONOUR (Lord Derby) ....Lambton	8	1
009	LADY GEORGIANA (Ld. Derby) ....Lambton	8	1

ARRIVALS.—Aiken Drum, Manby Gate, Landteel, Condor, The Bore, Gay Lochinvar, Newlands, Drifter, Lowford, La Corona, Eastern, Glen Eagle, Glass Ball, Level, Blair God, Brother Bill, Vale Glass ball, Levant, Blair God, Brother Bill, Vale of Realm, Junk, The Lowford, Prior Danis, Chalice, Junk, The Lowford, Prior Danis, Chalice, Junk, The Lowford, Prior Danis, Chalice

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

TURKISH NEWS UPSETS MARKETS. WAR FIVES LOWER. RAILS IRREGULAR. "CASHEL" WANTED, BUT "WICKLOW" FELL. PARENT DEF. RELAPSE.

The unfavourable developments reported regarding Near Eastern news and the distractions of the British General Elections were the main influences adversely affecting prices of representative securities on Change, so that the majority of price movements were to a lower level. War Loan 5 p.c. relapsed somewhat, but Consols improved fractionally. Banks were much quieter, and showed no alteration until the later markets, when Royals and Munster and Leinsters eased. Guinness Ord. came on offer and gave way, but the Pref. received rather more support. Power Pref. closed unchanged, but Dublin Distillers Ord. were better at the close. Marconis were a shade easier at one time, but later recovered. Home Rails were disposed to irregularity. Great Southern Ord., after the recent substantial set-back, appeared to be wanted at a recovery, but the probable buying quotation was withheld, while the Pref. Stock was less firm. Great Northern issues were again supported. Dublin and South-Eastern Ord. relapsed a full point. Dublin United Trams closed firm on a limited market. There was a smart set-back in Parent Tyre Def. Shares for an exceptional lot, and Dunlop Rubbers also came on offer. Drapery Shares closed steady to firm in some cases. Helys Ord. eased for an odd lot, and the Pref. were also on offer. Tobacco Shares were firm. Courtaulds opened slightly weaker on lower prices from the other side, but rallied somewhat later. There was a smart set-back in Parent Tyre Def. Shares for an exceptional lot, and Dunlop Rubbers also came on offer. Drapery Shares closed steady to firm in some cases. Helys Ord. eased for an odd lot, and the Pref. were also on offer. Tobacco Shares were firm. Courtaulds opened slightly weaker on lower prices from the other side, but rallied somewhat later.

In the Funds, Consols rose ¼ to 57½, but War Loan 5 p.c. fell ¼ to 98½, and Conversion 3½ p.c. Loan ¼ to 74½.

Banks were quiet, with dealing in Hibernians at 6¾, and Nationals at 18, the previous prices, but at the later market Munsters fell ¼ to 62, and Royals ¼ to 11¾.

In Breweries, etc., Guinness Ord. gave way to 44¾, but the Pref. rose ⅛ to 11⅛. J. Power and Son Pref. were steady at 20s. 2½d., while Dublin Distillers Ord. rallied 1s. to 34s. at the later market.

Marconi Wireless Ord. fell 4½d. to 45s. 3d., but later 45s. 7½d. was again called.

Among Home Rails, Dublin and South-Eastern fell 1 to 18, but Great Northern was steady at 84½, and the Debs. were ineffectually bid for at last prices, 72½. Great Southern and Western appeared to close about 1 higher at 47 bid unofficially, while the Pref. fell ¼ to 56½. Loughrea and Attymon Baronial again realised 58s. for the £5 Shares.

In Tramways, Dublin United Ord. rose ¼ to 7⅞, and the Pref. repeated 10½.

Parent Tyre Def. gave way 3s. further to 24s., and the Pref. 5d. to 15s. 6d. Dunlop Rubber Ord. for odd lots realised 8s. 10½d. and 8s. 9d.

In Manufacturing Shares a broken lot of Helys Ord. was sold at 25s. 6d., or 1s. 3d. under previous quotation, and were the only shares to change hands at the earlier markets, but the Pref. later fell 6d. to 17s. 6d. Gouldings closed appar. with offers at 5½, and Lever Bros. 8 p.c. Pref. were called 19s. 10½d. to 20s.

In Trading, etc., Burke Ord. maintained 82s. 9d., and Deckrell Debs. 6½.

Other business done included Courtaulds, which opened 9d. lower at 55s., but later rallied and fetched 55s. 4½d., 55s. 3d. Imperial Tobacco Shares were a steady market at 69s. 1½d., 69s. 3d.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for each marked "c."

Consols .....(57½) 57⅞	Laughrea Guaranteed
4% War Loan..(99½) 99⅞	
Conver. Loan..(75) 74½	Dublin Trams....(7) *7⅞
War Bonds, 1926..105⅛	Do. Pref...(104) *10⅝
Hibernian Bk..(58) *60	Parent Def..(37½) 24
Nat. & Lein...(6½) 6¾	Do. Pref....(12/9) 12/6
National .....(14) 13	Arnott Ord.....(5) 5
Royal .....(11⅛) 11	Pim Pref.....(8½) 8⅜
Dublin Dist..(30½) 31/-	Helys Ord..(26/9) 25/6
Guinness .....(44⅜) 44⅝	Do. Pref...(18/-) 17/6
Do. Pref....(11⅛) 11⅛	Burke Ord...(52/9) 52/9
J. wer Pf.(20/14) *20/14	Deckrell Deb.....(6¾) 6¾
Marconi .....(45⅞) 45⅞ 5⅞	Courtaulds .....(55/9) 55/- 5/4 5/3
D.S.E. Ord. .....(17) 15	Dunlops .....(8/9) *8/10½ *8/9
G.N. Ord. .....(64½) 64½	Imperial Tobacco
Do. Deb.....(72½) 72½	G.S.W. Pref..(57) 56½ (59/3) 69/1½ 9/3

*Odd lot; b bid, a asked.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount ..... 4 p.c. 13th July.
Deposit ..... 1½ p.c. 15th June.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day..... Nov. 13 | Nov. 27
General contango day.... Nov. 14 | Nov. 28
Ticket day ..... Nov. 15 | Nov. 29
Account day ..... Nov. 16 | Nov. 30

BELFAST.

There was little doing on Belfast Exchange yesterday and prices remained steady. War Loan was better at 98⅛, 98½, and 98⅝. Belfast Water Commissioners 3½ p.c. (1938) were done at 76 for an odd lot. Costs changed hands at 66s. 7½d., 66s. 6d. Inglis and Co. Ord. were a few pence down at 46s. 9d. Dunvilles were better at 13. British Tobacco Co. (Australia), Ltd., 6 p.c. Pref. were stronger at 21s. 4½d. Imperial Tobacco were a few pence better at 69s. 6d. Imperial Tobacco of Canada Ord. realised 24s. 3d., and their 6 p.c. Pref. at 20s. 10½d. were a shade higher. Dunlops remained at 9s. Shell Transport closed 82s. 10½d.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Interest falls to broaden. Standards easier; S.T.D. hardened; Humbers firm; Coty weakened 5/-; Dunlops easier, Austins, 2/6; Beloise, 4/6; Components, 9/5; S.T.D., 7/10½; Enfields, 30/6; Humbers, 22/1½; Napiers, 6/9; Rovers, 24/6; Rovers, 21/-; Singers, 25/-; Swifts, 13/5; Triumphs, 30/6; Vauxhalls, 7/5; Dunlops, 2/10½; Parent Def., 26/6; Harper Bean, 1/4½; Standards, 37/9.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles easier in many cases but Coats better. Bleachers, 41/-41/6; do. Pref., 21/6-22/-; Calicos, 21/6-22/-; do. Pref., 16/6-16/9; Rivers, 44/-44/6; do. Pref., 19/6-19/9; Calicos, 45/-46/-; do. Pref., 19/6-20/-; Spinners, 40/6-41/-; do. Pref., 19/6-19/9; "Shubcrs," 3/6-8/9; Costs, 66/6-67/6; Ship Canal, 5½-5¾; do. Pref., 6¼-6¾; Velvets, 27/-27/6.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

SOUTH AFRICAN REAL ESTATE TRUST.—Dividend No. 12 of 2½ per cent.

DEKHARI TEA CO.—Interim dividend of 5 p.c. per annum, less tax.

CONSOLIDATED ESTATES.—Final dividend of 7½ p.c. on Ord. Shares, less tax.

BRITISH INDIAN TEA.—Interim dividend of 6 p.c., less tax, for the year.

REVERSIONARY ASSOCIATION.—Dividend of 4 p.c., less tax.

ANCHOR CABLE.—Interim dividend of £1 per share upon the paid-up share capital.

BRAMPTON BREWERY CO.—Interim dividend on the Ord. for the half-year ended September 30 last of 4 p.c. actual, free of tax.

SANTA CATALINA NITRATE CO.—Final dividend of 5 p.c., less tax, making a total of 10 p.c. for the year ended June 30.

EAST INDIA AND CEYLON TEA.—Dividend of 6 p.c. per annum on the Pref. Share capital for the six months ending November 30, 1922, less tax.

VICTORIA MOTOR AND CYCLE.—Dividends on Pref. Shares at the rate of 10 p.c. per annum, and on the Ord. Shares at the rate of 5 p.c. per annum.

METROPOLITAN INDUSTRIAL DWELLINGS.—Further dividends on the Pref. Shares, making 4 p.c., less tax, for the year, and on the Ord., making 5 p.c. for the year, less tax.

EASIER STOCKS.

LOWER PRICES ALL ROUND.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT AND THE "FINANCIAL NEWS" OF TO-DAY.)

In all the principal markets yesterday an easier tone was observed, and business was said to be in the doldrums. It is an easy matter nowadays to find adverse market factors, and these were again not lacking. The change for the worse in the news from the Near East and the unpleasantness which might possibly arise as an outcome of the present delicate situation, together with the chaotic condition of the exchanges, caused a depressed feeling to permeate the atmosphere of the House, with the result that prices were marked down all round. The mark and the franc continued their downward glide, the former being at 40,000 nominal with no quotation, and the latter at 69.10 after changing hands at 69.80. These factors successfully held up any buying which might have been around, it being only natural for investors to fight shy of indulging in new speculations. What business was passing was purely of a professional nature. In one quarter it was stated that the market was nothing more than a political one.

LONDON STOCKS UNSETTLED.

A HEAVY CLOSE.

The Stock markets continued to be unsettled by the news from the Near East and the further fall in the rate for the franc. Quotations generally fell away, and the feeling at the close was very heavy. Gilt-edged securities were very quiet. The 5 p.c. War Loan fell ¼ to 98⅛, the Conversion Loan at 74⅛ fell ¼. India 3 p.c. Loan lost ¼ at 55.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES were weak all round. French Fives fell 1¼ to 28; the Fours and German Threes were unchanged. Brazilians were very heavy. The 4 p.c. fell a point to 41, the Funding 1908 1¼ to 77, and the Funding of 1914 1 to 60. Chinese 5 of 1913 fell a point to 72. Italian rentes at 20¼ lost a point. Peruvian Corp. at 4¼ was ¼ down, and the Pref. fell ¼ to 28.

HOME RAILS generally fell in the absence of support. Brighton A. lost a point at 62½, Great Westerns at 104 fell 1, and L.N.W. at 101 fell 1¼. L.S.W. Def. fell 1 to 32. N.E. Consols at 117 lost a point, as did S.E. Def. at 33. Great Eastern at 36½, Great Northern Def. at 42, and Met. at 55¼ also Districts at 41¼ each lost ¼. There were several smaller falls.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS were quiet and lower where they moved. "Canpacs" and Grand Trunks showed no alteration. Argentines were down. B.A.G.S. at 82, Pacifics at 70, and Westerns at 75¾ each fell ¼, while Centrals fell 1 to 70. Antofagastas Ord. were flat, to 7½, United Havana fell ¼ to 71.

OIL SHARES SMALL.

FALLS IN THE LEADERS.

Like most other sections of the "House," the Oil Share market had an extremely dull appearance yesterday, being influenced by the news regarding the situation in the Near East and the continued weakness of the Continental exchanges. Business was once more on a very small scale, and the declines which occurred in most of the leading counters and several of the speculative favourites were attributable more to fears of liquidation than to actual sales. For instance, it was anticipated that Paris operators would come into the market their favourites following the further depreciation of the franc, and although, as a matter of fact, extremely little business was done on behalf of that centre the quotations of Mexican Eagles and Shells continued to dwindle. Transactions took place in both Mexican Eagles and Shells at new low records for the current year, the former changing hands as low as 50s., while the latter marked at 81s. 3d. Anglo-Persians were depressed, and Burmahs also gave way. In sympathy with the rest of the market, Roumanians had a sagging tendency under the lead of Phœnix Oils and Roumanian Consolidated. Apart from Leaseholds, which were a steady market, Trinidad issues had an easier tendency. Closing prices:—

Agwi Petroleum	1½ 1⅝ — ⅛
Anglo-American	4½ 4⅝
Anglo-Canadian	22/9 23/- 22/6
Anglo-Egyptian "B"	1⅛ 1⅛ — ⅛
Anglo-Persian 5 p.c.	23¼⅛ 23⅜ — 0/1⅜
Do. 5 p.c. Def. Pref.	19/- 20/-
Do. Ord., issued 3½ p.c.	5⅛ 5⅜ — ⅛
Do. 5 p.c. Deb	90½ 91
Bolivian Syndicate	7/9 8/- 7/6
Brit Borneo Pet. (10/-) ..	7/- 7/6
British Burmah (5/-)	7½ 7⅝
British Controlled	7/- 7/6 — 0/3
Do. Pref.	8/9 9/3 — 0/1½
Burmah	8⅛ 8⅜ — ⅛
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	20/9 21/- 20/7½
Caltex	1/1⅛ 1/1⅜ — 0/3
Dacia Romano	3½ 3⅝
Eagle Transport	7/- 7/6
Do. 7 p.c Notes	99½ 100⅛
Do. Bearer	100⅜ 101⅛
General Pet. Trinidad ...	2/9 3/-
Indo Burmah	4/9 5/-
Kern River (10/-)	18/4⅛ 18/10⅛ xd—1⅛
Lobitos	9½ 9⅝ — ⅛
Mexican Eagle	2½ 2⅝
Do. Pref.	2½ 2⅝ — ⅛
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	18/7½ 19/1⅝ xd—1⅛
North Caucasian (10/-) ..	1/- 1/3
Oilfields Egypt	1/3 1/9
Peru Syndicate	4/3 4/9
Phœnix	23/9 24/6 — 0/9
Premier Oil	2/6 2/9
Rumanian Consolidated..	12⅞ 13⅛ — 0/6
Royal Dutch	35⅛ 35⅜ — ⅛
Scottish American	9/10½ 10/4½
Shell Transport	4½ 4⅝
Do. 6 p.c. Pref. (£10/-)	9¾ 9⅞
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	23/3 23/9
Spies (10/-)	4/10½ 5/4½ — 0/4½
Steaua Romana	8/6 10/-
Tankers Pref	4/7½ 5/1½
Trinidad Central	1¼ 1⅜ — ⅛
Trinidad Lease	1⅛ 1¼ — ⅛
United Brit. Trinidad ..	1¼ 1⅜
Utai Caspian	— —
Utai Oil	2/3 2/6 — 0/3
V.O.C. Holdings	11/6 12/6 + 0/6
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	11/6 12/6 + 0/6

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON:—Alliance, 11¼, ⅜, 12; Associated Reinsurance, 4, 3/7½; Atlas, 2/7½, £17 6s.; Caledonian, 58, ⅝, ¾; Commercial Union, 33½, ⅝; Employers' Liability, 29/9, 3d., 30/-, 1¼d.; General Accident, 2/6 17/-, 6¼d.; Guardian, 5¼, ⅛; North British (x.d.), 12⅜, ⅛; Reinsurance, 15/9, 4½d.; Royal (x.d.), 30½; Sun Life, 26½, ⅛, ¼; United British (x.d.), 46/3, 4/4½; Victory, 3/3, 6¼d.; World Auxiliary, 18/6.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL:—Caledonian (x.d.), £58 3/-, 7/9; Employers' Liability, 79/6, 9/-, 3d.; General Accident, 6½, 18/3, 9d.; Guardian, 5½; London and Lancashire, 14, Northern Assurance, 15, 14½, £15 0/9, 14½; Royal Insurance (x.d.), 30½; Scottish Union, 7⅜; Yorkshire, 10½.

IRISH TRAFFICS.

Belfast and Co. Down Railway.—Week ending November 3.—Passengers, etc., £4,919; merchandise, £1,319. Total—£6,238. Aggregate receipts to date—£258,346 and £257,863. Total—£296,209.

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may, therefore, vary to some extent from, those given in our comments:—

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols..... 56⅝-57⅛	3½ % Treasy. 104⅝-105⅜
War Ln 5% %..... 98-98	Irish Land 3% %..... 76
do. 4½ %..... 94¼-94⅝*	India 3% ..... 54¾-55⅛ — ⅛
do. 5% %..... 98⅛-98⅜ — ⅛	do. 3% %..... 64⅝-65⅜
do. 4% 79½-80⅛	do. 3½ %..... 56½-56⅞
Funds 2½ 30½-30⅞	do. 2½ %..... 39½-40
Victory Bds 98-99	Local Loans 83-84
4½ % Conv. Ln 74¾-74⅞ — ⅛	

FOREIGN BONDS.

90⅛	Argentine, 1886	99	101
95¼	Do. 5 p.c., 1907	96	97
41¾	Brazil 4 p.c., 1889	40	42 —1
79⅜	Do. Funding, 1908	76	79 —1⅛
81¼	Do. 5 p.c., 1914	78	81 —1
92	Chinese 5 p.c., 1896	90	94
23	Do. 4½ p.c., 1898	21	23
72⅜	Do. 5 p.c., 1913	71	73 —1
71	Egyptian Unified	68	70* —1
31	French Loan	27	29 —1
23	Do. 4 p.c.	20	22
1⅛	German 3 p.c.	1⅛	1⅛*
20½	Italian Rentes	19	21 —1
104¼	Japanese 4½ p.c. 1st	104	106
90	Do. 4½ p.c., 1905	90	92
85⅝	Do. New 4½ p.c., 1907 ..	83	85
91½	Mexican 5 p.c., 1899	84	87
68	Do. 6 p.c. 10-Y Treas.	65	68
43	Peruvian Corporation ...	41	43¼ — ⅛
28⅛	Do. Preferred	27½	28½ — ⅛
72⅜	Portuguese 3 p.c.	72	73
10¼	Do. 6 p.c., 1902	9	11
10⅛	Do. 6 p.c., 1906	9	11
26⅜	Portuguese 5 p.c.	25	28
103	Rio Janeiro 4 p.c.	103	105
69	Spanish 4 p.c.	69	71
55¾	Uruguay 3½ p.c.	54	55*

HOME RAILS.

62	Brighton A	62	63 —1
14⅜	Caledonian Def. Ord.	14¼	14½ —⅛
7¼	Chatham Ord.	7	7¼ —⅛
8¾	Great Central Def.	8¾	8¾ —⅛
18⅝	Do. Eastern	18	18⅜
65	Do. Northern Pref.	63¾	65⅛
49⅜	Do. Def	47¾	47⅝ —⅛
103	Do. Western	102⅛	104⅛ —⅛
100	L. and North Western....	100⅛	101¼ —⅛
—	Do. 4½ p.c. Pref.	96	98*
52	L. and S.W. Def.	51⅜	52⅛ —1
—	L. and S.W. Pref.	97	100
54¾	Metropolitan	53	56 —⅜
—	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	85	88
41	Midland Def.	41	42 —⅜
66	Midland Def.	62	66
17⅜	North British Def.	16¾	18⅛
110	North-Eastern Con.	110¼	117⅛ —1
—	Do. 4½ p.c. Pref.	95	103
51	South-Eastern Def.	30¾	31⅜ —1
—	Do. 5 p.c. Pref	33	34
2⅞	Underground Electric	2⅞	3¼
80⅛	Do. Income Bonds	83	88
103	Do. 6 p.c. Deb.	103	104

AMERICAN RAILS.

—	Atchison	113	117*
—	Baltimore	54	57 —1⅜
—	Chesapeake	52	54 —1
—	Milwaukee	13	15
17	Erie	13	15 —2
—	Do. 1st Pref.	20	23 —2
—	Do. 2nd Pref.	7	9
—	Do. 3rd Pref.	1¼	2⅜
—	Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb....	7½	9
33	Louisville	32	34
13	Mexican Rails	12¼	13¾
39	Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	37	39
21	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	20	22
—	Mexican Nat. 1st Pref..	9	11
—	Mexican Nat. 2nd Pref..	9	11
113	San Paulo Ord.	110	113
70½	United Havana	70	72 —⅜

BANKS.

—	Agricultural of Egypt....	8¾	9⅛
—	Anglo-South American	13	13½ — ⅜
—	Bank Mexico	13	13½ — ⅜
—	Bank New South Wales....	23½	24½
—	Bank New Zealand (£5) ..	7½	8
—	Barclays "A"	7¾	8
—	British of Foreign Trade	7⅞	8
—	British Overseas	1⅜	1⅝
—	Central & S. India	17½	18½
—	Canadian of Commerce..	41	43*
—	Hong Kong	117	119
—	Ionian	18/6	20/6
—	London and Brazilian	17	18*
—	London City Midland	3¾	4⅛
—	London Joint City	3⅝	3¾
—	National Prov. (£4 p.)....	10¾	11⅞
—	Standard South Africa....	11¾	12
—	Union of Australia	13¾	13⅞

TELEGRAPHS.

23½	Anglo-American Def. ...	23	23¾
2¼	Marconi Ord.	2¼	2⅜
—	Do. Pref.	2	2¼
—	Do. Marine	1¾	1⅞
—	Do. Canada	10/3	10/9 — 0/3
20/3	Radio Corporation	19/6	20/6 — 0/3
14/3	Do. Pref.	13/9	14/3

MISCELLANEOUS.

—	Aboukir Land	⅛	¼
38/9	Asrated Bread	1⅞	1⅞
18½	Automatic Kitchen	18	19*
—	Ashpur £1 Shares	¾	1
21	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	20	23
121½	Amalgamated Cotton	13/6	14/6 — 0/6
2½	Anglo-Argentine 1st	2½	2¾
2½	Anglo-Chilian Nitrate ...	2¼	2⅜
2½	Do. Def.	2¼	2⅜
6/9	Argentine Northern Land	5/-	5/6
21/6	Do Southern Land.....	1/-	1/-
17/3	Armstrong	16/6	18/6 — 0/3
16/6	Associated Cement	16/6	17/6 + 0/3
17/3	Do. Pref.	17/0	18/0
—	Bombay Pref.	1/-	1/3
92	Bass, Ratcliff Pref.	87	90
96/0	Borax Con Def.	1⅜	1⅝
2/9	Bovril Deferred	2/9	3/-
2/9	Kamuning	2/6	2/9 — 0/1½
4/9	Kepong	4/3	4/6
2	Kuala Lumpur	20/-	
1⅛	Labu	27/6*	—0/3½
1⅛	Langat	21/-	27/-
3/9	London-Asiatic	3/9	—0/1½
1	Malacca	40/-	2/0
1	Malakoff	21/-	24/-
2/1½	Mariman	2/1½	—0/1½
18/0	Moogly Valley	18/-	—0/3
1⅛	Pataling	1/-	1/3
19/7½	Rubber Trust	20/3	—0/9
1	Seafield	14/6	
1½	Selangor	2/3	
1½	Sialang	21/3	—0/7½
1/6	Straits Rub.	20/6	+0/1½
1/9	Tanah Ayer	21/-	—0/1½
13/6	Tandjong	22/6	
3/3	Un. Serdang	3/3½	
5/0	Vallambrosa Rubber Co.	5/-	—2/6
—	Vallambrosa	1½/9	
—	Aqua-Sun	2/9	
3/3	Bah Tau	3/-	
2/6	Batu Tiga	31/0	—0/3
1⅛	B.N.B.R. Trst 9/0	1⅛	
1⅛	Brimo	1/09/6	
1⅛	Bukit Cloh	4/1½	—0/2½
1⅛	Bukit Rajah 10/6	2/6	—0/3
1⅛	Castlefield	4½	
1⅛	Chersfield	2 16/3	
1⅛	Clealy	5/1½	+0/4½
1⅛	Eastern Trst..(14/0	20/3	—0/3
1⅛	Gen. Cayleys	18/9	
1⅛	Glenberrie	17/3½	
1⅛	Golden Hope 15/3	15/-	
1⅛	Java Amal.	15/-	
1⅛	Hudson's Bay Ord.	7½	7¾ — 0/3
1⅛	Imperial Tobacco Ord....	69/6	70/0 — 0/3
1⅛	J. Brown	19/0	
1⅛	Do (15/- paid)	11/3	
1⅛	Lipton	1/9	1/9
1⅛	Lyons (J.)	1/9	1/9
1⅛	Do. Pref.	2/6	3/-
1⅛	Mantan	1/-	1/-
1⅛	Lever 7 p.c. Pref.	19/3	20/3
1⅛	Do Debs.	104	106
1⅛	Maypole Def.	20/0	27/0
1⅛	Linen Thread Ord.	1¾	1¾
1⅛	Liverpool Nitrate	3	3⅜
1⅛	London Nitrate	1⅜	2
1⅛	Mackintosh (J.) Pref.	24/9	25/3 — 0/3
1⅛	Maypole Def.	5/-	6/-
1⅛	Nobel Dickel Pref.	1⅜	1⅝
1⅛	Mexican Trams	20	25
1⅛	Do Bonds	71	74
1⅛	Do. 1st and P. Bonds...	84	87
1⅛	Niger Pref.	14/6	15/6
1⅛	Nobel Ord.	1	1⅛
1⅛	Do. Def.	32	34
1⅛	Do Def	1⅜	1⅝
1⅛	Parent Tyre Def.	1⅜	2
1⅛	Do. Ord.	24/-	26/-
1⅛	Pease and Partners	1½	1⅝
1⅛	P and O Def.	290	310*
1⅛	Do Pref.	1⅛	1⅜
1⅛	Platt Bros Ord.	42/-	44/- —0/3
1⅛	Royal Mail Ord.	83	86
1⅛	Rio Negro Lands	1⅛	1⅜
1⅛	Rolls Royce	1/9	1/9
1⅛	Rosario Nitrate	20/0	23/0
1⅛	Salt Union	1⅛	1⅜
1⅛	South Durham Steel	2⅞	3⅛ + ⅛
1⅛	San Paulo Tram Deb....	100	101
1⅛	South African Breweries..	1⅛	1⅛
1⅛	Shawinigan Water Bonds	109	111 —1
1⅛	Santa Rita Nitrate	1⅜	1⅝
1⅛	Sena Sugar Estates	2½	2⅝
1⅛	Saiar del Carmen	2/6	2/9
1⅛	Siemens	23/0	26/0
1⅛	Smithfield First	1⅛	1⅜
1⅛	Tarapaca Nitrate	1/6	1/9
1⅛	United Oild Storage	1⅜	1⅝
1⅛	Do. Pref.	1⅜	1⅝
1⅛	United Steel	9/6	10/6
1⅛	Vickers Ord.	13/0	14/0
1⅛	Do. Debs Berghs	1⅜	2⅛ + ⅛
1⅛	Do Pref	4½	5⅛*
1⅛	Weardale C.P.C.	1⅛	1⅜*

TEA SHARES.

Anglo-Ceylon Estates, 50/—6d.; Assam, 6¾+ 1½; Ceylon Plant., 76/10½ (x.d.)+1½; Con. T. and Ord., 20—½; Doonya, 56/—1½; Doom Dooma, 21½—½; E.I. Ceylon, 29/—3d.; East Produce, 49/9 (x.d.)+9d.; Empire, 46/6—6d.; Imperial Ord., 26/12—1½d.; Jokai, 23½+½; Jorehaut, 49/6+6d.; Lungla, 16/3+3d.; Nedeem, 44/—1/3; Single Ord., 44/—3d.

*Ex div.

MINING PROFITS FOR OCTOBER.

Aurora West United, £2,214; Meyer and Charlton, £23,052; New Goch, £1,574; Van Ryn, £10,422; West Rand Consolidated, £8,005; Robinson Deep, £36,406; Sub Nigel, £8,448.

COMPANY MEETING.

MICHAEL NAIRN AND GREENWICH.

Sir Michael Nairn, Bart., presiding yesterday at Winchester House, E.C., at the statutory meeting of Michael Nairn and Greenwich, Ltd., said an interim dividend had already been paid, and, while not attempting to prophesy, he might state that the shareholders had a good right to look forward to the future with every confidence, and on the occasion of the meeting to consider the results of the first year's working, which would be held early in the new year, they would be given full details of the Company's prospects. The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Board.

LONDON MINING MARKET WEAK.

PRICES "BANGED" BY PROFESSIONALS.

Dulness generally prevailed in the Stock Exchange yesterday, and business was restricted in all departments. Home and international politics, and the weakness of Continental Exchanges were, no doubt, again responsible for the depression which deepened as the day wore on. Even the Mining market was not exempt, and Kaffirs particularly were under the influence of the drop in the value of the franc. In the face of this the excellent character of the monthly returns was almost entirely overlooked. Buyers were conspicuous by their absence, and Bears took full advantage of the opportunity to bang quotations. Their efforts were assisted by the throwing out of shares bought against options maturing on Friday, and as a consequence, almost every active share in the list exhibited a decline. Another depressing influence was the publication of the news that Southern Rhodesia had decided to try its hand at self-Government, and this decision was the subject of much discussion. Elsewhere it was thought that in any case the outcome of the referendum was a bull point for Chartered, seeing that the Company retains its assets, and has an undisputed claim against the Government, as awarded by the Cave Commission, for something like £4,000,000. The shares opened at about 12s., and a few were bought at that price, but a bid for a much larger amount at the figure failed to dislodge any shares, and after modest dealings the quotation was finally only a trifle down at 12s. 1¼d. Other Rhodesians were sympathetically affected, Tanks, Zama., Lonely, and Gaika all registering declines. In view of the nature of Paris advices, it was not surprising to find the Diamond section distinctly dull, with rather heavy falls in De Beers and Premier. Closing prices:—

SOUTH AFRICAN.

M.U.		
3/3	Anglo-Amer. Corp.	1⅝-1¾ — ⅛
16/9	Anglo-French	16/6-17/6 —0/3
2⅞	Brakpan	2⅝-3⅛ — ⅛
2/6	Bonanza Mining	2/6-2/9
2⅜	City Deep	2⅜-2⅝ — ⅛
2/0	Con. Goldfields	1/- 1/-
17/0	Cons. Langlaagte	17/0-17/6 —0/6
12/3	Cons. Main Reef	12/3-12/9 —0/3
18/3	Cons. Sales, (10/-)..	17/6-18/0 —0/3
1⅜	Cons. Village (10/-) ..	1⅜-1⅝ — ⅛
1⅛	E. Rand Mining	11/4-12/6
10/6	E. Rand Prop....	10/4½-10/6½ —0/3
5/0	Geduld	4/6-5/-
11/6	Gen. Mining	11/3-11/6 —0/3
5/3	Government Areas	5⅛-5⅜ — ⅛
20/0	Johan'burg Invest.	20/-20/6 —0/3
8/3	Kleinfontein	7/9-8/3 —0/6
4/3	Knight Central ..	4/3-4/6
17/6	Knight's	17/6-18/0
23/9	Langlaagte Estate	24 3-24/- —0/3
3⅞	Meyer & Charlton	3⅞-4
4/3	M'Arthurstan (10/-)	4/3-4⅛
1/4	Modder B (

Established 1815. 'Phones 48 and 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

FURNITURE SALE TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY),
IN CONTINUATION, 12 O'C.,
BELLA VISTA, STRADBROOK, BLACKROCK,
TO-DAY'S SALE WILL INCLUDE:—CONTENTS OF BEDROOMS, KITCHEN FURNITURE AND UTENSILS, OUTDOOR EFFECTS, GARDEN IMPLEMENTS, GREENHOUSE PLANTS, HARNESS, SHORT HORN COW, POULTRY, BICYCLE AND ROVER MOTOR CAR.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER, 16TH,
AT OUR SALEROOMS, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET, AT 1.30 O'C.
EXECUTOR'S SALE—60 AUGHRIM STREET.
WELL BUILT, SEMI-DETACHED. POSSESSION.
Contains:—2 Sittingrooms (folding doors), 3 Bedrooms, w.c., Kitchen, Servant's Room, Garden in front, good Garden in rear, Coalhouse, Tool-shed, rear entrance.
Head rent £9; lease 99 years from 1876. Clear possession to purchaser.
WM. MOONEY & SON, Solicitors, 16 Fleet street.

B. & Co. 6 WOODVILLE, SANDFORD RD. Nov. 16
MODERN. CONVENIENT. CLEAR POSSESSION.
NICELY-SITUATED NON-BASEMENT HOUSE, containing 2 Sitting, 4 Bedrooms, Kitchen, Servant's room, Bath (h. and c.), w.c., Scullery (h. and c.), Garden, Coalhouse, etc.; electric light throughout.
Head rent £6 ; lease 900 years. Seen on Order to View.
W. E. O'REILLY, Solicitor, 67 Middle Abbey street, Dublin.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE, & CO., LTD., AUCTIONS.
IMPORTANT FURNITURE AUCTION TO-MORROW AT 1.30
IN OUR SALEROOMS, 34 AND 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY,
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, PIANOS, CARPETS, &c.,
Comprising: Mahogany Diningroom Suites, in Morocco Leather and L.C.; several Mahogany Glass-back Sideboards; costly Satinwood China Cabinet, with Hand-painted Decoration; Sheraton and Chippendale China Cabinets, Antique French Ormonde, Inlaid Folding Card Table, Loo and Fancy Tables, several Mahogany and Carved Oak Telescope Dining Tables, Walnut and Rosewood Overmantels, Mahogany Dinner Waggon, superb French Clock Sets, Grandfather do.; Three-piece Chesterfield Suite, in Silk Tapestry; Seven-piece do., in Velvet and in Tapestry; Chiffoniers; Bedroom Suites, in Walnut and Mahogany; Mahogany Wardrobes, Duchess Pairs, Washstands; fine All-Brass Bedstead, Black and Brass Beds and Beddings; Carpets, Linoleums, and many Miscellaneous Effects. ON VIEW THIS DAY.

AUCTION OF PEDIGREE PLANTS,
ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING SHRUBS, STANDARD ROSES, &c.
(AN EXTENSIVE AND VARIED COLLECTION), IN OUR SALEROOMS, 34 & 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, AT 12 O'C. NOON.—LISTS ON APPLICATION.

8 HOLLYBROOK ROAD, CLONTARF.
AUCTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, PIANO
(J. B. CRAMER), AND GENERAL EFFECTS, BEING THE COMPLETE CONTENTS OF THE RESIDENCE,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, 14TH NOVEMBER, 1922.
ON VIEW PREVIOUS DAY, 10 TO 4 O'CLOCK.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE, & CO., LTD.,
'PHONE 155. AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS.

COUNTY KILDARE—OSBERSTOWN, NAAS.
IMPORTANT SALE OF VALUABLE COLLECTION OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,
HARNESS PONY, HARNESS, LIVE STOCK, AND FARM PRODUCE,
CARPENTER'S AND ENGINEER'S TOOLS, 2 H.P. PETROL ENGINE, &c.,

SUBSCRIBER has been favoured with instructions from H. B. ALEXANDER, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION, a. his Residence, OSBERSTOWN, NAAS, on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10th, 1922, at 11 o'clock, the VALUABLE COLLECTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, comprising:—Hat Rack and Umbrella Stand, Seat Fender, 2 Chesterfields, several Carpet Squares, Inlaid Centre Tables, small Card Tables, several Mahogany Dining and other Tables, 1 dozen Mahogany Chairs, Hall Chairs, Ladies' Chairs, Upholstered Armchairs, several Wicker Armchairs, Fire Screens, Massive Oak Writing Table, complete with Letter File Drawers; Mahogany Bookcase, quantity of Books, Reading Lamps, beautiful Bedroom Suite in Pitch Pine, Mahogany Bedroom Suite, Mahogany and Iron Bedsteads, Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Washstands in Mahogany, Mahogany Bedroom Pedestals, several Single Bedsteads, brass railed, complete with Wire and Hair Mattresses; Fenders and Irons, 4-fold Screens, Fowl Rails, Bedroom Hangers, Ware, Marble-top Washstands, Duchess Dressing Tables, Fibre Door Mats, Cretonne Curtains, Poles and Rings, Dressing Mirrors, Carpet Sweepers, Deck Chairs, Swinging Garden Seat, Lady's Cycle, quantity of Plants in Pots, Oil Stoves, several Deal Presses, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables and Washstands, etc.; Kitchen Presser, Kitchen Utensils, Delph, etc.; quantity of Engineer's and Carpenter's Tools, 3 Step-Ladders, Bamford's Chaff Cutter, Back-to-back Trap and Harness, Pony, Lawn Mower, Smith's Forge, Canoe, Boat, Donkey and Cart, Lawn Roller, Stone Roller, Garden Tools, Barrow, Dressing Machine, 2 Saddle Trees, quantity of Stable Requisites, Oat Bins, quantity of Timber and Wire Netting, 2 H.P. Petrol Engine, 4 Tons Potatoes, 10 Tons Mangolds, 28 Drills Turnips, 1 Two-year-old Heifer, 1 Two-year-old Bullock, 5 2-year. Bullocks and Heifers, 2 Springers, 1 Springer (calve December), 1 Stripper, and about 60 Cocks and Hens. Artificial Teeth, to commence at 10 o'clock.

SALE WILL COMMENCE WITH STOCK AND OUTSIDE EFFECTS.
Admission to Sale 1/-, which will be refunded to purchasers.

MICHAEL FITZSIMONS, AUCTIONEER, &c., NAAS.
N.B.—Osberstown is situated 1 mile from Sallins and 2 miles from Naas.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
MAGNIFICENT LICENSED PROPERTY,
42 LOWER CAMDEN STREET,
ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT LICENSED PREMISES IN THE CITY OF DUBLIN,
WITH ITS EXCELLENT TRADING FACILITIES, ARTISTIC EMBELLISHMENTS AND A MARVELLOUS BUSINESS RECORD EXTENDING OVER FORTY YEARS—THE PERIOD OF VENDOR'S OCCUPATION.
LEASE 500 YEARS. RENT £60 YEARLY.
THE ABOVE UNIQUE PROPERTY WILL BE OFFERED FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY,
ON FRIDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1922, AT ONE O'C.
(PER INSTRUCTIONS OF MR. JOSEPH DELAHUNT.)
Messrs. D. and T. FITZGERALD, Solicitors, 20 Saint Andrew Street, Dublin.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, AUCTIONEER,
10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

ON VIEW TO-DAY.
11 UPPER FITZWILLIAM STREET,
MESSRS. BENNETT and SON, LIMITED, are instructed to SELL BY AUCTION, on THE ABOVE PREMISES, ON TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), 9TH NOV., 1922, AT 12 O'C. NOON,
A LARGE RESIDUE OF VERY SUPERIOR MODERN FURNITURE.

Grand Pianoforte, by Collard and Collard, in perfect condition; a large Set of Mahogany Screw-Frame Dining Tables, 9 ds. Chairs, Dinner Wagon and Cabinet Sideboard, with mirror back; Tables, inlay Enclosed-and Open Bookcases, Pedestal Writing Table, Easy Chairs in Tapestry, fine Axminster Room and Stair Carpets, almost new; Gilt-framed Recess and Mantel Mirrors, Silk Tapestry Curtains, Walnut Card and Tea Tables, Bamboo Occasional Chairs, Easy and Occasional Chairs, Engravings and Drawings, costly Electric Light Fittings, 2 do. Brass Floor Lamps, Dresden China Ornaments, Bentwood Coat Stand, Mahogany Mirror-door Wardrobes, Duchess Pairs, Toilet Tables and Glasses, Cases of Drawers, Toilet Ware, Brass Bedsteads and Bedding, White Enamel Furniture, Brass Fire Sets, Painted Wardrobes and Presses, Mahogany Chairs, Table Appointments, Plated Ware, Safe, Linoleum; Kitchen Furniture, Culinary Utensils, Upright Mangle, &c.
ON VIEW TO-DAY.
Purchasers to pay Five per cent. Auction Fees.
ADMISSION TO VIEW AND SALE BY CARD ONLY. PRICE 1/- EACH.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY.

ATTRACTIVE FURNITURE AUCTION THIS DAY AT 46 YORK ROAD, RATHMINES.
TO-DAY WE WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON THE ABOVE PREMISES, THE ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,
Comprising: Magnificent Upright Grand Piano, by Seiler. Linguitz; Piano Seat; 4ft. 6in. Mahogany Ebonised Louis design China Cabinet; Three-fold Walnut-frame Draught Screen, with Needlework Panels; Walnut Sofa and Window Cushion; Occasional Tables, Inlaid Mahogany and French Gilt Occasional Chairs, Rocking Chair, Folding Chairs and Tables, Jardinieres and Plants; Mahogany and Oak Diningroom Furniture; Knee hole Pedestal Writing Table; usual Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding; Inlaid Rosewood and Gilt Mirrors; Carpets, Stair Carpeting, Linoleum; Hall Furniture; Kitchen Furniture and Effects; Singer Treadle Sewing Machine, Garden Tools, &c., &c. ON VIEW TO-DAY from 10 a.m. till hour of Sale. AUCTION TO-DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK SHARP. Terms—Cash and Five per cent. Fees. PHONE 2837.

McMULLAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 30 BACHELOR'S WALK.
FURNITURE AUCTIONS AT OUR ROOMS EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

ARTICLES CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2.
RAILWAY Lost Property—500 Umbrellas from 1/6, 50 Suit Cases from 5/6, Overcoats from 5/-, Attache Cases from 10/-, Wealth Illustrated, Overcoats, Rugs, Watches, Arcot, over Sackville Picture House; also 9a Grafton street. 5 T
STEEL Uniform Cases, 27 to 44 inches long.—2 Crampton quay (Metal Bridge), Dublin. 3 T
UNIVERSAL Coffee Pot, large size, 20/-; nine Electric Irons, 10/-; both new. Address "Z.1197, Articles," this office. 7 D
VACUUM Cleaner electrical), in excellent condition, for sale; suitable household, waircroom, or factory. tution.—C 1174, this office. 6 D

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.
ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones, and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, 26 Grafton House, Grafton street.
BOOKS, Magazines, all kinds Literature Bought; highest prices.—O 1102, this office. 7 O
DIAMONDS, Old Gold, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton street. T
FEATHER BEDS WANTED.
Highest Prices Given. Will send to examine in city.
IRISH FEATHER CO., Ltd., TARA ST., Dublin.
IRISH FIRM
HUT Wanted, 5 x 4; must be cheap.—O 1316, this office. 7 F
SAFE, National Cash Register, Mirrors, or grocer's Stock Wanted.—C 1292, this office. 6 E
SAFES, Cabinets, Roll Top, pieces suitable furnishing for city office, Wanted.—C 1299, this office. 6 E
WANTED, 3 feet Open or Closed Kitchen Range, secondhand. State price to O 991 O, this office. 3 O
WANTED, Secondhand Cossett Mortise Lock, for front to about 1½ inches thick at the end., the marble to have egghaque finish. Particulars to "Z 1186, Counter," this office.

MACHINERY.
MACHINERY FOR SALE.
3 H.P. MOTOR, 346 Volts, and Starting Switch £40
LATHE, 13in bed, on iron standards, self-contained motor etc., complete with countershaft and pulleys, 3in., 3-jaw chuck, etc. £55
LATHE, 9in. centre, 6ft. gap bed, screw cutting, fast head stock and pulleys £5
DRILLING MACHINE PILLAR, 3ft. spare, complete with chuck, drills to 2in. £22/10
EMERY GRINDER, complete, on iron stand, with 2 Emery Wheels, 8in. diam. £5
2 HARVEY FROST GARAGE JULOANIZERS, ring, and equipment complete £8
SMITH'S PORTABLE HEARTH, with Geared Fan Blower by Aldgate £15
2 PARALLEL VICES, 6in. jaws £4
1 LEG BENCH VICE, 5in. jaws £3

EAGER'S GARAGE,
SOUTH CIRCULAR ROAD. 2 D

COMBINED THRESHER and 5 hp. PETTER ENGINE. Suited for moderate sized farm. Special low price.
TURNIP LIFTERS for Topping and Tailing.

SELLAR SINGLE and DOUBLE FURROW PLOUGHS. Double Furrow Ploughs are the most economical of all.
DISC HARROWS. Indispensable for good tillage.
DISC CORN DRILLS.
PAUL & VINCENT, LTD., Blackhall Place, Dublin.

A. ROHER, for Repairs to Steam and Gas Engines, Petrol and Steam Motor Lorries, Portable and Traction Engines, Boilers and Machinery of every description; prompt attention; reasonable prices; estimates free. Sole Agent for Cochran Patent Boilers. City of Dublin Engineering Works and Saw Mills, New Wapping st., Dublin. 'Phone 1902. Telegrams, "Roher."
NEWTON'S Thanton Electric Motors and Dynamos obtainable from first class Electrical Contractors. Trade supplied by H. W. Perks, Fitzroy House, Temple lane, Dame street, Dublin. 4 O

MACHINERY CONTINUED.
OIL Engines, Grinding Mills, Root Grafters; Repairs to all classes Machinery.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21/22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 5 T
TITAN Tractor, 1918, perfect working order, complete with Bamone's Finishing Mill, practically new; driving belt and complete set wheel chocks; what offers? Apply, O 1131, this office. 4 X

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.
FISHING Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies, and Tackle, huge stock, selling less than cost prices. List free.—Keegan, Lane quay, Dublin. 10 4
FISHING—Salmon Rod, steel centre, by Hardy; Trout ditto, 2 joints, steel centre; reels to fit each rod.—C 1124, this office. 4 X

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.
ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should Sow Drummond's Vegetable and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes since 1900.—W. Drummond and Sons, 57 and 58 Dawson street. 5 E
A LARGE Assortment of Ornamental Bulb Bowls, in colours; also Material for Bulb Culture.—Drummond's, Dawson st. 5 E
ALSO Fruit Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Forest Trees, Rhubarb Plants, Seakale, etc.—Drummond's, Dawson street.
ALL Fruit Growers should Spray their Trees with Gaspeta's VI Fluid. Procurable from Drummond's, Dawson st.
APPLE Trees—Great Clearance Sale of 20,000 Apple Trees, in choice Irish Grown Brazsley, the most profitable of all apples, but I can stock also all other varieties to the dozen if required. All hardy, healthy trees. Write for price lists, with carriage paid terms. Nash, Athlone. 26 32
AUCTION, Fruit Trees, Roses, Flowering Shrubs, Thursday, 11 South King street, one o'clock. Arthur Jones. 7 2
ANEMONES—Double St. Brigid; the most beautiful of all early spring flowers; splendid mixed range of colours; I can guarantee my strain the finest procurable; 12 roots 1/6, 24 2/9, 50 5/6, 100 10/, post free.—Frank Jeeves, Streamstown, Wetmeath. 5 E
AUCTION of Flowering and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, next Friday.—Lawlor, Briscoe, Dawson quay.
A. Clontarf Castle Gardens, Sale of Plants; Wallflowers, Cowslips, Forget-me-not, 100; Wallflowers, strong, transplanted, named, also Antirrhinums Stocks, 4/- 100, 30/- 1,000; Violets, 2/6 a dozen; Snowdrops, in bud, 2/6 a dozen; Bunches Violets, 1/- a dozen; 100, Overstocks, Gooseberries, Loganberries, 3/- a dozen, Rambler, 3/- each, 5/- Talbot 3/- each, 5 varieties, 1/- a 100, 9/6 a 1,000; Cauliflowers, 2/- a 100. 5 D
AGRICULTURAL Field Drain Pipes for Sale at lowest prices, 3ins. to 9ins. diameter.—Thomas Archer, Builders' Provider, New Wapping st., Dublin. 5 E
BEAUTIFUL Flower Beds—Wallflower, 1/9, and Daffodil, 1/6, per 100, mixed with Antirrhinum, 4/- dozen; Crocus 3/6, 5/- 100; Forget-Me-Nots 2/- dozen; lists free.—McKenzie's, Gardener, Dublin. 16 23
CABBAGE Plants, Ellam's Early and Nonsuch, 1/- per 100; Cauliflowers, 2/- per 100, on premises, Glenageary, Dunsink Park. 2 D
CLEAN, your Fruit Trees with Cooper's Winter (VI) Fluid. Agents everywhere. X
CASH Prize offered Ladies for Cookery Recipes and Home Hints. See at once the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day; price two pence.
CASH Prize offered Ladies for Cookery Recipes and Home Hints. See at once the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day; price two pence.
EXTRA large Flowers, Double White Roman Narcissi Bulbs, 3/- per 100. Free.—Abenyell, Aghdoe, Lurgan. 3 O
FOR Beautiful Display next Spring plant the following: 100 5/6 Choice Single, 2/6, 3/6, 4/- 100 Wallflowers, mixed or separate colours, 2/- 3/- 50 3/6, 100 5/6; Cheiranthus Single, 2/6, 3/6, 4/- 100 Pansies, 2/- 3/6 50 4/- 100 7/-; Carnations, 1/6 2/6, 24 4/6, 50 8/6.—Byrne Williams, Fruit Beauty, also Pearled Onion, 1/- 2/6.—The above are the finest strains procurable.—Frank Jeeves, Streamstown, Wetmeath. 24 25
MUSHROOM Wheat and Oats Wanted at Sheils Bakery, Drogheda. 24 27

HOUSES AND LANDS.
DOCKRELL — LIMITED.
St. Catherine's Terrace, S.C.R.—ONE OF THESE POPULAR HOUSES. Price moderate. Immediate possession. 2 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, garden. Very well built.—Dockrell Limited, Agents.

Clonskeagh, free of rent for ever—FINE HOUSE, perfect order; electric light, large garden, motor house, 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, hot bath. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Brighton Road, Rathgar—A BARGAIN—A WELL-BUILT, COMMODIOUS NON-BASEMENT HOUSE FOR SALE, with possession; electric light, 2 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, 2 w.c.'s, pantries; nice garden, rear entrance. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Clyde Road (vicinity)—A REALLY CHARMING HOUSE FOR SALE, with possession; perfect order, fine garden, motor house, electric light, fine hall, 4 delightful reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, bathroom, etc. Reduced price. Apply Dockrell Limited.

College Green (best position)—THREE EXCELLENT OFFICES TO LET (en suite), fourth office if required; moderate rent. Suit stockbroker, wholesale agents, etc. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
House Agents,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

HOUSES AND LANDS, ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, AND WALES.
DAIRY AND GRAZING FARMS FOR SALE IN THE WEST OF ENGLAND.
Our Printed Register sent on receipt of stamped postal order. 4 D
Easy Terms of Purchase Arranged and Possession.
Also List of PRIVATE HOUSES AND BUSINESS PREMISES FOR SALE.
Send particulars of requirements to C. J. HOLE and SONS, Land Agents, Park street, Bristol.

TUITIONS CONTINUED.
A LADY wishes to recommend her Governess; refined, cultivated; fond of children. Address "Z 1199, Governess," this office. 7 D
CASH Prizes offered Ladies for Cookery Recipes and Home Hints. See at once the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day; price two pence.
ENGLISH Governess disengaged December; children from 4½. Address "Z 1196, Governess," this office. 4 D
GERMAN French, etc.; Translations made (privately). C 1053, this office. 4 D
HEALTH and Education—Ladies' College, Crostawaite Park, West, Kingstown; beautifully situated in bracing health resort; highly qualified teachers ensure fully prepare for examinations and tasks; system ensures progress; resident pupils receive individual care; preparatory department. Miss Mayfield, Author Tudor Period. Victorian Era, etc. 20 T
SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc.—Metropolitan College, Gillespie's, 100 Lower Mount st. 'Phone 3955. 7 D
SHORTHAND, Typing Taught half usual time; private tuition.—Murphy, 15 Appian Way. 12 26
SENIOR Grade Boy can be taken in Southern School of Commerce; very low terms; full particulars and free trial. C 1353, this office. 7 F
WANTED to rent, medium sized modern House. Full particulars to C 1354, this office. 5 O
WINTER Irish Classes at 16 Kildare street, commencing first week of October. Beginners a speciality. Moderate fees. First class tuition. Native teacher. Application to Secretary. 7 F
YOUNG Lady, B.C., wishes re-engagement as Nursery Governess or useful Sewing Maid; long experience; city. Address "Z 1177, Governess," this office. 7 D

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.
A GENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.
Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st., Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5858. T
YOUNG Lady (governess) and Boy required for three children; each first lessons; 10 miles out of Dublin. Reply, giving full particulars, age, references—salary required, to C 1201, this office. 4 D
JUNIOR Master (Resident) required at once. Apply to Headmaster, Bishop For School, Waterford. 7 F
REQUIRED, competent Protestant Lady Governess, girl 12½; music, painting; drawing most essential. Apply Mrs. Sheridan, Ballymount, Clondalkin. 7 F
WANTED immediately, J. A. M.; salary £110.—B. S. N. School, Cullen, Drogheda. 4 D
WANTED, Genuine Governess; charge 4 quiet girls, 7 to 13 years. Apply Mrs. de Courcy-Wheeler, Robertstown, Co. Kildare. 7 F
WANTED, Lady Teacher, French, by native; terms, hour. C 1334, this office. 7 F
WANTED, Native Speaker; to give Conversational German, to class of six; state terms.—C 1224, this office. 7 F

PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.
ANT Business, Profession, Living Room(s), Classes, etc.; best position in Dublin.—Call Dawson street. 7 F
DEMESNE, Co. Kildare, well stocked with Rabbits, to Let. Address "Z 1122, Demesne," this office. 3 O
FRONT Offices to Let, first floor; electric light; partly furnished.—30 Mary street. 7 F
KILDARE street—Two Rooms, top floor, suitable for office or showroom.—C 1267, this office. 5 D
NICE Garage to let, off Usher's quay.—O 1179, this office. 6 E
PREMISES to Let, suitable Stabling, Garage, Building, stores; centre.—C 1030, this office. 7 D
TO Let, near Co. North-East Free State Border, a large Farm, together with about 1,000 acres of rough grazing and mountain grazing. There are beautiful pleasure grounds, also plenty of fruit and vegetables. The cottages, very good Dwellinghouse, with outoffices, including coach house, stables, byre for cattle, barns, piggeries, etc., and the whole estate is surrounded by a wall and form a compact desirable holding for an enterprising man. The Farm is also suitable for a Stock Farm, and eminently suitable for grazing sheep, cattle, horses, etc. For further particulars apply to E. J. Rothwell, Auctioneer, Dundalk.
WANTED, good Spacious Stores, with Office if possible; must be central; reliable tenant.—C 1203, this office. 6 E

STABLING AND GRAZING.
GREYSTONES—Stabling, Coachhouse, Enclosed Yard to Let. Address "Z 1194, Stable," this office. 7 F
STABLING to Let, near 43 Lower Leeson street, suit Cabs for Garage. 6 E
STABLES to Let, near 43 Lower Leeson street, suit Cabs for Garage. 6 E

BUSINESS SALE AND WANTED.
FOR Sale, as a Going Concern, an up to date Ironmonger's Business, with Yard, Shop, Dwellinghouse, South suburbs; excellent suburban and country connection; household premises; principals only.—O 577, this office. 3 O
FOR Sale, in Belfast, Dairy Business, net profit £353 yearly; good horse, cart, cans and harness, price £400. Also good grocery and Dairy Business, net over £100 stock; good living accommodation. Protestant district, rent 42/- weekly. Telephone attached. Possession and stock, £200; owner retiring.—Box No. 94, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 7 F
WHOLESALE and Retail Grocery Business in Dublin with nice connection for Sale as Going Concern. For particulars apply to John Brown, 23 Exchequer street, Dublin. 7 D
WANTED, Small Business; Tobacconist, Grocery, or Dairy would suit.—O 1186, this office. 6 O
WANTED to Rent or Purchase, Butchering Business, or Premises suitable for same; city, suburbs; state full particulars.—C 1358, this office. 7 F
WANTED, to Purchase Stock, Goodwill, etc., of small Tobacconists, Newsagency, Sweets, etc., as Going Concern.—O 1319, this office. 6 O

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.
A SMALL, modern House for Sale, Rathgar; possession; £850.—E., 103 Lower Baggot street, after 6.30. 3 O
A Blackrock—semi-Detached, red brick Villa for Sale, possession in a couple of months; price only £1,100; copper cylinder, gas, good garden, three attics, Sandymount tram, 10 minutes. Apply 4 O, Agents, Dublin. 7 F
AT Kildare st.—Fine House for Sale, with ground floor suitable for business premises; rent very moderate; lease for ever. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street. 5 D
BELFAST—Several Houses for Sale and Furnished Houses to Let. Enquiries invited.—W. and E. Garrett, 6 Bedford street, Belfast. 7 E
BLACKROCK—Glenart Lodge, Glenart avenue, possession, detached, non-basement; eight good rooms and kitchen, bath, gas, Vartry; excellent garden, key, Scully, St. Theodore's, Green road, Blackrock. 3 O
CHAPELIZOD—Two desirable Houses, with possession, for Sale; convenient neighbourhood; moderate terms; prompt Sale.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Westmoreland st. 14 T
COBY, little Residence, 6 rooms; near sea; £400.—O'Neill, Melbourne Lodge, Colemore road, Dalkey. 7 D
CABRA district—6 roomed House, bay window, nice garden, back entrance; sell for £800, with possession immediately after Christmas; rent only £5 6/-; lease 250 years. Apply Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street. 7 F
EXCEPTIONALLY Rich Farm Land for Sale at Davenport, Florida; perfect irrigation, ideal climate, living cheap, taxes low; sportsmen's paradise; references; write for booklet. Apply Opra Limited, 131 Wool Exchange, Coleman st., London. X
FOR Sale, House, Marguerite road, Blessington, containing 3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, kitchen, garden front and rear, fruit trees, etc., in excellent condition; rent £30 per annum; or would exchange for £5 Shares and Furniture £1,200, or nearest offer; immediate possession. Particulars from James Pagan, Solicitor, 59 Eustace street, Dublin. 7 D
FOR Sale, with possession, two Houses, Tritonville road; no investment; six apartments.—C 1335, this office. 7 F
ISLE of Man free Rates and Income Tax, no Probate Duty.—Bargains to close estate. Port St. Mary—Capital 12 roomed House, on margin of lovely bay, £650; modern Bungalowhouse, centre Prom., 20 rooms, hall, rm., w.c., h.f., etc., £850; both good hold; vacant possession; stamp reply.—Scora, 7 Hilary Park, Douglas, I.O.M. 6 O
NORTH Circular road, Park Gate—Very attractive modern Residence, first class order; possession; moderate terms; prompt Sale.—Battersby, Westmoreland street. 14 T
SALE, possession, 37 Oakfield Park, Ballsbridge; two sitting, four bedrooms, bath, electric light, garden. Seen after 5, or appointment. 7 D
I TOLKA Villas, Richmond road, Fairview—Wall built, 3 reception, 3 bedrooms, large garden; possession. Particulars, 33 Longwood avenue, South Circular road. 6 O
I TOLKA Villas, Drumcondra, double fronted, convenient Residence; built for ever; low rent; vacant possession.—Battersby and Co., 39 Westmoreland street. 6 D
£67 cold—Well secured Profit Rent arising out of substantial Premises, Upper Baggot st.; will accept £2500 in close bargain. Apply Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton st. 7 F

HOUSES TO LET.
DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.
AT Dundrum—Pretty, semi-detached Villa, with large garden, to be Let, Furnished; subjects lovely views; only £10 monthly. Apply Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 7 D
AT Northumberland road (country side)—Exceptionally comfortable Residence, with Garage and Stable, to Let, any period.—Barton, 37 Grafton street. 7 D
AT Botanic Gardens—No. 2 Addison terrace to Let; convenient; suit gentleman; bath, gas, etc.; garden (front, rear); rent £75; low rent for own repairs, decoration; vacant end November. Apply Connolly, 10 Clarecastle road, Drumcondra. 4 O
COMPACT House, furnished; seven apartments, bath, gas, etc.; convenient; private; moderate.—C 1337, this office. 7 D
COMPACT House, furnished; seven apartments, bath, gas, etc.; convenient; private; moderate.—C 1337, this office. 7 D

HOUSES AND LANDS.
JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

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JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

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Messrs. A. and L. GOODBODY, Solicitors,
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HOUSES TO LET CONTINUED.
FURNISHED Town Flat, self containing, to Let for 6 month or longer; suit high class gentleman's family; every convenience; standing on 11 acres; best part Rathgar; £18 monthly. Apply R. O. 16, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 5 D
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RATHMINES—Neat compact Furnished House to Let, at £10 per month. Apply Battersby and Co., 39 Westmoreland street. 7 E

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BONUS Offered—Wanted to Rent, small House or Cottage.—C 1118, this office. 4 D
HOUSE Wanted, small, Unfurnished, between Dublin, Bray, near tram or train; state particulars.—C 1034, this office. 3 O
HOUSE Wanted and all or part Furniture, including Piano.—C 1298, this office. 6 F
REQUIRED Immediately, Furnished or Unfurnished House to rent, South side.—O 1245, this office. 6 C
WANTED, nice; situated House, cash £450; possession.—O 1095, this office. 7 F
WANTED, to Rent small House, with 2 to 4 acres, near city.—685, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh. 7 F
WANTED Unfurnished House in city, 8 or 9 apartments.—C 1140, this office. 4 D
WANTED, House, furnished or part furnished, South side; 6 rooms.—O 1120, this office. 7 D
WANTED, Purchase House, Co. Dublin; state lowest price.—O 1051, this office. 5 D
WANTED, to Rent, small Modern Unfurnished House, Dublin or suburbs, or as far as Kingstown; semi-detached preferred; careful tenant.—O 1167, this office. 6 O
WANTED immediately, Furnished House, central or South side.—C 1125, Irish Times Branch Office. 5 D
WANTED to Rent House, £80-£100; full particulars.—O 1269, this office. 5 D
WANTED, Small Unfurnished House, eight rooms; North side preferred.—C 1362, this office. 7 F
WANTED to Purchase, between Dublin and Bray, House, with land; state full particulars and lowest price.—C 1353, this office. 7 F
WANTED to rent, medium sized modern House. Full particulars to C 1354, this office. 5 O
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APARTMENTS TO LET.
DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.
AT 17 Northumberland road—Rooms, with or without Board; visitors or permanent. T
APARTMENTS—Lists from Central Bureau Agency, 116 Nassau street. Endless vacancies. T
A UBURN House and Residence—Comfortable home; moderate.—11 Rathmines road. T
APARTMENTS Agency, 45 Henry st.—Good Vacancies for Visitors and Permanent. T
AT 1 Castlewood avenue Bedroom and Sittingroom Furnished; no attendance. T
AT 124, Pembroke, Sittingroom and Bedroom, in quiet, select, well kept, Protestant house, Adelaide road. Tenants; Lady or Gentleman dining out; £1 weekly.—O 1151, this office. 7 F
AT 2 St. Alphonsus road, Drumcondra—Rooms; board optional; visitors of permanent. T
AT 25 Upper Fitzwilliam street—Select Apartments, fire, light, attendance; board optional. 6 E
A WELL Furnished Flat to Let, Ballsbridge; three rooms, bath; Particulars from Miss Wilson, 25 Nassau street. 6 O
APARTMENTS—Double Bedded Rooms, partial Board and Attendance; Protestant house. T
A PARTLY Furnished Flat; electric, telephone, two large rooms, etc.; Furnished Bedroom—25 Adelaide road. T
APARTMENTS, comfortable, homely, board, bath, offered business Gentleman; moderate.—127 Upper Rathmines. 7 F
AT 6 St. Mary's road, Ballsbridge—Small Unfurnished Hall Flat; also well Furnished Flat; moderate. T
AT 3 Belgrave Square, Monkstown—Board and optional; visitors or permanent. 7 F
AT 52 Merrion square—Superior Board Residence; terms day, week. 'Phone 1660. T
DARTRY—Superior, quiet, comfortable, bed.—11 Northumberland road. 5 D
BEDROOM, use sittingroom, hot bath, electric light; terms moderate; Mariborough Hotel, Mountpleasant road. 7 D
COMFORTABLY Furnished Flat, bedroom, sitting, kitchenette, bath, cooker.—55 Pembroke road. 3 O
COMFORTABLE Combined Room, select house; basement, bath, electric light; Board if required.—O 990, this office. 3 O
COMFORTABLE Bedroom and Sittingroom (two beds), use of bath, h. and c.—36 Fitzwilliam square. 7 D
COMFORTABLE Furnished Rooms, suit married couple; attendance, select locality, Terminus.—C 992, this office. 3 O
COMFORTABLE Combined Room or Bedroom and Sittingroom (separate); partial board optional; Rathmines district.—O 1216, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 6 E
COMPACT Flats—Rathmines, 3 rooms